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Price reduced to Rs. 207 nett
WELLINGTON CYCLE
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The Bombay Chronicle

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Popular Gents Roadster cycle complete.
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VOL. XII NO. 152 BOMBAY SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1924. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of Passports.

Date.	Steamer.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
28th June	DELTA ..	MOLDAVIA x	16,277
5th July	MACEDONIA		11,089
12th ,,	CHINA ..	MOREA*	10,911
19th ,,	DELTA ..		8,097
26th ,,	CALEDONIA	MOOLTANx	20,700
2nd Aug.	CHINA ..		7,952
9th ,,	NARKUNDA..	MALWA*	10,941
16th ,,	CALEDONIA		7,622
23rd ,,	NALDERA ..	MALOJA x	20,837
30th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
6th Sept.	MACEDONIA	MANTUA *	10,902
13th ,,	NALDERA ..		15,993
20th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MONGOLIAx	16,385
27th ,,	MACEDONIA		11,089
4th Oct.	DELTA ..	KAISAR-I HIND *	11,430
11th ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
18th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MOLDAVIAx	16,277
25th ,,	CALEDONIA		7,622
1st Nov.	DELTA ..	MOREA* ..	10,911
8th ,,	NARKUNDA..		16,227
15th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
22nd ,,	NALDERA ..		15,993
29th ,,	DELTA ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
6th Dec.	KAISAR-I- .. HIND		11,430
13th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MALOJA x..	20,837
20th ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
27th ,,	DELTA ..	MANTUA*..	10,902
1925			
3rd Jan.	CALEDONIA...		7,622
10th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MONGOLIAx	16,385
17th ,,	NARKUNDA..		16,227
24th ,,	DELTA.. ..	MACEDONIA	11,089
31st ,,	NALDERA ..		15,993
7th Feb.	DONGOLA ..	MOLDAVIAx	16,277
14th ,,	KAISAR-I- HIND..		11,430
21st ,,	DELTA... ..	MOREA * ..	10,911
28th ,,	CHINA.. ..		7,952
7th March	DONGOLA ..	MOOLTANx	20,847
14th ,,	CALEDONIA...		7,622
21st ,,	DELTA ..	MALWA *	10,941
25th ,,	DEVANHA*	ExtraSteamer	8,092
28th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
4th April	DONGOLA ..	MALOJA x..	20,837
11th ,,	NALDERA ..		15,993
18th ,,	DELTA.. ..	MANTUA*..	10,902
25th ,,	KAISAR-I- HIND..		11,430

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
@ Special reduced fares

	London.	Marseilles
First Saloon	£ 66 & £ 62	£ 60 & £ 56
Second ,,	,, 52	,, 48

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamer.	Tons.
6th July	MERKARA† ..	8,285
28th ,,	MODASA ..	8,986
8th Aug.	DUMANA ..	8,427
22nd ,,	MARGHA ..	8,258
5th Sept.	MALDA ..	8,965
26th ,,	MULBERA ..	9,100
17th Oct.	DURENDA *	7,241
31st ,,	MORVADA ..	8,193
14th Nov.	MERKARA ..	8,285
28th ,,	MANELA ..	8,303
12th Dec.	MARGHA	8,258
26th ,,	MATIANA	8,985

* Cargo vessel only, will not convey passengers, †Proceeds from Karachi.

P. and O. SAILINGS BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

8th July	SICILIA		6,813
22nd ,,	SAR-DINIA	Connects at Colombo with MONGOLIA	6,684
19th Aug.	SOUDAN	Connects at Colombo with MOLDAVIA	6,696
26th Sept.	SICILIA	Connects at Colombo with MOOLTAN	6,813
14th Oct.	SAR-DINIA	Connects at Colombo with MALOJA	6,813
11th Nov.	SOUDAN	Connects at Colombo with MONGOLIA	6,696
9th Dec.	SICILIA	Connects at Colombo with MOLDAVIA	6,813

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about.	Steamer.	Destination.
2nd July ..	BANKURA ..	Buscreh via K'ch & P. Gulf Ports.
4th July ..	VITA ..	Buscreh via K'chi 4.45 p.m.
9th ,, ..	KARAPARA..	East & S. Africa.

B. I. sailings to Karachi via Kathiawar Ports on Monday and Saturday have now been suspended and will not be resumed until September. There will be direct sailings every WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay,
P. O. Box. 122.

SHIPPING.

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Berths are allotted strictly in order of priority, and early registration, which is entirely non-committal, will ensure good accommodation being secured.
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2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via coast ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta according to demand.

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Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

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AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
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Terms, Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
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18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. P. O. Box 182.
Telephone No. 1120.

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ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital called up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Meerut
Allahabad City	Gorakhpur	Moradabad
Amritsar	Hapur	Mussoorie
Bareilly	Hathras	Muttra
Benares	Jhansi	Nagpur
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Naini Tal
Cawnpore	Lahore	Patna
Cawnpore City	Lucknow	Rae Bareli
Chandausi	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Dehra Dun	Lucknow	Rangoon
Delhi	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Etawah	Lyallpur	Sitapur

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In all the principal towns throughout India.
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The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
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Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.
Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.
Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.
Banking business of every description transacted.
Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O. British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent, Bombay Branch.
Allahabad Bank Building,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

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Branches:—Girgaum and Poona City.
Assets exceed Rs 40,00,000/-
SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.
INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.
DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director

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(Incorporated in England.)
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BRANCHES:

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£ 300,000
Reserve liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Lech-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
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Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital ... Rs. 1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital ... Rs. 59,85 000
(30-9-23.)
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—
Interest allowed at
3 per cent. per annum from January to June.
2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking Business Transacted.
Managing Agents:—
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ... Rs. 74,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1895.

Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid up to 31/12/23	27,40,535
Reserve Fund	21,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hafizabad	Multan City
Amballa City	Hoshiarpur	Montgomery
Amballa Cant.	Hyderabad (Sind)	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Gojra	Ludhiana	
Hapur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paidup Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 74,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Seattle
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Soumatang
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Canton	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Nagasaki	Shimonosaki
Darien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Fengtien	New York	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Peking	Tsinan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
H. YAMAZAKI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	$50,000,000
ISSUED AND FULLY PAID-UP	$20,000,000
RESERVE FUND STERLING	£ 4,500,000
SILVER	$25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE / HONGKONG
LONDON OFFICE:
9, Gracechurch Street, E.C.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
40, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Hongkong	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Johore	San Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton	KualaLumpur	Singapore
Chefoo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Darien	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Haiphong	New York	Vladivostock
Hamburg	Peking	Yiotlo
Harbin	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED and BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the world.
GENERAL BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
R. R. HIND.
Agent.

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LET THE
GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.
relieve you of financial obligations of an insurable nature.
FUNDS EXCEED Rs. 12,00,000...
LIBERAL BONUS DECLARED.
WANTED AGENTS:—On liberal Commissions and conditional salaries.
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LOCATED IN OUR OFFICE,
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THE MOST GENEROUS TERMS.
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FREE SERVICE COUPON BOOKS WITH EACH PURCHASE.
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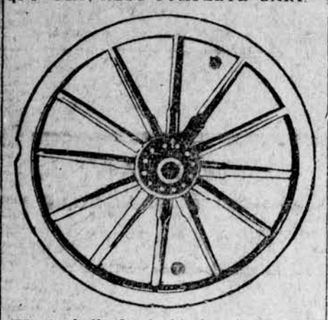

Wheels 4ft dia. fitted with iron tyre, cast iron hub, wooden spokes Rs. 50. per pair with axle F. O. R. BOMBAY.
Also Army Transport Carts, wooden body, 6ft. x 3ft. removable sides with yoke, pole complete Rs. 100. each F. O. R. Bombay.
Steel body carts out of stock.
TERMS 25% with order, balance by V.P.P. or through Bank.

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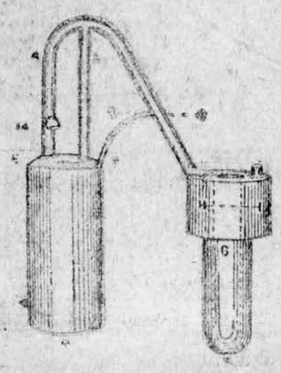
Pure Ice without Ether or Ammonia, made at home simply with Fire.



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PETROL AND KEROSINE STOVES. OBTAINED THE GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1923

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This marvellous **Elixir with Gold** and other highly valuable and efficacious drugs acts as the best **blood purifier** and tonic for rundown nerves, **sexual or nervous debility**, seminal weakness and **prostration** arising out of youthful abuses or excesses, indicated in total or partial **impotency**; Liver and Kidney troubles; *Female weakness* and troubles; Anaemia and loss of weight; Convalescence; Constipation and Dyspepsia, Brain-fag of students, lawyers, **sportsmen and brain workers**. Used in conjunction with *Musk Liniment* for **local weakness** it produces most desirable and permanent effect. It removes promptly **heat lassitude** in the summer of the Tropics.
Nervinus (with gold) for a month's use **Rs. 5 per bottle.**
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Behar Chemical Works, Bhagalpur. *Branch*—**Mihijam** or obtain direct from Agents **THOMSON & TAYLOR Ltd.**, Bombay and Poona; and **TREACHER & Co.**, Bombay and Mahableshwar; and *Chemists and Druggists Everywhere.*
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MALE, FEMALE, BOYS AND GIRLS CAN EARN.
WHY NOT YOU?

You can earn at least Rs. 90 per month on a Hand Machine for Socks, Stockings and Mufflers, worth Rs. 325. Cash with order.

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Price: Rs. 2,600 and Rs. 4,700 respectively. Cash.

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Industry alone builds up a prosperous Nation, so industry is the surest way to put an individual or family on a safe and sound financial basis, no matter who they are, man or woman, maid or matron, or the wife of a prosperous business man. You should read our prospectus carefully from cover to cover. It offers you money.

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Full training given Free.
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BOW-BAZAR, CALCUTTA,
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Baller Winder for Balling Sewing Thread.. Rs. 250/cost.

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We also deal in Chittagong and other foreign canes with roots. Opportunity for Polo and Stick Manufacturers.

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Pt, CHAUDHURI Secretary, Head Office CALCUTTA.

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ESUFALLY BUILDING,
Parsi Bazar Street,
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CHIEF AGENTS.

FIRE

DHURANDHAR BROS.
AGENTS,
A. P. VICUMSEY & Co.,
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AGENTS.

I Wear the *best* eyewear.
Do you? :: :: If not
Consult
LAWRENCE & MAYO LTD.
(Incorporated in England,)
PREMIER OPTICIANS IN THE EAST.
Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Karachi, Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon and Simla.

SENTA Combined Standard & Portable Typewriter. **VISIBLE**

The only Portable in the market which works like a Big machine without getting worse for the wear.
Non-Folding] Price Rs. 180/- net [Non-collapsible.
Sole Agents: **S. NAVALKAR & SONS,** Bombay 2; & Poona.

Wonderful German Discovery Dii-Quinine

Tasteless Quinine. It can be used before or during Fever and is free from any bad or after effects, easily remits and stops all acute and chronic Fever.
Price 1 oz. phial Rs 2-12; V. P. extra.

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A perfect Tonic and Food for infants and invalids to infuse vigour into the body to enrich blood, to vitalise a dying patient. It is recommended by all eminent physicians.
Price per phial Rs. 4-8; V. P. extra.

Aro Varson

A wonderful injection for SYPHILIS and Malaria. Only three injections required for sure cure of SYPHILIS and all kinds of Malaria. Readymade solution in ampoule.
Rs. 2-8 per Box in 3 ampoulas, V. P. extra.

Essence of Bedana

Valuable in cases of exhaustion, depression and weak digestion due to Influenza, Malaria or any other case being easily assimilated by the weakest stomach imparting at once fresh life and vigour to the whole system. It is a very sweet and palatable Tonic food for infants and invalids.
Price Rs. 2 per phial, Rs. 23 per dozen, V. P. extra.
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—

Messrs. M. Friends & Co.
HATKHOLA CALCUTTA.
SELLING AGENTS:— LONDON MEDICAL STORE, 197, BOWBAZAR, CALCUTTA.
Messrs. B. K. PAUL & Co. Messrs. M. BHATTACHARYA & Co.
BONFIELDS LANE, CALCUTTA.
Messrs. SREEKRISHNA BROTHERS, MADRAS.
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DON'T BE PUZZLED.
INSIST ON HAVING ONLY.
S. C. SEAL'S
INK TABLETS
which are brilliant and non-corrosive, cheap and best. Free samples to school-masters and merchants. Blue, Black, Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross. Red Rs. 1-6 per gross.
AGENTS WANTED.
SARAT CHANDRA SEAL.
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Re INCOME-TAX AND SUPER-TAX
Please Consult
Sharangdhar & Co.
whose accounting experience extends over 25 years at
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"LATEST INVENTION"
ELECTRIC HEATERS AND CIGAR LIGHTERS
Have a Cup of Tea in 2 Minutes.
Light your Cigarette in a Second.
SAFE, RELIABLE AND NO TROUBLE.
America-India Export & Import Co.,
Lohar Chawl, BOMBAY.

A QUICK RETURN TO LOST POWER.
ANANGA PROBHA YAKUTI
ensures by restoring and retaining the vital fluid lost due to old age and excesses of youth. This Shastric preparation of musk, gold and makardwajaras, infuses vigour and virility into the most incapable and impotent making them active and strong in a very short time Price a phial of 30 pills at Rs. 10.
Descriptive pamphlet sent free.
Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshabji.
393, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove Prices have been reduced and Selling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 9 only. Postage extra
D. R. WAGLE, STOVE SPECIALIST
Tram Terminus, Girgaum.

HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.
ELECTRIC
FANS
FIXTURES
ACCESSORIES
KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.
THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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Every additional word—ONE ANNA.

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Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An experienced DOCTOR M.B.B.S. preferred as a Medical Officer for a Private Hospital outside Bombay. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 335, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10673

WANTED—LADY SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON. Apply to CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Rajkot State, Kathiawar.
A 19824

WANTED—Experienced men in Cement Business, who can introduce it in local market and on other building and construction works. Good salary and Commission allowed. Apply to Box No. 328, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10652

WANTED by a Barrister for his Chambers Room in a Solicitor's Office. Apply Box No.344, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10701

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY GRADUATE as Educational Inspectress in a first class Native State. Apply in own writing stating age, nationality and salary expected, enclosing latest photo and certificates, if any, to Box No. 342, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R10696

WANTED in every Province and Commercial centres Managers on Rs. 75, 100, 125, 175; Clerks, Steno-typists and Cashiers. Apply at once with 3 annas stamps, stating salary, to Box No. 345, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10707

WANTED—TRAVELLING AGENTS and CANVASSERS on Commission for our most saleable Nutcrackers and other beautiful metalwares. Terms and illustrated booklet from MANAGER, Chhatbar Coy., Jamnagar (Kathiawar.)
A R10529

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY (Hindoo) GRADUATE, accomplished in music, needle-work and cooking, to educate a Princess in first class Native State. Apply in own writing, stating age, and salary expected, enclosing latest photo and certificates, if any, to Box No. 341, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10695

WANTED—A CLERK to work in the office of the Dean, Grant Medical College on a salary of Rs. 60 p.m. with future prospects. Candidates must have passed the School Final Examination and have good knowledge of typing. Applications should be addressed to the DEAN, GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE, Bombay, together with copies of testimonials. The age of the applicants should be below 25.
A R20002

SALARY Rs. 100—200 PER MONTH IN 30 DAYS.—We can help you to these salaries. We have done this for others. Learn an absolutely NEW SHORTHAND in 30 days by POST. Easiest, simplest and highest speed system in the world. Only 9 characters and 3 Rules. 2 days FREE trial. NO MONEY unless you are fully satisfied. Enclose 3 annas stamp. HAWAID COLLEGE, S 2, RAWALPINDI.
(A) (S.)

WANTED—From 16th August, 1924, for the post of SUPERINTENDENT, The David Sassoon Reformatory, Matunga, a well-educated, middle-aged or young man of good physique, who has tact, patience and firmness, colloquial knowledge of Hindustani essential. One with the additional knowledge of Gujarati or Marathi will receive preference. Apply before the 7th July, 1924, with testimonials and mentioning the salary required to the SECRETARY TO THE MANAGING COMMITTEE of the Institution. Further particulars, if required, will be supplied by the SECRETARY.
A19950

SITUATIONS WANTED.

PERSIAN HONOURS GRADUATE Coaches High School and Previous students. Apply "SUCCESS" c/o "Bombay Chronicle."
B R10679

EXPERIENCED GRADUATE TEACHER willing to serve in any High School in Bombay or undertake private tuitions. Apply stating terms, Box No. 346, Advt. Dept., 'Bombay Chronicle."
B R10708

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

FLATS—Suitable for European and Anglo-Indians with all facility near Police Hospital, New Nagapada. Apply Telephone No. 21697 and 22472.
C R10688

TO LET—Large SHOPS on Palton Road, behind Crawford Market, near Hajee Musafarkhana. Write or see CURRIMJEE JEEWANJEE, Khand Bazar, Mandvi.
C R10670

TO LET—SHOPS, GODOWNS, ROOMS for Office and Residence. "Abba Building," Carnac Road. Apply HAJEE MAHD. ABBA, 173, Jackeria Musjid, Bombay.
C R10669

TO LET SPACIOUS GODOWNS and up-to-date airy BLOCKS in Ebrahim Mansion, at 104, Sandhurst Road. Apply Karmali Ebrahim, Khoja Mohalla, Bombay.
C R10677

TO LET—Fort, Apollo Street, British Hotel Lane, near Duke and Sons in Lakhani Mansions Godowns, premises for Printing Presses, also rooms suitable for offices and residences. All modern conveniences. Rent Rs. 30 to 75.
C R10674

DEVLALI FURNISHED BUNGALOWS and ROOMS TO LET at Nasik Road. Apply MATHURADAS DOONGARSEY, Mulji Jetha Market, Gordhan Lane, Bombay
C R10692

TO LET Fort, corner of Cawasji Street, in Lakhani Building and also in Lakhani Terrace, near Hongkong Bank, ROOMS, suitable for offices and residences. Rent Rs. 25 to 70.
C R10675

TO LET—at 426, Girgaum Road, near Thakordwar, MOTOR GARAGES, GODOWNS, WORKSHOP and SPACE suitable for small Printing Press, etc. Apply—DEVKARAN NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle.
C R10706

TO LET—Locked MOTOR GARAGES, Rs. 25 per month; also GODOWNS and SHEDS, very useful for storage or WORKSHOPS. Also a part of SHOW-ROOM. THE INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD., Lamington Road, off Jacob Circle, Bombay.
C19843

BUNGALOW and ROOMS in Dwarkadas Mansion on Sandhurst Road, suitable for boarding lodging and other purposes. Apply to Mr. DWARKADAS JEKISONDAS, Oriental Building, Hornby Road. Phone 22162, Office 41530 Residence.
C R10594

TO LET— A BUNGALOW Near Railway Station at Kurla on the Hill. Free Ventilated, containing 2 Bedrooms and one Dining with garden. Apply DHALA JAIRAJ AND CO., Chackla Street, Bombay No. 3.
C R10682

TO LET—Large and small BUNGALOWS on Malabar Hill with out houses and garages complete with electric installation up to date sanitary fittings, free westerly breeze and commanding sea-view. Apply DWARKADAS JAIKISONDAS & CO., Oriental Building, Hornby Road.
C R10593

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in the "Sunday Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Sunday Chronicle,"
Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

ONE 6-ton "Sentinel" STEAM WAGON with one 4-ton Sentinel Steam Wagon trailer in perfect running condition. Quite new. Recently imported. Price Rs. 16,000, or nearest offer. Apply to Box No. 326, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA 19940

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898.—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects: Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes and all other commercial subjects. Special arrangement for Ladies. Managing Proprietor: GOPALDAS LALLAS, Princess Street, corner Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

RAO'S COLLEGE OF TAILORING of Bombay, has REOPENED at Delhi, after a lapse of two years owing to the illness of the proprietor. Fees reduced by 28 p. c. up to 15th July, 73S, Nicholson Road, (Kashmir Gate), Delhi.
M R10710

THE INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF MEDICINE.—Unique of its kinds. Special arrangement of registered diplomas for the practitioners outside. Apply for the rules with six annas postage stamps to the office of the Dean:—N. K. CHATTERJEE, M.D., B.Sc., 112, Baranashi Ghose Street, CALCUTTA.
M 19578

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE —Enrolments for the Govt. Diploma in Accountancy (G.D.A.) Specialized Banking, (Diploma "C.A.I.B.") General Commerce and B. Com. (London-Colombo Centre) Examinations are proceeding. Apply GREAT WESTERN BLDG., Apollo Street, Fort.
M R10661

EXPERT TUITION in SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING (3 months' Course Rapid Easy system with speed) ACCOUNTANCY, BANKING, SECRETARIAL Practice, Correspondence, Law, French, Commercial Arithmetic etc. SERVICE GUARANTEED. Preparation for L.C.C., N.U.T., I.B., A.R.T., C.A.A., F.C.R.A. and other commercial examinations. SHORTHAND SPEED DICTATION CLASSES, daily. New term commences from 1st July, 1924. Charges very Moderate. Apply, The PRINCIPAL, LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 283, Hornby Road.
M R10690

VISVA-BHARATI.

PRESIDENT: RABINDRANATH TAGORE.
Educational Institutions at Santiniketan, situated in a dry healthy locality within easy reach of Calcutta. Extensive play grounds; open air life; attention to physical well-being Electric light. Hostel and kitchen arrangements under direct supervision of teaching staff. Qualified medical officer in residence.

Patha-bhavan, (Santiniketan School). Special features: Manual Training, Scouting, Nature Study, Drawing and Music. English taught by Oxford and London trained teachers; Urdu and Persian by a Mahomedan scholar. Rector: Pramadaranjan Ghosh, M.A., B.T.

Siksha-bhavan (Santiniketan College). Regular courses in Arts subjects: English, Sanskrit and other Indian languages, Persian, French, German, Mathematics, History, Logic and Philosophy. Principal: Nepalchandra Ray B.A.

Separate residential arrangements for girl students in charge of Miss Hembala Sen, B.A. Training in domestic science, needle-work, sick-nursing.

Kala-bhavan (School of Art and Music). Regular classes in drawing, painting, vocal and instrumental music. Director: Manda Lal Bose.

Vidya-bhavan (Research Department). Limited number of advanced students admitted for research in Indology and linguistics. Vidhusekhar Sastri in charge. Prof. Dr. Sten Konow of Christiania University, Norway coming as Visiting Professor autumn 1924.

Combined staff of 34 teachers in residence. Next session begins 17th June. Prospectus on application to ASRAM SECRETARY, P. O. Santiniketan.
M R10586

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS,

FOR SALE—Best English Standard ROSE PLANTS in different varieties at reasonable price. Apply sharp to, P. V. BHILADWALLA and Son, Nurserymen, Station Pardi, (B.B. & C.I. Ry.)
F R10659

ROSE, Chrysanthemum, Papaya Cultivation free with Dijon's "Gardner's Everything" (illustrated, indispensable). High-class Seeds, Fruit Grafts, Bulbs, Garden Implements, etc., DIJON & SON, Ghatsila, B.N.R.
F R10709

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Valuable PLOT OF LAND with buildings thereon at Ghorupdeo Road. Apply D. E. MISTRY, Architect, Kothari Mansion, opposite G. P. O., Fort.
G R10630

PROFESSION.

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

10,000 PACKETS FREE.

I have arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of my cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V.P.P. for annas 6 to meet the cost of its transmission.

LEPROSY AND ITS TREATMENT.

A close study of this treatise will enable even a lay reader to treat cases of leprosy and all forms of skin disease with success without the assistance of a medical man.

Price Rs. 2. V.P. Charges As. 5.
Correspondence in Hindi, Urdu, Bengali or English.

PANDIT KRIPARAM.
Nandibagan Lane, Salkia, CALCUTTA.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

RARE ERROR—INDIA K. GEO. 3 PIES ordy., "3 Rs." instead of "3 Ps" in value tablet. Limited number only. Pair with normal mint. Rs. 2-8.—B. S. NAHAR, 5, Indian Mirror Street, Calcutta.
N R10631

INDO-CEYLON. INTERNATIONAL AGENCY.—Importers, Manufacturers' Representatives and General Agents, 74, Cheker Street, Colombo.
T R10635

"TURKISH BATH," Massages Under Qualified Masseuse, Insurance Policy of the Health and Beauty, Violet Ray Treatment:—306, Hornby Road, 2nd floor.
R10697

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

BETTER CLASS ADVERTISING CALENDARS FOR 1925

(British Manufacture)

A SELECT VARIETY FOR DESK AND WALL

For Inspection of Samples Apply:—"CALENDAR", c/o Post Box 857, Bombay.

DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT.

IF you want BEST CEMENT, buy always the above. Superior to all other Indian Brands and Imported Cement. Government Tests show marvellous superiority of this Cement. Present this advertisement at our Office for a current year's calendar. Apply for further particulars and booklet to THE DWARKA CEMENT CO., LTD., 2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

NEW ARRIVALS.

HAND MADE CRYSTAL CLASS TABLEWARE BEAUTIFULLY CUT COMPLETE SETS OF 90 PIECES FROM RS. 500.

JEWELLERS, LTD.
Treasury House.
Churchgate Street, BOMBAY.

ARE YOU DOWN WITH Malarial Fever

EVERY NOW AND AGAIN?

There is a mighty good way open RIGHT NOW to be rid of the demon.

"Neocuro"

is the reliable GERMAN REMEDY for you.
BURNHAM MACKAY & CO.,
119, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
AGENTS FOR BOMBAY.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—

	Rs.
Corona Folding, New Improved Model, ...	207
Corona Folding No. 3, Rs. 110, 120, 130, 140,	175
Remington 7, Rs. 75, 2 Cols, 85, 8, 2 Cols,	75
Oliver 3, Rs. 75, 90, 9, 175, 10, Brief ...	200
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, Rs. 190, No. 9	225
Multiplex Hammond, 150, Yost 20, New Types	155
Empire 1, Rs. 90, Mercedes, German Make,	190
L. C. Smith 2, Rs. 110, 5, 125, 8, 150, ...	200
Remington 10, 150, 225, Brief, 150, 225, ...	250
Remington 11, 175, 225, Underwood 5, 150,	175
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new, ...	270
Mahrati Remington 9, 125, Monarch Visible,	200
Gujerati Remington 9, 100, Monarch Visible	200
Brand New Yost 20, Latest, any size, ...	250

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 21223. 6

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITERS BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Corona Folding New Improved, Latest	207
Remington Visible	148
Underwood 3, Rs. 150, Oliver 3	75
Empire No. 1 Rs. 90, No. 2 latest	140
Royal No. 10 latest like New	165
Rex Visible latest 110, L. C. Smith	140
Hammond Multiplex Portable like New	185

Ribbons, Carbon Papers. Repairs to All makes.

GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WHY buy Secondhand Typewriters? We offer you like new Factory Rebuilt Remington Visible Nos. 10 & 11, any size, and Rebuilt Oliver No. 9 at Secondhand prices. Do investigate. Also secondhand English, Gujarati, Marathi, and Urdu Typewriters from Rs. 70 and upwards. Guaranteed repairs to all makes, spare parts, Ribbons, Carbons etc., etc. STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 259-261, Hornby Road, Opp. Messrs. Cox & Co., Fort, Bombay.
T 8.

WANTED—Weak-minded persons to try our Medicated Hair Oil and Keshbahar. Price annas four each. RAJA BROTHERS, Sandagran Street, Bareilly.
T R10711

PUBLIC NOTICES.

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OFFERS INVITED.

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL pieces of VALUABLE LANDS situate at Virar, admeasuring about 18 acres and at KALYAN, admeasuring about 2½ acres near the Railway Stations. Also complete machinery of a well known Tanning Factory "Imperial Chrome Tannery," which machinery is open for inspection at Dharavi. The said lands and the machinery belong to Mr. Allaudin Cassum but have been mortgaged to Mr. Shaikh Meharbakhsh Haji Kaderbakhsh and with the consent of Allaudin Cassum the same are being sold by the mortgagee. For further particulars apply to the said Mr. SHAIKH MEHARBAKHSH HAJI KADERBAKHSH, 81, Cadell Road, Mahim, or to his Attorneys Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan 13-19, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
C19991

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE TOOLSIDAS TEJPAL MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The following are the distinctive numbers of the share certificates of those shares which have been forfeited by the Board of Directors of this Company.

No. of Shares	Distinctive Numbers.		No. of Shares.	Distinctive Numbers
50	2039	2063	20	12282 12301
	16308	16332		
100	2991	3090	20	12507 12526
20	6141	6120	100	12547 12646
	6681	6690	100	12647 12746
1000	12797	13796	75	14227 14301
20	22252	22271	50	14387 14436
25	27032	27056	25	14647 14671
5	28493	28497	500	14672 15171
5	28498	28562	100	19223 19322
5	15843	15847	15	19809 19883
50	1443	1492	100	24717 24816
5	1762	1766	30	26877 26906
2	1982	1983	75	26907 26981
100	2211	2310	50	26982 27031
100	4576	4675	2	29493 29494
10	5476	5485	3	29816 29818
10	5486	5495	5	32150 32154
10	6071	6080	100	28178 28277
5	6101	6105	2	1700 1701
1000	6741	7740	10	1772 1781
10	6671	6680	2	1907 1908
200	8691	8890	13	1956 1968
100	9897	9996	20	27405 27424
10	11572	11581	10	28468 28477
300	11982	12281	200	30775 30974
10	2981	2990	100	4876 4975
3	28562	28564	50	9460 9509
20	2311	2330	50	19574 19623
2	..	27389	200	27067 27266
		27392		
1	..	27391	1	.. 28588
100	5521	5620	1	.. 29822
100	11297	11396	10	33006 33015
10	20220	20229	10	33036 33045
10	22522	22531	5	1136 1140
25	27352	27376	100	4676 4775
50	28395	28444	5	28403 28467
2	28581	28582	200	5076 5275
1	..	28611	25	14147 14171
10	29438	29447	50	14302 14351
3	29478	29480	10	28021 28030
10	32096	33005	30	14172 14201
10	33056	33065	2	29474 29475
100	24176	24275	100	19123 19222
5	2174	2178	10	29884 29893
2000	22562	24561	10	28053 28062
1	..	27390	100	8241 8340
2	1306	1307	50	9545 9559
				27435 27458
10	1543	1552	25	9560 9584
40	1722	1761	51	15197 15247
105	1126	1130	15	22532 22546
	1782	1881		
			50	24662 24711
50	1989	2038	25	28692 28716
25	2841	2865	2	28874 28875
100	4201	4300	1	.. 32875
100	32870	32975	50	14537 14586
10	33066	33075	25	13498 13522
300	2531	2830	200	16723 16922
50	12302	12351	2000	16923 18922
100	16823	16722	100	13823 10422
100	5621	5720	25	20019 20073
25	9510	9534	50	27966 28015
10	20200	20209	10	28023 28032
50	26827	26876	5	28048 28052
5	27317	27321	50	30100 30449
100	28288	28387	5	28513 28517
1000	30975	31974	50	14097 14146
200	2331	2530	50	30475 30524
15	2831	2840	50	1882 1906
	8911	8915		1926 1950
25	4551	4575	3	1984 1986
100	4776	4875	100	2084 2113
200	5276	5475		2114 2163
500	6121	6620	4	9191 9194
50	6621	6670	100	9245 9344
500	7741	8240	25	16053 16077
50	8591	8640	4	20104 20107
50	9847	9896	10	27395 27404
200	11652	11851	10	28478 28487
10	12497	12506	5	28518 28522
100	13997	14096	50	28881 28930
10	14352	14361	25	29448 29472
25	14362	14386	2	29488 29489
50	14487	14536	1	.. 29493
2	29497	29498	50	1246 1295
5	39226	39230	200	3951 4150
50	12372	12421	100	5971 6070
50	14587	14636	200	9647 9846
100	16523	16622	50	12747 12796
250	4301	4550	5	15823 15827
100	4976	5075	50	16338 16387
100	15248	15347	1	.. 28590
100	15348	15447	10	32986 33085
50	15448	15497	100	11582 11681
25	15878	15902	20	20009 20028
25	16083	16107	10	1296 1305
200	18923	19122	50	1493 1542
25	20123	20147	5	1767 1771
2	22250	22251	10	1914 1923
100	24562	24661	10	1969 1978
10	27425	27434	100	3651 3750
10	28278	28287	100	3751 3850
15	28503	28507	100	3851 3950
	28601	28610	50	6691 6740
25	28662	28686	50	9141 9190
5	28876	28880	5	15848 15852
500	28938	29437	25	15853 15877
2	29186	29187	10	22230 22239
25	14202	14226	250	22272 22521
50	14437	14486	10	27057 27066
20	19724	19743	5	28523 28527
10	20029	20038	25	28612 28636
5	28043	28047	2	29500 29501
500	29895	30394	10	1333 1342
250	30525	30774	50	11497 11546
10	32046	32055	2	1924 1925
5	1131	1135	5	2169 2173
50	8641	8690	12	9585 9596
10	1343	1352	100	19423 19522
80	1363	1442	50	19744 19793
20	1702	1721	25	20074 20098
200	8341	8540	25	20173 20197
10	8891	8900	5	28488 28492
25	12472	12496	3	28579 28580
100	13797	13896		.. 29894
10	24817	24826	25	28637 28661
50	12432	12471	25	29652 29676
25	1568	1592	100	32755 32854
5	1593	1597	500	32155 32654
2	1698	1699	3	32855 32857
100	3091	3190	5	29481 29485
50	5921	5970	100	3201 3300
100	9360	9459	3	1979 1981
2	20198	20199	2	29713 29714
5	28574	28578	5	1563 1567
2	28931	28932	2	1987 1988
100	32655	32754	10	15833 15842
5	20118	20122	2	28583 28584
25	15172	15196	10	28591 28600
10	28039	28048	3	29702 29704
5	28016	28020	100	32025 32124
1	..	29473	1	32858 ..
5	6096	6100	10	29874 29883
100	9195	9244	5	30395 30399
	29824	29873	10	32976 32985
100	29716	29815	10	33016 33025
5	1553	1557	10	33026 33035
5	1558	1562	100	34076 34175
100	3351	3450	50	8541 8590
25	5496	5520	100	11197 11296
25	15903	15927		

PUBLIC NOTICES.

No. of Shares	Distinctive Numbers		No. of Shares	Distinctive Numbers	
100	28073	28172	200	3451	3650
1	..	28587	5	20099	20103
1	..	28886	15	12527	12541
1	..	28589	25	30450	30474
1	..	28873	10	28526	28535
150	29502	29651	25	29677	29701
50	31975	32024	25	1308	1332
10	6081	6090	5	1909	1913
5	8906	8910	50	3301	3350
25	19884	19908	50	4151	4200
25	9116	9140	25	19844	19868
5	15828	15832	5	20108	20112
50	19794	19843	10	27379	27388
3	28569	28571	500	27460	27959
5	29708	29712	200	8916	9115

By Order of the Board
For the Toolsidas Tejpal Mills Ltd,
CHHOTALAL JAGJIVAN & Co.,
AGENTS.

Allahabad Bank Bldg.
Apollo Street, Fort,
Bombay 10th June, 1924

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PARTNERSHIP hitherto subsisting between the undersigned WALJI GOVINDJI, GOKULDAS DAMODAR and VALLABHDAS LAKHMIDAS, carrying on business as Cloth Merchants in Mulji Jaitha Cloth Market in the name and firm of "Morarji Callianji and Co." has been DISSOLVED by mutual consent as and from Magsar Sud Punem of Samvat 1980 corresponding with the English date the 23rd of December, 1923, and the said Vallabhdas Lakhmidas has retired from the said business and the said Walji Govindji and Gokuldas Damodar will carry on the same business at the same place and in the same name of "Morarji Callianji and Co." from and after the said 23rd day of December 1923.

The said Walji Govindji and Gokuldas Damodar will be responsible for all the debts and liabilities of the said dissolved firm of Morarji Callianji and Co. and all Stock-in-trade and all contracts already entered into for the purchase and sale of goods of the said firm shall belong to the said two partners Walji Govindji and Gokuldas Damodar.

Dated this nineteenth day of June, 1924.

(Sd.) In Gujrati,
i.e. VALLABHDAS LAKHMIDAS.
(Sd.) In Gujrati,
i.e. WALJI GOVINDJI.
(Sd.) In Gujrati,
i.e. GOKULDAS DAMODAR.
C19975

TELEPHONES-SECONDHAND.

A large number of second-hand Ericsson magneto telephones for disposal, tested and equal to new. Rs. 40 each.
Apply:
BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY LTD.
Telephone Buildings, BOMBAY.
C12798.

THE SHOLAPOOR SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sindama House," 31, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 4th July, 1924, at 2-0 p.m. (Standard Time), for the transaction of the following business:—

1st. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Account for the year ended 31st March 1924.
2nd. To declare a Dividend.
3rd. To confirm donations of Rs. 1,342-5-0 to the Kanara Flood Relief Fund; Rs. 500 to the Bengal Flood Relief Fund; Rs. 573-5-9 to the Behar Flood Relief Fund and Rs. 456 to the Seva Sadan, Sholapur.
4th. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
5th. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 2nd July, 1924 to SATURDAY, the 12th July, 1924 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDAS & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 13th June, 1924.
C26060

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

VACANT PLOT OF LAND BETWEEN CHIMNA BUTCHER STREET AND KHOJA STREET TO BE LEASED.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER is prepared to consider offers for a temporary lease say up to the 31st March, 1925, of the piece of Municipal vacant land, situate between Chimna Butcher Street and Khoja Street admeasuring about 477 square yards.

The intending lessees are therefore requested to send in their offers stating the monthly rent they are prepared to pay and the purpose for which the land will be utilised in sealed envelopes superscribed "Offers for the lease of Municipal land between Chimna Butcher Street and Khoja Street" and addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant of this Municipality on the 30th July 1924 before 1 p.m. (Bombay Time).

The conditions of the lease and other particulars can be obtained on application at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
N. MAUGHAN, M. Inst. C.E.,
Ag. Executive Engineer,
Bombay Municipality.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 25th June, 1924. C20068

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and subsequent insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil, advertisers are requested to sent remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. TATA SONS, LIMITED, will REMOVE their offices from 30th June, 1924, to the following address:—

BOMBAY HOUSE, 24, BRUCE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

C19994

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TRANSFER OF DIVISIONAL TRAFFIC MANAGER'S OFFICE SHOLAPUR TO POONA.

WITH effect from 1st July, 1924 the Head Quarters of the Divisional Traffic Manager and the Divisional Traffic Manager's office, G. I. P. Railway, Sholapur, will be transferred to Poona.

2. All stations on the Sholapur Division, i.e. from Karjat inclusive to Raichur inclusive, Pimpri to Ankai inclusive, the Dhond-Baramati and the Karjat-Khopoli sections will come under the control of the Divisional Traffic Manager, Poona, whose office will be located at Poona.

3. Correspondence on commercial matters relating to the above sections should be addressed to the Divisional Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway No. 6, Todiwalla Road, Poona.

A. E. TYLDEN-PATTENSON,
Ag. Chief Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 26th June, 1924.

C20001

THE TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.

REGISTERED OFFICE: "BOMBAY HOUSE", 24, BRUCE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following ad-interim Dividends on the Company's shares in respect of the half-year ended 31st December, 1923, will be paid at the Company's Registered Office on and after TUESDAY, the 8th day of July, 1924, between 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. (S. T.) on ordinary business days and between 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. (S. T.) on Saturdays to the Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Share Register on the 30th day of June, 1924:—

(a) Dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum on "Preference" shares after deducting Income Tax.
(b) Dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on the "Ordinary" shares free of Income Tax.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain closed from 1st July to 7th July, 1924, both days inclusive.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1924.

By Order,
TATA SONS, LIMITED, Agents,
By Their Constituted Attorney,
J. H. BHABHA.

C20006

TENDERS.

GONDAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores from 1st October, 1924, to 31st December, 1925, will be received by the Storekeeper, Gondal, up to 3 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 2nd August, 1924.

2. Forms of Tender and Schedule can be had on application to the undersigned on payment of Rupees Two and annas eight per copy.

3. Earnest money of Rs. 250 should accompany each tender which should be superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores." No tender will be considered unless earnest money is received.

4. The Storekeeper reserves to himself the right to accept any tender in whole or in part and does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) T. P. SAMPAT,
Storekeeper,
Gondal Railway.

Gondal,
Dated 20th June 1924.

C19988

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the notice dated 13th June, 1924, published in the issue of the "Jam-e-Jamshed" of the 14th idem, over the signature of Mr. Dhirajlal Motilal Vakil, High Court Pleader, Bombay, on behalf of his client Bai AWABAI EDULJI KANGA, the undersigned is instructed by his client MR. BURJORJEE CURSETJEE PAVRI of Santa Cruz, to say that it is not true that the said Awabai Edulji Kanga has any right to claim more than or outside the fenced plot containing the "Phiroze Cottage," situate on the New Road, Santa Cruz, in the Town Planning Scheme No. 1. Only that plot belongs to her, by virtue of the Award made in the month of June, 1912, by the sole Arbitrator, Mr. Hirajee Kavasjee Kola, to whom the disputes between the said Awabai and her father the said Burjorjee had been referred for decision. All lands except the fenced plot of the "Phiroze Cottage" are the absolute property of the said Burjorjee Cursetjee Pavri whether comprised in Survey No. 51, Pot No. 1 and Falni Nos. 2 and 3, Survey No. 310 and Survey No. 53, Pot No. 1, or otherwise and the said Awabai has no right whatever to these lands. The present notice of the said Awabai is simply mischievous and there is no foundation of truth in it. Persons dealing with the said Burjorjee Cursetjee Pavri will be satisfied by documents and otherwise as regards his absolute authority and full legal right to the lands or properties mentioned above.

PANDURANG V. PATIL.
Pleader.

Santa Cruz,
Dated, 27th June 1924.

C 10700

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BAPALAL MAGANLAL JADIA, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Diamond Setter ..... Deceased.

Bai PARSON, widow of the above-named deceased, Bapalal Maganlal Jadia, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, without any occupation, residing at Fofalwady, opposite Bhuleshwar Market, without the Fort ... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Eighteenth day of June in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-four and in the Fifteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

R. B. PATEL.

The 18th day of June, 1924.
Messrs. DUBASH & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C20007

AUCTION SALES.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
123 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20321.

Furniture Sale at Rose Cottage, Pali Road, Bandra, of the late Mr. E. McLaughlin of Excise Department.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 29th June, 1924, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at Rose Cottage, Pali Road, Bandra, very valuable and handsome made-to-order household season-wood and old blackwood carved furniture by Messrs. Roberts, Dooji Kanji and other well-known makers, rich crockery and glassware, best platedware, Indian silverware, rich carpets, ice box, sweet-toned Rose's sympathetic square piano one Briscoe motor car 5 seater in good working order, etc., etc.

Furniture is on view.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th June, 1924.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents
No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24927.

NOTICE.

Auction Sale of an immoveable property, situate at Arthur Road, Tardeo, without the Fort, advertised for sale under instructions from Messrs. Malvi Mody Ranchhoddas and Co., This Day, Saturday, the 28th June, 1924, is POSTPONED until further notice.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th June, 1924.

AMUSEMENTS.

The South Indian Dramatic Society

Boys Under 16 Years

WILL ENACT

PATHUKA PATTABHISHEKAM

IN TAMIL

at

Baliwalla Grand Theatre

On Sunday, 29th June 1924 at 9-30 p. m. (S.T.)

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 6-30 and 10 p. m.
"BONNIE PRINCE CHARLIE"
Featuring GLADYS COOPER.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
" PAID IN FULL"
Featuring PAULINE FREDERICK.

EMPRESS THEATRE.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 3,4-30,6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
'A WOMAN OF PARIS"
Featuring EDNA PURVIANCE.

Yashvanth Sangit Mandali

at the public request
WILL STAGE
"MANAPAMAN"
TO-NIGHT at 8-30 P. M.
and
TO-MORROW at 3-30 P. M.
Bombay Theatre, Grant Road.

New Play! New Play!! New Play!!!
"PATT-VARDHAN"
will be staged very shortly.

Entitled to Public Admiration for 29 years

Natyakalapravartak Sangit Mandali

Grant Road, Elphinstone Theatre
To-Night at 9 and To-Morrow at 3-30 P.M.
New Novel Exciting Social Play!
(In Hindi Language)

Ekahi Paisa

(By the author of Punjab Mail)

Plan open at the Theatre.

Proprietor: G. B. BHATE

GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road.
TO-NIGHT

RUTH ROLAND IN 'HAUNTED VALLEY'

Pathe's Latest and Best Serial.

PATHE GAZETTE — Latest News.

SNUB POLLARD. — in a Two-Reel Comedy.

Time:—5, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. Daily Matinee Saturday and Sunday 3-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

Starting Right To-Day! | History Makes Men Wise!

Come Early!

Remember I'ts "MAHARASHTRA" Film

YOU CAN'T MISS TO SEE THIS PICTURE!

Come Early to Avoid Disappointment!

Maharashtra Film Co's. New Historical Jewel Production.

SATI PADMINEE

ALIAS THE

Beauty of Rajastan or The Siege of Chitor

Featuring Miss Nalinee and Sardar Balasaheb Yadav of 'Tanaji' Fame.

In Six Reels of Enchantment and Excellence!

See PADMINE in the Temple! in the Mirror! and her Vision! and her Sacrifice! as a Statesman! as a Heroine!

Realistic Scenes! Excellent Settings! Admirable Acting!

Bombay's Premier, Palatial and Popular

NOVELTY CINEMA

Junction of Grant and Lamington Roads.
Telephone No. 44106.

A Thing of Beauty is a joy forever

To-Night and To-morrow 5 Shows at 3-45, 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.

WEST-END CINEMA

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
The Sensation of the Day in Motion Picture World!
A Magnificent Paramount Picture of unparalleled Splendour and Pathos,

"THE GREAT MOMENT"

Starring the incomparable, vivacious Beauty-Queen

GLORIA SWANSON

IN HER FIRST PARAMOUNT STAR PICTURE

THE GREAT MOMENT
by ELINOR GLYN

The most talked of the 'PARAMOUNT' Pictures, in which GLORIOUS GLORIA, long a popular star in the eyes of the Public, makes her first "Starring Appearance" and creates World-Wide Sensation—

One of the Great Moments of your Life-time, to See and Enjoy a Paramount Picture!—The De-Luxe-Sensation of the Year!

THE TREMENDOUS Story of a GIRL whose Gypsy heart led her away from Society's conventions into Strange and Surprising Adventures!

A most powerful, gripping, human-picture, lavishly produced!—7 Reels of a Delightful Picture.

Glittering GLORIA'S first Big Starring Picture, blazing with romance and luxury. Behind the-scenes, life in the Official Washington! Barbaric revels in Russia! Sosial intrigues in England! Tingling escapades in the mountains of the West! All bound together with a golden thread of gypsy love.

THE GREAT MOMENT

A tingling story of Gypsy blood, that would not mix with blue. For the Girl wanted life, not titled ease. And out in the mountains of the west, when a mighty Love came crashing into her heart,—!

COME! SEE A ROMANCE OF EVERYTHING THAT COUNTS!

THE GREAT MOMENT

The cast includes the handsome and popular idol of the screen

MILTON SILLS

A Universal Comedy and the International News in the Programme.
To-Night: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S.T.)

West-End Cinema

NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

PATHE

CINEMA

R. O. H.

A NAME TO CONJURE WITH

IMPERIAL

TO-NIGHT
Presents
Kohinoor Super Production
VISMI-SADI
or
TWENTY-CENTURY
in 9 Reels.
Daily:—5, 7, 9, and 11 p. m.
Saturday, and Sunday, Extra Show at 3 p. m.
Price as usual.
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

CINEMA MAJESTIC

Presents

MADAN Theatres, Ltd's

GREATEST SPECTACLE

VISHNU AVATAR

A Picture that is Unique.—

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
123, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 2736.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT THE JUNCTION OF GRANT ROAD & LAMINGTON ROAD.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Jamsetjee Rustomjee & Devidas, Attorneys for Mr. Lakhmidas Chunda Ramjee the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Samsoodin Mahomedalli Bandookvala an Insolvent & with the consent of the Official Assignee & Assignee of the estate and effects of the said Samsoodin Mahomedalli Bandookvala, sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 28th June, 1924 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Land or ground (redeemed & converted into freehold) with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the North side of the Grant Road in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 142 square yards be the same more or less which said house was formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under E. Ward No. 2335, Street No. 315,317,1 and 5 and is now assessed under D. Ward No. 3992 and Street Nos. 313,315,317,1 and 5 and which said land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 399 and Collector's New Nos. B/13901 and 13903, Old Survey No. C/171 and New Survey No. 3/6994, and is bounded on or towards the East by the portion of the property hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the West by the Gilder Street, (new Lamington Road), on or towards the North by the property of Parvatibai, widow of Harivallabhdas Balgowandas and on or towards the South by the Grant Road aforesaid and which is now in the possession of the Official Assignee and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Shamsoodin Mahomedalli Bandookvala an Insolvent.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground (redeemed and converted into freehold) with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the North side of the Grant Road, in the Island of Bombay, in the Sub-district of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 253 square yards or thereabouts, which said premises are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 399, 399 and 399, New Nos. A/13901 and 13903, Old Survey No. C/171 and New Survey No. 2/6994 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes formerly under E Ward No. 2333 (1) and now under D Ward No. 3989. and Street Nos. 303-305-311, and are bounded as follows, on or towards the East by the portion of the property hereinafter thirdly described, on or towards the West by the portion of the property hereinabove firstly described, on or towards the North by the property of Parvatibai, widow of Harivallabhdas Balgowandas, and on or towards the South by the said Grant Road.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground situate at Grant Road, within the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 144 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 399 and 399, Collector's New Nos. 13901 and 13903, Old Survey No. C/171 and New Survey No. 1/6994 with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, which is assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes and was formerly under E Ward No. 2332 and now under D Ward No. 3988, Street No. 301, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Harf Tukaram, on or towards the South by the said Grant Road, on or towards the North by the property of Bai Manchabai, widow of Hargowan Balgowan and on the West by the portion of the property hereinabove secondly described.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Jamsetjee Rustomjee and Devidas, Attorneys for the Mortgagee, at their Office, 5 Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th June, 1924.

MISTRY & CO.

Auctioneers & Commission Agents.
Telephone No. 25152.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE MADE-TO-ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GRAMOPHONE, CASHMERE CARVED DOOR CURTAINS, WIMBRIDGE, DRAWING ROOM CABINET TAPESTRY LINED CHESTERFIELD AND DRAWING ROOM SUITES PICTURES BRASS ORNAMENTS CUTLERY CASES GLASS CROCKERY PLATEDWARE, ETC.

Under instruction from Evans O. Jones, Esq., and others Messrs. MISTRY AND CO., will sell TO-MORROW, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.) at Pratt Building next to Messrs. A. Hyland Ltd., Hughes Road, very solid made-to-order furniture such as oval sliding dining table, chairs, full sized mirror back sideboard, dinner waggon, tapestry lined Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, Wimbridge drawing room mirror back cabinet show cases office and roll top writing tables book cases Cashmir carved door screens, silk tapestry lined drawing room suites electric table fan and lamps single iron bed, mirror and panel door almyrahs, clothe and gown press, lady's chival dressing tables and chest of drawers, hatstand marble top washing tables meatsafe glass crockery, cutlery platedware, etc.

Catalogues are published and property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE TEAK AND BLACKWOOD OPEN CARVED AND PLAIN ARTISTIC DESIGNED JACOBIAN PATTERNED HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BY ROBERT BENJAMIN AND OTHER, SWEET-TONED COTTAGE PIANO BY WINKELLMANS, PIANOLA WITH ROLLER, GRAMOPHONE, CARPETS, OLD BLACKWOOD CARVED FURNITURE, FULL SIZE ENGLISH SAFE AND ICE BOX, SILVERWARE, GLASS CRICKERY, PLATEDWARE, ETC.

Messrs. MISTRY and CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) in Government Bungalow, No. 8 Queen's Road, opp. Church Gate Station, specially made-to-order household and office furniture of various designs as also of choice Jacobian patterned consisting of Jocobian sliding dining table, chairs, sideboard to match, dinner wagon, dumbwaiter, English ice box, rich carpets, Queen Anne patterned drawing room cabinet, tapestry lined Chesterfield suites, piano, pianola with rollers, American Roll top office tables, Electric A.C. and D. C. table fans, hall lamps, old blackwood open carved cupboards, English safe, mirror-back hatstands, writing table and chairs, lady's chival dressing table and almyrahs to match, marble top tables, music teapoys, clock vases, ornaments, glass, crockery, platedware, etc.

Property of Major Walter F. Bird, I.A.S.C.

Catalogues are ready and property on view.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th June, 1924.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

FURNITURE SALE AT ALTAMONT ROAD.

Under instructions from G. L. Walker, Esqr., Solicitor, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will on SUNDAY, the 29th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Altamont Lodge, Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, very valuable and handsome made-to-order household furniture, rich glass, crockery and plated ware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side boards and dumb waiters rich carpets, table ornaments, fancy vases, drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, corner cabinets, teapoys, E. table fans, E. ceiling fans and lamps, roll top writing table, glass door silver cabinets, glass door book cases, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, one sweet toned cottage piano, phonograph, ice box, perambulator, meat safes, aluminium utensils, garden roller, lawn mower, jests fan, iron stove, wall clock, hat stands, easy chairs, cane furniture, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of valuable large pearl, gold watches small loose pearls diamond clasp, silver bar weighing scales, etc., belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Bapooji Sorabji Patel.

Under instructions from Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Co., Receivers in re. Framjee Sons and Co., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

1 large pearl, 2 gold watches, 1 gold pencil 24 loose pearls, 2 small rubies, 1 diamond and diamond clasp, 1 loose pearl drilled, 1 silver bar, 199½ tolas 2 German trays, 2 small scales, 3 large scale for weighing diamonds and pearls.

The above will be on view from Friday morning.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY, the 28th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 secondhand rubber tyred victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred English brougham.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred landaulette.
1 pair Kathiawady horses quiet in harness.
1 Arab horse in harness.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred Brougham English.
1 Arab horse in harness.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esqr., Receiver in Suit No. 3958 of 1922 (Rehman v/s. Jenabai).

3 Bullock carts, 4 bullocks, 2 Horses.

Suit No. 5058 of 1923.

One 6 Cylinder 5 seater Nash Motor Car.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT SOPARI BAUG, PAREL.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ardesir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors for the owner Mr. Khimji Asur Virji, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 11th day of July next at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of Improvement Trust leasehold land containing an area of 578 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 47 of the soparibaug Estate of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bounded on the East by Plot No. 48 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Nathubhai Vithaldas Jnaveri, on the South by Plot No. 62 of the said Estate leased to Nowroji Sorabji Bunshah and Kaikhushru Nowroji Katrak, on the West by Plot No. 46 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Dewji Tokersey and on the North by a road 26 feet in width which piece of land forms portion of lands bearing New Survey No. 2588 and Cadastral Survey No. 74 Parel Siwri Division together with the building standing thereon consisting of a ground floor and three upper floors assessed by the Municipality under F Ward Nos. 576 (1A) Street No. 5AA. The said property is held by the Vendor under a Lease from the City Improvement Trust for a term of 999 years from the 19th day of August, 1920, at an annual rent of Rs. 392.

For further particulars and conditions of sale intending purchasers may apply to Messrs. Ardesir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned at Apollo Street.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT PIECE OF LAND ON THE SEA-SHORE AT DANDA (BANDRA.)

Under instructions from Mr. Gulam Hoosein Ahmedally the Receiver of the Estate of the late Mr. Hussonally Abdulally appointed in Suit No. 1348 of 1921 (Amtuog Zarabai vs. Bai Sherifaboo widow and others) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 12th July next at 4-20 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following property.

All that piece or parcel of vacant Government land, admeasuring 3081 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay Suburban District under Survey No. 270, Pot No. 2 and Non-Agricultural Survey No. 321 (Hissa) and situate at "Rogan" Danda in the Taluka Bandra bounded on or towards the North by Walla, on or towards the South by Survey No. 270, Pot No. 1, on or towards the East by Goathan Shirnli and on towards the West by Sea-face road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Merwanjee Kola and Co., Solicitors to the Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 27th June, 1924.

AMRUTANJAN

Is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact.

AMRUTANJAN

Is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pain, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.

Sold Everywhere.

It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAIN.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 27.

Monsoon has been generally weak but pressure conditions are gradually becoming more favourable for considerable extension of rainfall.

Feeble Western disturbance is affecting the extreme north.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, North Bengal, East Gujarat and Malabar and local in Burma, Orissa and North Madras Coast.

A few falls have occurred in Chota Nagpur, Bihar, South Rajputana, East Central Province, Konkan and South Hyderabad.

Principal amounts are:—Port Blair two inches; Kakypyu and Akyab one; Lashio three-quarters; Dibrugarh one and a half; Dhubri seven; Shillong two; Cherrapunji eight; Darjeeling one; Mymensingh and Jalpaiguri one and a half; Angul, Chaibass, Cdaipur and Mount Abu one; Surat one and a half; Jagdalpur and Bombay three-quarters and Calcut one.

Forecast:—Extension in Bihar and East Central Provinces.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 26.

United Provinces, 23rd June 1924:—Prospects of sugarcane are normal. General conditions are normal.

Western circle, 24th June. Prospects of sugarcane are fair and those of cotton good. Hot dry winds are doing damage to cotton and sugarcane. Sugarcane has suffered considerably through shortage of water in canals

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hrs. to 8 a.m. of 27th June 1924.	Total since 1st June 1924.	June 1st to 27th 1922	June 1st to 27th 1923
Colaba (Observatory) ..	In Ct 0 81	In Ct 7 17	In. Ct. 26 22	In Ct 5 82
Fort (St. George's Hospital) ..	1 00	9 81	20 25	5 74
Esplanade (Gok, Tej. Hospital) ..	0 96	8 18	22 39	6 22
Byculla (J. J. Hospital ..	1 12	9 75	24 06	5 03

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, June 26, 10 a.m.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg.	Fahr	29.712 in.
Temperature of Air		82.7 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer ..		78.2 ,,
Dew Point		76.2 ,,
Relative humidity of Air ..		81% ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) ..		8.0 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air		87.6 ,,
Minimum ,,		79.3 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		WSW, SW,
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight		218 miles.
Fall of Rain		0.84 inches.
Total fall during month ..		7.17 ,,
Do. do. year ..		7.17 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 27th		0.00

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h m.	Depth on Still. ft in.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time. h m.	Depth on Still. ft in.
	June			June		
F.	27	8 32	25 3	27	1 53	18 2
		19 56	25 0		14 15	21 0
Sat.	28	23 43	25 0	28	18 07	19 1
		12 37	27 11		5 52	16 2
Sun.	29	10 1	26 7	29	3 11	17 4
		24 28	20 4		15 52	20 6
M	30	10 38	27 2	30	3 47	16 11
		22 8	25 7		16 35	20 1
Tu.	July 1	11 13	27 8	July 1	4 24	16 6
		22 49	24 10		17 15	19 8
W.	2	11 46	28 0	2	5 0	16 2
		23 25	23 11		17 53	19 8
Th.	3	0 0	0 0	3	5 33	16 0
		12 8	28 3		18 29	19 2

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 27th June 1924, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and in the north and east Punjab humidity is in defect. Maximum and minimum temperatures were both higher than usual in the whole of the province. The highest tempeature in the division yesterday was 117 degrees at Rawalpindi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are in general lightly to moderately clouded and the air is drier than usual. Temperature was on the average about 10 degrees above normal. The thermometer rose yesterday to 112 degrees at Mainpuri.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu reports 1.12 in. of rain. Skies are heavily clouded over lower Sind and clear or lightly clouded esewhere. Humidity is in defect in upper Sind and at Jaipur. Day temperature was higher than usual in the latter area; night temperature was almost normal in the division. Jacobabad recorded yesterday a maximum temperature of 111degrees.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Cenral India West.—Deesa has had 0.50 in. of rain, Ahmedabad 0.15 in. and Surat 1.72 in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect in Cutch and at Indore. Maximum temperature was above normal in north Gujarat; the minimum was higher than usual at Rajkot and lower at Bhuj.

The Central Provinces:—Skies are heavily clouded over the east Central Provinces and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual. Temperature was above normal in the whole of the province. The thermometer rose yesterday to 105 degrees at Chanda.

The Konkan.—Bombay has had 0.81 in. of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded and at Ratnagiri humidity is in slight defect. Temperature did not differ much from the normal. Bombay recorded yesterday a maximum temperature of 87.6 degrees (2 degrees above normal) and a minimum temperature of 76.9 degrees (2 degrees below normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad:—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Moisture in the air is in defect in north Hyderabad and the central parts of the Bombay Deccan. Maximum temperature was higher than usual in the whole of the division and the minimum at Nizamabad only.

General Remarks.—The monsoon is very weak. Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar and Gujarat. A few falls have also occurred in Rajputana and the Konkan. The principal amounts, besides those already mentioned, are Mangalore 0.44 in., Calicut 1.03 in., and Trivandrum 0.14 in. Temperature was very high in the United and the Central Provinces.

Forecast:—Rainfall is likely to decrease in Gujarat.

Daily Weather Telegram for the 26th June, 1924, issued from Simla.

The break in the monsoon continues and temperature is about 10 degrees above normal from the east Punjab to Chota Nagpur. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, north Bengal and Malabar, and local in Upper Burma. A few falls have also occurred in Gujarat and the Konkan.

The chief amounts, not mentioned in the Bombay Report, were:—Diamond Island, Toungoo one and a half inches; Kyaukpyu, Sibsagar one; Dhubri three; Shillong two; Cherrapunji thirteen; Darjiling one and a half; Bogra one; Jalpaiguri five; Mercara three-quarters.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 27TH OF JUNE 1924.

STATION.	RAINFALL. Past 24 hours, Total 1st June to date.	Normal 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
Punjab—			
Multan ..	0	0 48	—0 48
Rawalpindi ..	0.08	1.86	—1.78
Lahore ..	0	1.38	—1.38
Hissar ..	0.48	1.38	—0.90
Ambala ..	0 31	0.44	2.72	—2.28
Delhi ..	..	1.21	2.31	—1.10
United Provinces—			
Agra	0.31	1.79	—1.48
Mainpuri ..	0.10	1.58	—1.48
Jhansi ..	0.06	3.16	—3.10
Cawnpore ..	0	2.66	—2.66
Allahabad ..	0.50	3.85	—3.35
Sind—			
Jacobabad ..	0	0.15	—0.15
Karachi ..	0	0.80	—0.80
Rajputana—			
Ajmer ..	0.30	1.95	—1.65
Jaipur ..	0 78	1.79	—1.01
Kotah ..	0.93	2.59	—2.57
Mount Abu ..	1.12	4.54	3.68	+0.86
Kathiawar—			
Bhuj	0.07	1.59	—1.52
Dwarka ..	0	1.55	—1.55
Veraval ..	0 01	4.93	4 38	+0.56
Rajkot ..	8.78	3 71	+5.07
Bhavnagar Para ..	2.31	3.82	—1.51
Gujarat—			
Surat ..	1 72	8.03	7 07	+0 96
Ahmedabad ..	0.15	0.71	3.78	—3.07
Deesa ..	0.50	1.90	1.57	+0.33
Central India West—			
Neemuch ..	0.01	0.20	3 55	—3 35
Indore ..	0.05	1.59	5 04	—3.45
Central Provinces—			
Jubbulpore ..	..	4.06	6.04	—1.98
Saugor ..	..	2.02	5 32	—3.30
Hoshangabad ..	..	1.70	5 28	—3.58
Khandwa ..	..	0.36	4.74	—4.38
Akola ..	..	1.74	4.69	—2.95
Amraoti ..	..	2.17	5.53	—3.46
Nagpur ..	..	1.01	7.80	—6.79
Chanda ..	..	0.52	6.63	—6.11
Raipur ..	..	2.02	7.49	—5 47
Konkan—			
Bombay ..	0.81	7.17	16.64	—9.07
Ratnagiri ..	0.68	28 27	26 29	+2.28
Mormugao ..	0 09	31.69	27.35	+4.24
Karwar ..	0.03	42 67	33.44	+9.23
Bombay Decan—			
Malegaon ..	..	2.44	3 99	—1.45
Ahmednagar ..	..	4.18	4.67	—0.49
Poona ..	..	2.60	4.39	—1.79
Sholapur ..	0 01	0.78	4.27	—3.49
Bijapur ..	..	0 67	3.13	—2.46
Belgaum ..	..	..	..	..
Hyderabad—			
Aurangabad ..	..	5.92	7 25	—1.33
Nizamabad (Indr	..	2.14	4.93	—2.79
Hyderabad ..	..	0.62	4.73	—4.11
	..	3.00	4 09	—1.05
Mysore—			
Mangalore ..	0.14	38.65	33 43	+5 22
Calicut ..	1.03	37.17	31 47	+5.70
Cochin ..	..	42.14	26.00	16.14
Ceylon—			
Colombo ..	0.10	7.54	7.60	—0.06
Madras (Excluding Malabar) & Mysore.			
Hassanpatam ..	0 02	0.40	4.10	—3.70
Bellary ..	..	1.24	1.72	—0.48
Cuddapah ..	..	0.63	2.67	—2.04
Madras ..	..	1.68	1.89	—1.01
Bangalore ..	..	4.18	2.63	+1.55
Coimbatore ..	..	4.82	1.54	+3.28
Trichinopoly ..	..	0.63	1.86	—1.23
Negapatam ..	..	0.40	1.11	—0.71

"POONA ANJUMAN-E-ISLAM"

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I am amused to read the letters published in your esteemed paper under the heading "Anjuman-e-Islam" of Poona written under the signatures of Kuthuddin Khan Rockey and Aftab Ahmed Khan.

No public body can run without it, office-bearers managing committee and rules and regulations. Your correspondents, who have gone to Press could have obtained the information from him or they should have written to the Private Secretary to the Governor who has the necessary information with him. I may inform the public that the Anjuman-e-Islam of Poona has been in existence for over thirty-five years and as the official records show, Government have recognised it from the year 1893. The records of the Anjuman are always open for inspection of any member who wishes to see the same.—Yours, etc.,

FAIRPLAY.

June 25.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture

THE tried specific for Ague, Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas 13

KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 27.

Trantenfels, Bulling, Hamburg.
Bahadur, Blance, Calcutta.
Alipore, Gordon, Kobe.
Dongola, Griffin, Aden.
Jalajyoti, Snowden, Akyab.

DEPARTURE.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Wartenfel, Schmidt, Hamburg.
Varela, Woollatt, Busreh.
Ahmedi, Cunningham, Busreh.
Delta, Brookes, Aden.
Aras, Kent, Mahomerah.
British Fern, Oxley, Mahomerah.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Vita for Persian Gulf.
Steamer City of Brisbane for Liverpool.
Steamer Ridderkerk for Rangoon.

S. S. Trantenfels:—The Hansa Line steamer Trantenfels, 3,926 tons, Captain C. Bulling, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S. S. Dongola:—The P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s English mail steamer Dongola, 4,729 tons, Captain R. H. Griffin arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden with the outward mails of the 12th instant, a general cargo and 80 passengers.

S. S. Delta:—The P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s English mail steamer Delta, 4,739 tons, Captain C. Brooks, will sail to-day from harbour for Aden, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Varela:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Varela, 1932 tons, Captain A. E. Woollatt, will sail to-day from harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Ahmedi:—The E. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Ahmedi, 1 331 tons, Captain J. Cunningham, will sail to-day from harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and 6 passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(FRIDAY, June 27).

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.
1 Wartenfel, 3766 N F. N.F. I. Edwards.
2 Vizo, 3243, 3/7, J F and Co.
2 Macedonia, 5247, London, 5/7, M M and Co.
7 Elysia, 4002, Liverpool, 10/7, W and A Graham and Co.
10 Dalgoma, 3571, NF, NF, P & O S N Co.
10 C/Brisbane, 4527, L/pool, 2/7, K N and Co.
11 Wakasa Maru, 3504, Japan, 28/6, N Y Kaisha.
14 Cracoria, 4762, Trieste, 1/7, L Triestino.
15 Delta, 9280, Aden, 28/6, M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Bloemfontein, 2,958, Cal. 28/6, F F Campbell and Co.
2 Cl Macintyre 3953, Karachi, 6/7 J F & Co.
3 Bankura, 1905, Busreh, 2/7, B I S N Co.
5 Capa di Monte 3544, Karachi 29/6, L Triestino.
6 Jalajyoti, 2698, NF, NF, Scindia S N and Co.
7 Gambhira, 3196, Rangoon, 3/7, M M and Co.
9 Chinkoa, 3615, Calcutta, 3/7, M M and Co.
10-11 Algic, 3373, New York, 2/7, Volkart Bros.
14 Shuja 3112 Man, 30/6, T M & Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

F Jehangir, 2157, Jeddah, 30/6, T M and Co.
I Chakla, 1727, N.F., N.F., M M and Co.
P Zayani, 2627, Basra, 5/7, H S Shushtary and Co.
P Sirsa, 3,387, NF, NF, M M and Co.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.

Maloja due about 27th June, Agent P and O S N Co.
China due about 4th July, Agent P and O S N Co.
Mantua due about 11th July, Agent P and O S N Co.
Mongolia due about 25th July, Agent P and O S N Co.
Caledonia due about 18th July, Agent P & O S N Co.
Narkunda due about 1st August, Agent P & O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind due about 8th August, Agent P & O S N Co.
Naldera due about 15th August, Agent P & O S N Co.
Moldavia due about 22nd August, Agent P & O S N Co.

FROM LONDON.

Modasa due about 30th June, Agent B I S N Co.
Dumana due about 14th July, Agent B I S N Co.
Margha due about 28th July, Agent B I S N Co.
Malda due about 11th August, Agent B I S N Co.
Mulbera due about 1st September, Agent B I S N Co.
Durenda due about 22nd September, Agent B I S N Co.
Manela due about 3rd November, Agent B I S N Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Benares due about 12th July, Agent K N Co.
City of Karachi due about 18th July, Agent Killick Nixon Co.
City of Cairo due about 26th July, Agent Killick Nixon Co.
Scindia due about 23rd July, Agent W and A Graham Co.
City of Valencia due about 10th August, Agent K N Co.
City of Baroda due about 25th August, Agent K N Co.
Massilia due about 1st August, Agent W & A Graham Co.
Circassia due about 18th August, Agent W & A Graham Co.
Olympia due about 5th September, Agent W & A Graham Co.
Castalia due about 20th September, Agent W & A Graham Co.

FROM HULL.

Hindoo (not fixed), Agent James Findlay Co.
Urbino (not fixed), Agent James Findlay Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Reichenfels due about 7th July, Agent L Edward.
Crostafels (not fixed), Agent L Edward.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Ridderkerk due about 28th June, Agent E D Sassoon and Co.
Kidderkerk due about 28th June, Agent E D Sassoon and Co.
Streefkerk due about 9th August, Agent E D Sassoon and Co.
Sommelsdyk due about 30th August, Agent E D Sassoon & Co.
Andijk due about 20th September, Agent E D Sassoon & Co.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Tugela due about 20th June, Agent W and A Graham Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Isonzo due about 6th July, Agent Lloyd Triestino Co.
Pilsna due about 18th July, Agent Lloyd Triestino Co.

FROM GENOA.

Africa due about 3rd July, Agent M Italiana.
Filippo Artello due about 20th July, Agent M Italiana.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Lamb due about 7th July, Agent Volkart Bros.
Steel Voyage due about 7th July, Agent B I S N Co.

FROM KOBE.

Borneo Maru due about 25th June, Agent O S Kaisha.
Tamba Maru due about 28th June, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Sumatra Maru due about 11th July, Agent O S Kaisha.
Calcutta Maru due about 17th July, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Awa Maru due about 28th July, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Shunko Maru due about 9th August, Agent O S Kaisha.

FROM CHINA.

Alipore due about 27th June, Agent P and O S N Co.
Sicilia due about 29th June, Agent P and O S N Co.
Kidderpore due about 23rd July, Agent P & O S N Co.
Soudan due about 26th July, Agent P & O S N Co.
Jeypore due about 14th August, Agent P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN.

Kerapura due about 28th June, Agent B I S N Co.
Khandala due about 12th July, Agent B I S N Co.
Karoa due about 26th July, Agent B I S N Co.

IMPORTS.

July 27.

S. S. Axenfels from Port Said, Agents Leonel Edwards Ltd:—50 cases Brandy.

From Hamburg:—340 cases Electric Sparklers, 45 cases Iron, 235 bales Iron yare, 79 cases Iron goods, 360 bags Sugar, 40 cases Embroideries, 50 D bags Nitrate of Potash, 525 bales Paper, 13 cases Paper, 110 cases Petroleum Stoves, 43 cases Clocks, 12 cases Mouldings, 120 cases Toys, 80 bales Packing Paper, 259 cases Hurricane lamps, 258 packages Hurricane lamps, 20 cases Lamps, 150 cases, yellow metal circles, 328 cases Brass circles, 25 cases brass sheets, 275 casks Safety Fuses, 1217 slide, spatters, 20 cases matches, 381 casks colours, 247 cases colours, 20 D bags salt, 25 cases Spirits, 16 cases Wine, 2105 cases Beer, 25 cases Lemmings, 402 bundles copper sheets, 24 cases cotton Goods, 36 cases Brushes, 300 drums Bleaching Powder, 22 cases Whet Stones, 32 barrels Salammoniac substance, 18 cases Oil cloth, 32 cases Padlocks, 414 drums Sulphide of Sodium, 50 casks Aniline Salt, 1170 cases Wire Nails, 300 casks White Oil, 40 cases Enamel ware, 45 cases Playing Cards, 25 cases Chemical Products, 200 bundles yellow Metal Sheets.

From Bremen:—500 casks Cement, 269 cases School Slates, 300 cases Bottled Beer, 170 cases Hardware, 600 bundles Steel Circles, 134 cases Ironware, 13 cases Enamel plates, 92 bundles Brass, 350 bundles Copper Sheets, 50 bundles Aluminium Circles, 59 bundles Copper Circles, 620 bundles Wire nails.

From Antwerp:—15 cases Playing Cards, 20 bundles Fish Hooks, 30 cases Washing Blue, 11 casks Washing blue, 15 cases Brandy, 851 cases Aniline colour, 24 kegs Aniline colour, 79 casks Aniline colour, 25 cases cotton Tissue, 200 kegs Bichromate of Potassium, 200 kegs Bichromate of soda, 21 drums zinc Chloride, 14 bales Woollen yarn, 125 D bags Farina, 65 drums Dyeing Material, 278 cases Dyeing, 100 casks Dyeing, 500 from drums Dyeing, 5 barrels Dyeing materials.

S. S. Badarpur from Rangoon, Agents Shaw Wallace and Co:—2745367 Imp. Gallons Kerosine oil, 400 casks Kerosine oil, 1988 casks Lubricating oil, 1 case sundries, 592 bags Paraffin Wax, 163 Pieces Pig lead, 819 bundles Shooks, 7 bags Tin Caps.

We can exempt your firm from Paying INCOME-TAX OR SUPER-TAX.

Consult

Parekh & Co.,

Incorporated Certified Accountants, Public Accountants and Auditors Income-Tax and Super-Tax Experts.

Offices:—

(1) M.P. Baria Building, Pydhony.
(2) Victoria Buildings, Parsee Bazaar, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Opp. Income-Tax Office.)

TAILORS

For the coming season we are showing new stocks, woollen silk, and cotton.

Cut and Fit Guaranteed.

A. R. ABDURREHMAN & CO.

Gents' Tailors and Outfitters.
44, Churchgate Street, Fort.

No. 8, Waterloo Mansions,
Opp. Museum West, BOMBAY.
THE ONLY PLACE in India where
HYDROCELE
Is Cured by Qualified Experts
CENT PER CENT
by painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed, Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.

Apply:—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST

N.B.—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it, why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be adduced!

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 27.

H. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/4 31/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/4 31/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/5 1/4
Bank's buying T T 1/5 1/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 1/16.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 530
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 590
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 580
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 137.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs 132.
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 171
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 235
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 1664.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 329
CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols. 4.33-1/2
London—Paris Frcs. 81.70
London—Switzerland Frcs. 24.30
London—Brussels Frcs. 93.60
London—Rome Liras 100.00
London—Berlin Marks —
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Steady market.

	London, June 26.
Tele. Transfers	1/5 quiet.
Bar Gold	44 15 4 quiet
Bar Silver Spot	34 5/16 quiet.

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 27.
Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1/4 31/32
Bank Demand	1/5
Doc Acceptance 3 m/s	1/5 1/4
Fcs. Demand	530
American Dollars	329
Hongkong Dollars	171
Shanghai	235
Japan	136 1/2
Singapore	166 1/2

Market Steady.

London, June, 26.

Rentes 3 per cent.	52 1/2
Bar Silver Spot	34 5/16
" " 2 months hence	34 5/16
Closing Tone of silver.—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 5/7/23	
Interest day to day loans	1 3/4
Interest 7 days market oans	2 3/4

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES —MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, June 25.

Stockholm	16.31
Christiania	32.03
Amsterdam	11.52
Switzerland	24.38
Prague	14.37
Belgium Yesteyday	93.75
Athens	255.50

London, June 25.

Exchange on London in Paris	82.00
" Germany	18,150,000,005,000
" Italy	100.00

New York, June, 25.

Demand Bills	4.32.62

DISCOUNT.

London, June 25.

DISCOUNT Bank Bills 3 m/st	3 1/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3 5/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st	1 1/4
" Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st	4 3/4

WAR LOANS, ETC.

London, June 26.

Funding Loan 4 p. c. 1960/90	£89 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 p. c.	£92 1/2
War Loan 5 p. c. 1920/47	£101 3/16
Consols 2½ p. c.	57 1/8
Rupee Paper 3½ p. c.	47 1/2
Indian Stock 3½ p. c. (Sterling Loan)	66 1/2
Govt. Securities 3 p. c.	57 1/2

London, June 26.

Conversion Loan £78.
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent. £101 1/2.
Indian Loan 7 per cent. £114.

BULLION.

Bombay, June 27.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 16/2/6
Sovereigns forward Rs. 16/2/6
Bar gold ready Rs. 25/7
Bar gold forward Rs. 25/7/9
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 25/8/3
Bar silver ready Rs. 81/12
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 82
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 82/4

London, June 26.

Bar gold ready s. 95-4
Silver ready d. 34/5
Silver forward d. 34-5
TONE OF SILVER—
Steady. India and America sold, China and India bought.

GOLD.

Bombay, June 27

Ready :—25—7—3 .. .. ..

Vaida	Opening Highest	Lowest	At 6 p.m.
Asad	25-8-6	25-7-9	25—7—9
Sravan	25-9-3	25-8-6	25—8—6

Teji Mandi :— .. Rine
Asad 0—3—6
Sravan 0—6—0
Tone—Market Steady

SILVER

Bombay, June 27.

Ready :—81—13—0.

Vaida.	Opening Highest.	Lowest.	At 6 p.m.
Asad	82-3-0	82-0-0	82—0—0
Shravan	82-8-0	82-5-0	82—5—0

Teji Mandi.
Asad 0—15—0
Shravan 1—8—0
Tone—Market Quiet.

LONDON, June 25.

Of the arrival of gold of the value of £600,000. India has taken up a moderate amount.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

June 27.

To-day Reuter reported a further advance of 34 points in old crop and a drop of 4 to 11 points in new crop in New York futures. Early the market was steady on continued buying of July position and shorts coming, but later eased on some long liquidation. Liverpool has been reported 44 points up in old crop and 22 to 26 points in new crop. The advance was due to short covering.

Messrs. Breul and Co.'s Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson cable under date 26th instant (5-45 p.m.) as under:—

"Market mainly influenced by strength in old crop and improvement of business in Manchester. Shorts are nervous despite good crop accounts."

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar have received the following cable D/ 26th June from their New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co.:—

"Urgent July demands over. Advance brought increased offerings. Good weather continues."

The position of the American as well as the local market is at the moment very obscure, and reports regarding the New American crop are conflicting, whilst in this country the scarcity of rains is beginning to cause anxiety. Under the circumstances it is very difficult to express a definite opinion, but for the near future we look for small and featureless markets.

Although a small decline was reported in new crop in America the Marwari Bazar opened at Rs. 521½ i.e. Re. 1¼ higher than yesterday's closing rate for F. G. Broach April/May. At the opening Shroffs were moderate sellers and the market declined to Rs. 520. Around this level Bull operators and Commission Houses bought raising the values to Rs. 521½, and the market closed at Rs. 520 at 4 p.m. At Cotton Green the Bazar opened at Rs. 520 and going down by half a rupee and closed quiet at Rs. 520½ at 6-30 p.m.

Fine Oomra July opened at Rs. 562½ and improved to Rs. 565 on Shroffs buying. On selling by Commission Houses the prices gave way to Rs. 563 but again recovered to Rs. 565½ on general buying and closed at Rs. 564. Whilst Oomra December/January opened at Rs. 488 and went up to Rs. 490½ on Bazar operators buying. On selling by brokers the values eased to Rs. 487 and the market closed at Rs. 488. F. G. Bengal July and December/January were nominally quoted Rs. 535 and Rs. 440 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton continued to remain quiet yesterday and the inquiry was limited. About 2,000 bales are reported to have been sold.

COTTON GREEN—CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 27.

		6-30 P.M
Fully Good Broach	April/May	520 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	" July	535
" "	Dec./Jan.	441
Fine Oomra	July ..	564 1/2
" "	Dec./Jan. ..	488

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 27

Description, Super-Fine,	Fine	F. Good	Good
M. G. Bengal and Sindh.			
Punjab	570	555	540 525
M. G. Oomra No 3.	590	575	560 ..
M. G. Broach	630	615	600 590
M. G. Southerns	..	615	605 595 585
M. G. Mathia	575	560	545 ..
M. G. Khandesh	585	570	555 ..

E. I. COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 27

Fully Good Broach April/May	521
" Bengal July	535
" Dec./January	440
Fine Oomera July ..	564
" " Dec./Jan. ..	488
Good Southern June ..	
" " " Aug/Septr ..	595

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, June 27.

3½ per cent Government Paper Rs. 67/9
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 86/
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 94/6.
5 per cent Loan due 1933 Rs. 98.
5 per cent Loan due 1945-55 Rs. 98/15.
5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 Rs. 103.
5½ per cent Bonds due 1928 Rs. 104/8.
6 per cent Bonds due 1927 Rs. 101/14
6 per cent Bonds due 1930 Rs. 103/12
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 Rs. 104/14
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 108/12.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 78/8
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 102/-
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 78/-
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 102/-
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 78/-

SHARES.

Bombay, June 27.

The following are the closing rates:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1425, India 79, Central Bank 24/12 and Eastern Bank 85 xd.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah Advance 410, Bombay Cotton 470, Bombay Dyeing 687/8, Century 355, Cent India 487/8, Colaba Land 186/4, Coorla 165, Crescent 232/8, Dawn 540 xd, Edw Sassoon 180 xd, Fazulbhoy 900, F Petit 1100, Gokak 100, Ind Bleaching 210 xd, Indore Malwa 366/4, Jamshed Mfg 135, Kastoorchand 160, Khatao 185, Kohinoor 1015, Luxmi Cotton 4600 xd, Meyer Sassoon 130 xd, Madhowji 260, Morarji 2450, New Great 311/4, New City 270, Pahani 300, Pearls 517/8, Phoenix 440, Shapurji 237/8, Simplex 206/4, Standard 1300, Swan 800, Swadeshi 577/8, Tata Mill 151/4 and Vishnu Cotton 1675 xd.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 177/8 xd, Andhra Valley 135, B Burma 311/4, B Burma N I 68/12 pr, Bt Burma Pet 5/4, Bombay Tramway 92/8, Bombay Steam 70, Bundi Cement 10/4 xd, Katni ord 76/4, Katni defd 200, New India Insur 17, Shivrajpur 37/4, Tata Iron ord 16/8, Tata Iron defd 47/8 and Tata Hydro 777/8 and Scindia Steam 5/12.

London, June 26.

Chartered Bank of India A. and China £19-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation 132.
National Bank of India, Ltd. £ 44 3/4.
Eastern Bank, Ltd. £ 6 1/8.
P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd. £13.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Bombay, 27th June 1924.

New York Market 26th June:—

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Last know prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previ. ous Close.
29.13	July			29.47	+34
25.47	Oct.	25.40—07	25.52+05	25.38	—09
24.73	Dec.		24.83+10	24.65	—08
24.48	Jan			24.44	—04
24.71	March			24.60	—11
24.72	May			24.65	—07

Telegraphic market advices: October highest 25.73, lowest 25.35, range .38 points. Market strong early on continued buying of July causing short covering; eased on scattered long liquidation. Good undertone.

Liverpool Market 26th June:

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 12 noon.	Closing Prices.	Since Previous close.
16.49	July	16.64+15	16.71+22	16.93	+44
14.78	Oct.	14.92+14	14 89+11	15.04	+26
14.31	Jan.	14.41+10		14.55	+24
14.20	Mar.			14.43	+23
14.08	May.			14.30	+22
	Egyptian.				
21.20	July.			21.45	+25
18.63	Nov.			18.87	+24

Telegraphic market advices: (1) Warm, light rains, Alabama, Memphis (Tennesse) district and Oklahoma. Forecast:—Texas generally fair. Air balance entire belt partly cloudy. New York sales futures on Wednesday last estimated at 300,000. (2) Weekly rainfall: Abilene no rain; El Paso, Amarillo, Oklahoma City, Little Rock, Shreveport, Memphis, Atlanta, Augusta, Charleston, Montgomery, Chattanooga .5 to 1 inch, Visksburg, New Orleans, Raleigh, Jacksonville 1 to 2 inches, San Antonio, Galveston over 2 inches. (3) American cross rate 4.33 1/8. Steady market. Further trade fixing call sales. Short covering of near positions. Manchester reports recent cloth business India underestimated, turnover very large. Miss Giles 68.4 per cent. crop 11,300,000. Our travelling man wires from Texas: "North-west fairly good. Estimate Texas about 73 per cent."

COTTON.

Livrpool, June 26.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	6,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	500
" " Sales of East Indian ...	50

EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:—

Mid. Americans Spot fair demand ...	17.37
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakels ...	23.60
New York 11 a.m. July ...	29.58
(As known in Liverpool Oct. ...	25.54
at closing time) Jan. ...	24.58
New Orleans 10 a.m. July ...	28.45
" " " Oct. ...	24.76

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

London. June 26.

June	16.93
July	16.65
Aug.	16.05
Sept.	—
Oct.	14.90
Nov.	—
Dec.	—
Jan.	14.41
Feb.	—
Mar.	—
April	—
May	—
June	—

Egyptian July 21.55 Nov. 18.75.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 26.

June	17.03
July	16.93
Aug.	16.23
Sept.	15.67
Oct.	15.04
Nov.	14.80
Dec.	14.65
Jan.	14.55
Feb.	14.48
March	14.43
April	14.36
May	14.30
	14.21

Tone:—Very steady.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool. June 26.

M. G. Bengal, "Good"	11.23
M. G. Bengal "Fully Good"	11.65
M. G. Bengal "Fine"	12.05
No. 1 Oomra, "Good"	11.80
No. 1 Oomra, "Fully Good"	12.30
M. G. No. 1 Oomra "Fine"	12.80
M. G. Broach, "Good"	12.65
M. G. Broach "Fully Good"	13.05
M. G. Broach "Fine"	13.45
M. G. Scinde, "Good"	11.15
M. G. Scinde, "Fully Goo d"	11.55
M. G. Scinde "Fine"	11.95

EGYPTIAN COTTON CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 26.

June	22.05
July	21.45
August	21.03
Sept.	20.49
Oct.	19.20
Nov.	18.87
Dec.	18.72
Jan.	18.57
Feb.	18.52
March	18.52
April	18.52
May	18.52

AMERICAN MARKET CLOSING PRICES.

New York, June 26.
To-days Prices

FUTURES AT NEW YORK:—

July	29.47
October	25.38
December	24.65
January	24.44

Liverpool, June 26.

COTTON DELIVERY MID. U.G.O.C.—

LIPERPOOL:—

July	16.93
October	15.04
January	14.55
March	14.43

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, June 26.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ...	3000
" Exports to Continent ...	10000

FUTURES AT NEW YORK:—

July	29.47
October	25.38
December	24.65
January	24.44
Spot Cotton at New York	30.50
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	29.40.

TONE OF SPOT COTTON:—

Futures at New Orleans July ...	28.05
Futures at New Orleans Oct. ...	24.62
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ...	15
Silver Foreign mined	66

METALS.

London. June 26.

English best Selected Copper ...	£64 1/2
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...	£60 5/8
Copper Braziers ...	£82
Yellow Metal	7 3/4
Hard Spelter ...	28 1/2
Corrugated sheets ...	£18 1/8
TEN BLOCK	£ 225 1/2

BRASS

Bombay, June 27.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	3/4	65	0	0
Do	1	62	4	0
Do	1 1/4	62	4	0
Do	1 1/2	62	4	0
Do	1 3/4	63	0	0
Do	2	63	0	0

COPPER.

Bombay, June 26

	per md.	Rs.	a.	p
Copper, English	3/4	70	0	0
Copper	1/	69	0	0
Copper	1 1/4	69	0	0
Copper American ..	1 1/2	68	8	0
Copper	1 3/4	68	8	0
Copper	2/	68	8	0
Japanese Copper Bars		61	0	0
Panchteka Joint		29	0	0
Copper, English Bars ..		61	0	0
Brass Bars		41	8	0
Pat Klai		62	0	0
Lead, Country		18	0	0
German Brass, Metal 3/4		62	0	0
" " " 1		60	8	0
" " 1 1/4 to 1 1/2,		60	8	0
" " 1 3/4 to 2		61	0	0
English Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 to 2		68	8	0
American Copper 3/4		70	0	0
do do 1 to 1 1/4 ..		69	0	0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

Bombay, June. 27.

	per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand .. ..No.	14 1/2	1	0	9
" .. ..No.	20 1/2	1	2	3
Currimbhai .. ..No.	12 1/2	0	15	6
Elphinstone .. ..No.	12 1/2	0	15	3
David .. .. ..No.	10 1/2	0	15	0
Shapurji .. ..No.	10 1/2	0	14	6
Trikamdas .. ..No.	10 1/2	0	15	0
Sattare .. ..No.	10 1/4	0	15	0
Shapurji .. ..No.	6 1/2	0	13	3
Lighthouse .. ..No.	6 1/2	0	13	0
Japan .. .. ..No.	40 /1	1	11	9
" .. .. ..No.	42 /2	1	14	0
" .. .. ..No.	20	1	3	3
" .. .. ..No.	32	1	8	6

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, June 27.
(6 30 p.m.)

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association:—

Ready.	Basis Terms. Rs.	a.	p.	Rail Delivery Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	47	0	0	7	1	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	47	0	0	7	1	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	49	0	0	7	2	0
Rapeseed, Brown Katni	10	6	0	10	10	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10	0	0	10	8	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	11	0	0	11	8	0
Linseed, Brown Bold ..	12	11	0	13	2	0
Linseed, Brown Thin ..	12	5	0	12	13	0
Teaseed, White 85-15 ..	88	0	0	17	8	0
Teaseed, Gajar 75-25 ..	80	0	0	16	8	0
Teaseed Gajar50-50 ..	72	0	0	15	8	0
Teaseed, Black	66	0	0	14	0	0
Poppyseed, White ..	11	10	0	12	4	0
Groundnuts	76	0	0	..		
Mowraseed	8	8	0	8	12	0
Barley	37	0	0	..		
Castorseed	79	0	0	16	2	0
Cotton Seeds Ready Delivery	40	0	0	5	14	0
Forward.	Rs.	a.	p.			
Wheat, May	7	12	6			
Wheat, A/S	7	7	9			
Linseed, May	13	7	0			
Linseed Sept.	13	10	9			
Groundnuts J/J ..	76	0	0			
Gujarat Castor Seed Asad.	80	5	0			
Teaseed Gajar 85-15 J/J	17	8	0			
Cotton Seeds J/J ..	5	14	0			

WHEATS.

London, June 26.

Rozario Santa Fe 63 1/2 lbs. June/July buyers 47/3.

Barletta Russo 63 1/2 lbs. June/July buyers 48.

Australian June/July sellers 48/9.

Firmer with better demand.

Choice White Karachi June/July sellers 48.

Sort Red Karachi June/July sellers 47/3.

Cargo, Choice White Karachi paid for August 47/10 1/2.

Barley Karachi for June/July shipment to London, 33.

SEEDS.

London, June 26.

Linseed La Plata Argentine closed at £19 and £19 1/16 paid and buyers for June/July shipment. Fair trade at advance rates.

Cotton seed Bombay £10 3/8 sellers for June/July shipment.

Castorseed Bombay closed very firm with few offers at £26 3/4 sellers for June/July shipment.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, June 26.

Fine White C and F. Calcutta July sellers, 20/10 1/2.

July/Sept. selers 20/9.

Fine White C and F Bombay, JulySept. sellers, 21/1.

Fine White C and F Karachi, July/Sept sellers, 21/1.

Sellers are firmer and buyers are not following.

LINSEED

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags
June/July Sellers .. £ 20 3/8
Tone—Firm and dearer fair business at the rise

RAW LINSEED Oil Naked Spot Net
June July Done Buyers .. 39
" Sept. Dec. Paid .. 38/3

London, June 26.

Business was done to-day in Linseed Calcutta for June/July shipment at £20 5/8 and in Linseed La Plata Argentine for June/July shipment to Hull at £19. In Rapeseed Toria for August/September shipment to Antwerp at £18 and in Cotton Oil Egyptian Crude at £40. In Wheat, Cargo, Choice White Karachi for August shipment at 47/9 and in Parcel, Choice White Karachi for shipment by middle of July at 48.

Linseed, Firm
Linseed Oil, Easier.
Wheat, Firm.
Rice, Steady.

LONDON, June 25.

Business was done to-day in Linseed Calcutta for June/July shipment to Hull at £20 3/8 and for June/July shipment at £20 8/9. In Linseed La Plata Argentine for June/July shipment to Hull at £18/13/9 and for July/August shipment at £18 5/8. In Rapeseed Ferozepore for July/August shipment to Antwerp at £17 3/4. In Wheat, Cargo, choice White Karachi for June shipment at 48 and for shipment by middle of July to Bristol channel at 47/6. In Wheat, Cargo, Australian for May shipment at 49. In Barley Indian for July/August shipment 32/9 afloat and on sample 34/7½. Linseed, firm, Cottonseed, firm, Linseed oil, firm. Wheat, quiet, and Rice, steady.

MOCATTA'S SILVER REPORT.

London, June 26.

Continent only bought very moderately, seeing the market falling. Certain number of bulls re-sold silver they had bought. Chief cause of fall was heavy selling by China where stocks have increased considerably. America also sold rather freely here. At lower level market is showing resistance. Mocatta's are of opinion that some recovery is possible though, until India and China give some support they do not look for any decided movement.

DIVIDENDS OF TEA COMPANIES.

Jorenant Tea Company's net profit for the last year is £186,000 and a total distribution of 45 per cent has been made for the year. Total dividend declared by Rajmai, tax free, is 50 per cent. and by Bogawanta Bawa 35 per cent.

EAST INDIAN WOOL SALES.

Liverpool, June 26.

Closed to-day. Of the 30,381 bales catalogued 75 per cent. were sold at prices which were par compared with those established at the opening. Small quantity of Goat Hair was also cleared at about 5 per cent decline compared with April rates.

RUBBER.

London, June 26.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure July-Aug. 11 Plantation First Latex Crepe July 10½ steady.

Tone:—No much business.

10c Central Ceylon 99, Darradoria 8/6

London, Thursday June 26.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Total Bullion ..	£128,300,000	Inc.	100,000
Public Deposits	£19,600,000	Inc.	8,300,000
Other do.	112,700,000	Dec.	500,000
Govt. Securities	47,600,000	Dec.	1,100,000
Other Securities	81,100,000	Inc.	9,900,000
Notes & Gold	21,500,000	Dec.	1,000,000

The Bank Reserve is 16.2 p. c. of the Liabilities.

SHARE BAZAR.

27th June, 1924.

	12 to 1 O/C	1 to 2 O/C	2 to 3 O/C
Ahmedabad Advance ..	410	410	
Bombay Cotton ..	470	470	
Bombay Dyeing ..	690-95-88-12	90-888-12	
Century ..	357-8-58-12	355	
Nagpur ..	488-12-87-8	487 8	
Colaba ..	190-88-12	187-8	
Crescent ex-divi. ..	231-30	232-8	
Indore ex-divi. ..	368-12-70	367-8	
Kohinoor ..	1015	1015	
New Great ..	317-8-12-12	311-4	
Pearl ex-divi. ..	517-8-16-4	517-8	
Phœnix ..	437-8	440	
Bharucha ..	230-35	237-8	
Simplex ..	208-12-10	8-12-208-4	
Swan ex-divi. ..	800	800	
Swadesh ..	500-80	85-580	
Pabni ..	302-8	300	
Fazal ..	895-902-8	901-4	
Mathuradas ..	280	280	
Tata Mill ..	150	151-4	
Globe ..	42-8	42-8	
Mysore ..	105	105	
Madhavji ..	261-4	261-4	
Finlay ex-divi. ..	540	540	
Gokak ..	98-12	100	
Edward Sassoon ..	180	180	
Meyer Sassoon ..	130	130	
Alcock ..	177-8	177-8	
Bombay Burma Old ..	311-4	311-4	
Bombay Elec. Tram ..	93-12	93-3	
Bombay Steamer Ordy ..	70	70	
Bundi Cement ..	10-8	10-4	
Central E. Mining ..	23	23	
Indian Cement ..	41-4	41-4	
Katni Cement Ordy. ..	..	..	
Shivrajpur	..	..	
Tata Steel Ordy. ..	17-4	16-12	
Tata Steel Defd.	56-56-4	20	

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

Bombay, June 27.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi :—			
Textile	1	2	0
E. D. Sassoon	1	1	6
Elphinstone	1	1	6
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34/40 inches			
Standard per lb.	1	8	6
Century per lb.	1	7	0
Hindustan per lb.	1	8	4 1/2
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	8	6
Textile per lb.	1	8	9
Phoenix per lb.	1	7	9
Pearl per lb.	1	8	0
Manekji (Caw Mukh) per lb. ..	1	6	6
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb. ..	1	7	6
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5203—			
Rachael per lb.	1	8	3
Pearl per lb.	1	8	3
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1	8	0
Long Cloth × Quality			
Rachael per lb.	1	8	6
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	8	6
Swan Finlay per lb.	1	8	6
Long Cloth Satin Calender, 34/40			
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1	7	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	6	6
Century (Bugle)	1	6	0
Diamond Chual	1	5	6
Saiita			
Pabaney per lb.	1	6	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb. ..	1	6	6
Dhooties 7/8 and 9 yards—			
Spring (Balance) per lb. ..	1	9	6
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1	8	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	9	3
Dhooties 10 yards :—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	8	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	7	9
Check Grey Drill :—			
Standard per piece	6	12	0
Phoenix per piece	6	11	0
Swan Finlay per piece	6	12	0
Pearl per piece			
Hindustan per piece	7	2	0
Bleached Check			
Kasturchand per piece	7	12	0
Bombay United per piece	7	12	0
Black Check—			
Textile per piece	8	8	0
Gabrun No. 5124			
Pearl	12	8	0
Hindustan	12	12	0

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Bank, as on 20th June 1924—

LIABILITIES.		
Subscribed Capital		11,25 00 000
Capital Paid up		5,62 50 000
Reserve		4,45 00 000
Public Deposits		18,38 56 000
Other Deposits		73,11 51 000
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, 1924 against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra ..		2,00 00 000
Sundries		2,28 01 000
Rupees ..		1,05,85 58 000
The above balance sheet includes—		
Deposit in London	£	1,440,000
Advance in London	£	443,900
Cash and balances at other Banks in London	£	1,130,800
ASSETS.		
Government Securities		10,44 85 000
Other authorized securities under the Act		1,22 05 000
Loans		21,04 57 000
Cash Credits		39,11 67 000
Inland bills discounted and purchased		10,06 07 000
Foreign bills discounted and purchased		25 60 000
Dead Stock		2,56 35 000
Sundries		1,10 44 000
Balances with other Banks ..		1,69 68 000
		87,51 28 000
Cash		18,34 30 000
Rupees		1,05,85 58 000

(For other Commercial see page 12.)

SPORTING NEWS.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

CITY POLICE WIN.

City Police. (Sharp) ..... 1 goal.
Mechanical Transport ..... 1 goal.

The City Police scored a one-goal victory over the Mechanical Transport on Friday evening when football was of a poor order. The Police had the better of exchanges in the opening stages but there was not cohesion enough among their forwards to beat the Transport defence. McKenzie, Kelly and Sharp were through several times but their shooting was very poor. The Transport forwards showed little understanding and many of their chances were spoilt by the selfish play of Hancock who was otherwise a good half back. No score was registered at half time. The Transport forwards threatened to score in the second half but Hewson and Cooper were not to be beaten easily. After a considerable period of scrappy and up and down play the Police scored through Sharp who shot an excellent goal following throw-in.

The teams were:—

Police:—Godwin; Hewson and Cooper; Rabbit, Thornton and Dewey; Littlewood, McKenzie, Kelly, Sharp, and Gardiner.

M. T.:—Dorsett; Moss and Edgington; Hughes, Hancock and Stone; Scott, Harrison, Thornton, McCraig and Smith.

Referee:—Mr. W. Cummings.

TO-DAY'S GAMES.

Cooperage: Staff v. Y.M.C.A.

Colaba: G. I. P. All Blacks v. West Yorks 'B'.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

WEEK-END MATCHES.

TO-DAY (SATURDAY).

Parsi Gymkhana v. Persian C C (the Parsi Gymkhana ground at 2-30 p.m.)

Ralli Bros v Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co., on the Oval (Plot No. 2) at 2-45 p.m.

Turner Morrison and Co v R I M Dockyard C C on the Oval at 2-30 p.m.

National Bank C C v Bombay Battalion A F I on the Oval at 3 p.m.

Parekh C C v. Bharda New High School on the Esplanade at 2-30 p.m.

St. Xavier's College Gymkhana v Elphinstone College Gymkhana, on the Esplanade opposite St. Xavier's College.

Bombay Customs v. "Times of India" C C on the Esplanade at 2-30 p.m.

Lloyd's Bank C C v Bombay Telephone Co.

Government Telegraph Recreation Club v Mackinnon Mackenzie's C C on the Oval at 2-30 p.m.

TO-MORROW (SUNDAY).

Parsi Gymkhana v Friends' Union C C on the Parsi Gymkhana ground at 12 noon (whole day fixture).

Bombay Customs v Unitarian Sporting Club on the Oval at 2-30 p.m.

Imperial Bank of India v Bharda New High School on the Oval at 2-30 p.m.

New Hindu C C v Cosmopolitan S C on the Esplanade opposite St. Xavier's College at 2-30 p.m.

Government Telegraph Recreation Club v R. G. A. on the Oval at 2-30 p.m.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, June 26.

The following are the closing scores in the County cricket matches which started yesterday:—

M. C. C versus Oxford University:—Oxford scored 307 in first innings. Blaikie making 120 and Richardson 59. Hyndson took 5 for 75. M. C. C. have made 190 for 9 in the second innings and are 211 runs ahead.

Surrey versus Cambridge University.—Cambridge won by 10 wickets. Cambridge's first innings totalled 281, Lowry making 68. Fender took 6 for 91. Surrey made 156 in the second innings and Cambridge 34 for loss of no wickets.

Lancashire versus Sussex:—Sussex first inning closed for 244, Cook making 67. Lancashire made in the second innings 132 for 2, E. Tyldesley contributing 70 and Hallows 54 not out. E. Tyldesley has completed thousand runs for the season. Lancashire are 175 runs ahead.

Leicestershire versus Gloucester:—Gloucester made 276 in the first innings. Dipper making 61. Astill took 5 for 54. Leicester have made 122 for 4 in their second innings and are 24 runs ahead.

Kent versus Essex.—Essex first innings closed for 254, Cornwallis taking 6 for 63 and Freeman 4 for 61. Perrin made 88 not out. Kent made 393 for 7 in their second innings, Seymour contributing 117. Hilder 70 not out and Wright 54 not out. Kent are 401 runs ahead.

Hampshire versus Middlesex.—Middlesex won by 9 wickets. Middlesex made 291 in their first innings. Stevens and Hendren contributing 78 and 74 respectively. Hampshire's second innings totalled 230, Newman making 86. Middlesex made 46 for 1 in second innings.

Warwickshire versus Somerset: Somerset's first innings totalled 177. Young made 65 and Howell took 5 for 72. Warwick made 177 for 6 in their second innings and are 201 runs ahead.

Notts versus Worcestershire.—Notts won by 8 wickets. Notts declared their first innings closed at 341 for 4. Worcester made 331 in their second innings. Higgins making 52 and Hopkins 137. Notts made 58 for 2 in second innings.

Northamptonshire versus Derbyshire:—Northants first innings totalled 364, Wells making 58. Derby have made 265 for 9, Jackson contributing 56 and Cadman 121 not out.

Leveson Gower's XI versus South Africans:—Leveson Gower's first innings closed for 230, Howell and Doggart making 43 and 47 respectively. Blankenberg took 5 for 53. South Africans made 171 in their second innings, Catterall scoring 45, Taylor 33 and Susskind 44. Doggart took 5 for 53 and Rhodes 4 for 39. Leveson Gower's XI require 195 runs to win.—Reuter.

OPEN LAWN TENNIS.

THEIR MAEJSTIES AMONG SPECTATORS

LONDON, June 26.

Their Majesties the King and Queen were present at Wimbledon to-day when the Open Lawn Tennis Championships were continued in blazing heat. There was again large attendance numbering about 15,000. The first game on the centre court was a match in Men's Singles between Norman Brookes and American Hunter, who appeared in the final last year. It was a hard contested struggle and ran to five sets before Brookes' genius and wizardry triumphed. Hunter began brilliantly and took the first set, but Brookes then got into his stride and played persistently to the American's backhand. The final set was most exciting. Two games including the last were taken to deuce three times but the final point came as an anticlimax as Hunter served double fault. Brookes was loudly cheered on his victory.

Meanwhile, on the outer court Kingscote had been disposing of Ritchie in three sets. The Brookes-Hunter match was followed in the centre court, by a thrilling contest in the first round of Men's Doubles in which Americans Washburn and Williams defeated Frenchmen Borotra and Lacoste by three sets to two and then the South African Raymond brilliantly defeated Brugnon after another terrific struggle in third round of Men's Singles. Other winners in this round included Britisher Gilbert, Jacob (India), Watt (Australia), Richars (U.S.A.) and Spence (South Africa) who beat Sleem (India) by three sets to one.

Lycett and Godfree, holders of Men's Doubles, beat Aitken and Ingram on the outer court but the match went to five sets and Hadi and Rutnam defeated Australians J. Bayley and Willard in three sets.

In Ladies' Doubles Mlle Lenglen and Miss Ryan and Americans Miss Wills and Mrs. Wightman scored easy victories.

PRINCIPAL RESULTS.

The following were the principal results.

Men's Singles.—Norman Brookes beat Francis Hunter 3—6, 6—3, 6—4, 5—7, 6—2; Kingscote beat Ritchie 6—4, 6—2, 6—3; Raymond beat Brugnon 8—6, 2—6, 4—6, 12—10, 6—4; Spence beat Sleem 6—4, 1—6, 6—4, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—Washburn and Williams beat Borotra and Lacoste 5—7, 6—3, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3; Lycett and Godfree (holders) beat Aitken and Ingram 6—0, 6—3, 4—6, 4—6, 9—7; Hadi and Rutnam beat J. Bayley and Willard 6—3, 6—3, 6—4.—Reuter.

GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON, June 26.

The first two rounds of the Open Golf Championship were played at Hoylake today in a hot sunny weather. Huge crowds followed the games. At the end of the first round amateur Cyril Tolley led the field with a score of 73, but he took 82 in the afternoon and dropped to the 11th place. At the close of the first day's play the Englishmen were in ascendant though the Americans Hagen and Smith were well within striking distance. E.R. Whitcomb of Camedown led the field with a score 147. He did a round of seventy in the afternoon and equalled the record for the course.

LEADING SCORES.

The following were the leading scores at the end of the first round:—

Cyril Tolley (Royal and Ancient) 73; George Duncan (Hanger Hill) 74; Len Holland (Northampton) 74; Mark Seymour (St. Leonards) 74; S. Douglas (Robin Hood) 75; Aubrey Boomer (St. Cloud) 75; Gilbert Nicholls (U.S.A.) 75; T. Taylor (Mid Surrey) 75; MacDonald Smith (U.S.A.) 76; E. R. Whitcombe (Camedown) 77; Hagen (U. S.A.) 77; Barnes (U.S.A.) 78; Sarazen (U. S.A.) took 83.

At the close of the day the leading scores were:—

E.R. Whitcombe 147; J.H. Taylor 149; Hagen 150; Smith 150; J. Sherlock (Hunstanton) 151; Holland 152; Duncan 153; Boomer 153; Nicholls 153; G. Gadd (Rochampton) 154; Barnes 155; Tolley 155; Herd 155; Havers 156; Mitchell 158; Sarazen 158; Braid 160; Ray 160; Wethered's score was 167.—Reuter.

LATE SHETH NARANDAS T. MOOLJEE.

We regret to have to announce the death of Sheth Narandas Thackersey Mooljee which sad event took place at Kaukhal, near Hardwar, on the 26th instant. The deceased gentleman was the senior member of the old and well-known firm of Messrs. Thackersey Mooljee & Co., who are the Agents of three Mill companies, viz. The Hindustan Mills, The Western India Mills and the Indian Manufacturing Co Ltd. He was the Managing Director and Chairman of these Mill companies. He was also the Managing Director and Chairman of the New Piecegoods Bazar Co. Ltd. and worked there with the same zeal and indefatigable energy and the position which the said Company now enjoys is mainly due to the deceased gentleman.

During the last two or three years he gave a large sum by way of charity and has established several charities. The list of charities may be summarised as under:

Rs. 50,000 for the construction of the Wadhwan Camp High School to be named after him. This work is under progress. Rs. 41,500 for the Charitable dispensary at Kankhal named Shri Krishna Sudama Aushadhalaya. Rs. 40,000 Charitable dispensary at Wadhwan Camp and named after his late daughter, Bai Lilabai. Rs. 30,000 Girnar Pathar Chatti Sadavrit. Rs. 10,000 in the maintenance of beds for the indoor patients in the Sree Ramakrishna Mission Sevashram Hospital, Kankhal. Rs. 30,000 Vilan Charitable dispensary at Panchavati, Nasik. Rs. 30,000 Kasturbai and Kesarbai Charitable dispensary at Girgaon Back Road. Rs. 3,000 Beyt Goshala. Rs. 6,000 Jamnagar Sanskrit Pathshala. In addition to the above charities, the deceased gentleman has established a trust of the several charities in the name of his revered father, Sheth Thackersey Mooljee, the list of which will not be out of place. Rs. 76,000 for the maintenance of the Wadhwan Camp Dharmashala and Sanatorium. Rs. 50,000 for the maintenance of the Thackersey Mooljee Charitable Dispensary at Old Rangwan Lane. Rs. 5,000 for the maintenance of the Gheldhai Thackersey Mooljee Vervalla Library. Rs. 5,000 for the maintenance of the Devidas Thackersey Mooljee Beyt Library. Rs. 23,000 for the maintenance of the Pragji Thackersey Mooljee Vervalla Goshala. Rs. 20,000 for the maintenance of the Vervalla Dharmashalla and Sadavrit. Rs. 6,000 for the maintenance of the Vervalla Cattle Trough and agricultural fund. Rs. 5,000 for offering of Samagri to the Haveli situated in Dwarka Rs. 10,000 Worship of the family God, Thakurji.

The deceased gentleman died at the advanced age of 73 and he always led a very simple life.

The Sadar Sub-Divisional Officer has concluded the hearing of the case in which Swami Vidyanand, formerly a member of the Local Legislative Council, was charged with attempting to create disaffection and disturbance. Vidyanand has been sentenced to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment and asked to furnish two securities of Rs. 500 each for keeping peace or in default to undergo simple imprisonment for two years —A. P.

BOMBAY SMALL CAUSES COURT.

AN APPEAL AGAINST ASSESSMENT DISMISSED.

(Before the Chief Judge Mr. K. M. Javeri).

Ahamad Suleman Dimath ..... Petitioner.
vs.
The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay. ... (Respondent)

On Thursday, the 26th instant, in the afternoon the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court disposed of an appeal filed by the petitioner, Mr. Ahamad Suleman Dimath, a well-known landlord of Bombay against the assessment fixed by the Municipal Commissioner in respect of his property at Jacob Circle. The petitioner's contention was that the Municipal Commissioner while fixing the rateable value of his property, estimated the rent of a tea shop let to a Mogul on the ground floor of the property in question at Rs. 95 per mensem, whereas the petitioner has let it for Rs. 53-15-0 per mensem and he has been passing receipts for that amount which were produced for inspection in the court. Mr. Coburn of Messrs. Crawford Bailey and Co., Solicitors, who appeared on behalf of the Municipal Commissioner, stated that the assessment was correctly fixed by the respondent on the information furnished by the Mogul tenants himself that he was paying Rs. 95 per mensem as the rent for the shop. Several witnesses were examined in the Court and all of them denied any knowledge of the actual rent for the shop. However it was proved that the owner of a pan shop attached to the hotel, occupying only about 2 yards space on the plinth in front of the shop, who in turn is a sub-tenant of the Mogul hotel-keeper, has been paying Rs. 40 per month and he is there since a very long time. In view of this fact the Chief Justice upheld the assessable value as fixed by the Respondent and dismissed the appeal with costs.

HURT AND WRONGFUL CONFINEMENT.

CHARGE AGAINST POLICE CONSTABLES.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, (1) Ahmedin Kamaruddin and (2) Mohmed Ashraik charged Police Constables Nos. 2652 and 2651 with mischief, hurt and wrongful confinement on the 29th of May last.

Mr. N. T. Jungalwalla and Mr. B. H. Daruwalla, pleaders, appeared for the complainants, while the accused were defended by Mr. Azad, Bar.-at-Law.

The complainants' case was that they were dealers in glassware and kept their shop in a shed at Thakordwar, next to Nana Shanker's compound. On Thursday, the 29th May, at about 4 p.m. the accused No. 1 came to the shop and demanded money from complainant No. 1 as he had opened a new shop. He also threatened that he would not let the complainants sit there if they did not pay him anything. The complainants offered him one anna, but he went away saying he would show them later on. At about 9-30 p.m. both the accused came to the shop armed with lamboos and asked complainants to remove their goods or pay them eight annas. Complainant No. 1 said he was paying Rs. 25 as rent and so refused to pay anything. Both the accused then came into the shop and kicked at the wares and broke the glassware with kicks and sticks and threw some of the wares on the footpath causing damage to the extent of Rs. 80. P. C. 2652-B then seized the first complainant by his collar and pulled him out and pressed him against the handcart and assaulted him with clenched fists. He sustained injuries on his forehead, right thumb and bled from the injuries. P. C. No. 2651 seized the complainant No. 2 and dragged him out on the footpath and assaulted him with fists and kicks. Both the accused then blew their whistles and a number of police came there and flourished their sticks and assaulted Parsis and other bystanders who demonstrated with them on complainants' behalf. The complainants were then taken to the Police Station and detained there till 3 a.m. when complainants' complaint was recorded. Both the accused assaulted the complainants in the gharry while going to the Police Station and created a row on the road. The complainants were taken to a hospital where their injury was dressed. The police did not charge them in a Police Court nor any police officer made any enquiries in regard to this incident afterwards. On returning to the shop the complainants found about Rs. 90 missing from the till.

SMASHING THE WARE.

Dr. G. A. Jayker, Assistant Health Officer in the Bombay Municipality, said he lived just opposite the complainants' shop. He saw the accused kicking at the complainants' ware and smashing them. A Parsi gentleman who interfered was also assaulted by the accused. There were about four or five policemen who were flourishing sticks at the crowd gathered there. The complainants did not resist, but they were very roughly handled by the accused. Both the accused were in uniform.

Cross-examined by Mr. Azad, witness said neither the complainants nor any hawker placed their wares on the footpath. The accused's conduct was so unruly that witness asked some gentleman to 'phone to the Commissioner of Police and call him on the spot. After other policemen came, who were about four in number, they flourished their sticks and belts at the crowd unnecessarily.

ROUGH HANDLING.

Dr. G. S. Wazker said he lived opposite the scene of the incident. At about 9-30 p.m. on the night in question he was reading a newspaper in his house when he heard some police whistles. On coming out he found the accused handling the complainants roughly and abusing them filthily. The accused also kicked at the wares smashing a number of glasses. A Parsi gentleman advised the accused not to assault the complainants, but to take them away to the police, but he was also taken to the Police Station in the gharry. Witness voluntereed himself to give evidence in the Court. Nobody asked him to do so.

Cross-examined by Mr. Azad, witness said he saw accused P. C. No. 2652 using his strap and beating mercilessly.

Eruchshah Pirojshah Merchant corroborated the above witnesses and said he advised the police to take the complainants to the Police Station, but they did not listen. Some more policemen came later on and began to flourish sticks. The complainants were willing to go to the Police Station. Witness was also caught by the police and put in a gharry and taken away to the Police Station. He was detained there till 1-30 a.m.

Cross-examined by Mr. Azad, witness said the complainants were willing to go to the Police Station, but they were not allowed to do so. Witness did not know complainants before. Witness was arrested because he remonstrated with the police sepoys. He did not interfere with the policemen in the discharge of their duty. He advised, on the other hand the complainants to go to the Police Station quietly and explain there everything. Witness' brother tried to come in the gharry to go to the Police Station, but he was thrown out by the police.

Mr. V. Haldipur staying at Girgaon Road said he was going along Girgaon Road on the night in question. Witness then narrated the scene created by the accused policemen and said after the accused whistled a few policemen came who all began to flourish their sticks which made it impossible for the passers-by to walk with safety. A Parsi gentleman, who remonstrated, was also assaulted and taken away to the Police Station.

Cross-examined by Mr. Azad, witness said he heard complainants tell the accused that they were prepared to go to the Police Station if they were allowed to put their things in order and lock their shop. Witness did not see any articles on the footpath.

FIRST ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

P. C. No. 2652, the first accused, in his statement said he was on patrol duty on the night in question. He saw some Mahomedans exposing their wares on the footpath. They were told to remove the ware when complainant No. 2 asked the second accused (his companion) if it was his father's place and they refused to move. When they were told not to abuse they persisted in their abuse. P. C. 2651 then threatened to take him to the Police Station. Then complainant No. 2 stood up with two glasses in his right hand and seized P. C. No. 2651 with his left hand. The glasses fell on the other glassware. He told complainant No. 2 to let go the hold on his clothes. Complainant No. 1 was going to assault us and kicked up a row. By this time two Parsis came there whom they told that the complainants had torn their clothes and they were going to take them to the Police Station. As they did not release the complainants, the Parsis began to assault them with fists. On their whistling some more policemen came who arrested one of the Parsis who was assaulting them. The other Parsi ran away.

Accused No. 2 (P. C. No. 2651) said he was going along Thakordwar with the first accused when they saw two Mahomedans with their glassware on the footpath. They were told to remove their wares which they refused to do and abused them. They were warned not to abuse, whereupon complainant No. 1 struck the deponent with a glass. The complainants were then arrested, but they refused to go to the Police Station. Some Parsis then came who asked them to release their prisoners, but as they refused to do so, they began to assault them. P. C. 2244 came and arrested one of the Parsis.

Further hearing was adjourned till Tuesday next.

CRUELTY TO A BULLOCK.

At the Girgaum Police Court, before a bench of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, presided over by Mr. L. R. Heerjibhedin and Mr. R. A. Spence, one Ramzabux Khudabux, manager of Mogul Aerated Co., was charged at the instance of the B. S. P. C. A. Agent No. 9, with permitting an unfit bullock to be employed for work.

The evidence for the prosecution was that the Agent arrested the cart-driver of the Company with using an unfit animal. The bullock had a very bad sore neck and was emaciated. The cart-driver though bailed out to appear before the Court failed to do so. The Agent therefore went to the accused to enquire about the driver, but the accused would not give him any assistance in pointing him out and defied him. Upon this the Agent obtained a summon against the accused.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

In sentencing the accused the Court observed that it was one of the worst cases of cruelty that came to its notice. Apparently the accused whose duty it was to look after the animal neglected it so much that it was not fed properly and had a very serious red patch on its neck. The Court therefore inflicted the maximum penalty and fined the accused Rs. 100, in default to suffer 2 months' simple imprisonment. The bullock was ordered to be sent to the Bai Sakurbai Hospital.

CHARGED WITH BEING DISORDERLY IN PUBLIC STREET.

At the Girgaon Police Court, before a bench of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, presided over by Messrs. L. R. Heerjibhedin and R. A. Spence, one Ismail Dariya Naik and two others were charged with being disorderly in a public place.

The evidence showed that on the 24th instant P. C. 838/C saw the accused assaulting one Ramchandra Rajaram, a motor driver, at Bhuleshwar. The accused pleaded not guilty and stated that the motor driver and his cleaner assaulted No. 1 and therefore the other two accused came to his rescue.

In delivering judgment the Court remarked that the motor driver was in the service of Mr. Shivnath Nimani who was seated in the motor car at the time of the assault. Mr. Nimani is a J.P. whose duty it was to come forward and give evidence in the interests of justice. In the absence of such material the Court was not prepared to accept the prosecution story and acquitted the accused.

RAIDING OF A HOUSE.

ARREST OF SIX PERSONS.

On Thursday night, Inspector King of Thana Police came to Bombay in consequence of certain information and with the assistance of Inspector Gole and some officers of C. I. D. raided a house in Islampura at 2 a.m. on Friday and arrested six persons, two of whom were Banias and the rest four Purseshis. The police also seized two revolvers and 128 cartridges which were in possession of the accused.

The accused have been taken to Bandra for further enquiries.

CORONER'S COURT.

ALLEGED FATAL ASSAULT.

The Coroner concluded inquest on Friday touching the death of Gangaram Rama who died of injuries alleged to have been inflicted by Mahadeo and Govind under circumstances already reported in these columns.

Sub-Inspector Rane said in consequence of some information received he went to the J. J. Hospital where he saw the deceased, who on being questioned said he was assaulted by Mahadev and Govind. The former assaulted him with a stick and the latter jumped on his stomach. They both were thereupon arrested and charged with causing grievous hurt at Mazagon Police Court and were bailed out. They have disappeared from Bombay since the death of Gangaram.

The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries inflicted by Mahadev who was aided and abetted by Govind.

BOMBAY RADIO CLUB.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Bombay, June 27.

The following programme of music by the Grand Hotel Orchestra followed by the news of the day from Reuter's and the Associated Press of India will be broadcasted by wireless at the Bombay Presidency Radio Club at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday):—

The Bombay Chamber Orchestra under the directions of Mr. E. Behr will give the following programme from 9-30 p.m. to 11 p.m. to-day (Saturday):—

Overture—Stradella ..... Flotow
A Gaelic Dream Song ..... Foulds
Suite of Old Dances (1) Gavotte. (2) Sarabande. (3) Menuet. (4) Cibel ..... Lully
Forceuse ..... Jarnefelt
Norwegian Dances (1) Allefro Marcato. (2) Allegretto Tranquillo ..... Grieg
Meditation from "Thais" ..... Massenet
Humoreske (a) ..... Dvorak
Hungarian Dance (b) No. 5 ..... Brahms
News Bulletin supplied by Reuter's and the Associated Press of India.
God Save The King.

The members of the Radio Club are informed that the use of the main entrance and staircase of the "Sailors' Home" has now been permitted by the courtesy of the Committee of the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR: "Bonnie Prince Charlie" a romance of the 45 rebellion which features Gladys Cooper and Ivor Novello, generally praised by the English press as one of the most attractive films the story tells, not of fair Charles Edward Stuart of history, but of the Bonnie Prince Charlie of legend and song. It recalls the dead centuries and turbulent times when Charles Stuart endeavoured to wrest England's Crown from George II. Prince Charlie is one of the most romantic figures of history of all time, and in the person of Ivor Novello he becomes a film figure to fire the imagination as the real Charlie once stirred the hearts of the Highlanders. His "opposite" of the romance is the Scottish national heroine, Flora Macdonald, played by Britain's most popular actress, Gladys Cooper...Here Flora is a most attractive character whose personality dominates with that of Prince Charlie, the whole play. Added to this romantic appeal, "Bonnie Charlie" has the advantage of consistently good acting by a strong cast, first class photography and staging, and last but not least Scottish backgrounds never equalled in a British picture. The scenes of the Battle of Culloden, for instance, were fought upon the actual battleground —merely one instance of the care in detail taken in staging by no means an easy subject.

* * * *

THE EMPIRE: When a man steals money from his employer and begs his wife to square matters and at any cost prevent his prosecution, what is the price the suffering wife must pay? This is one of the delicate questions asked in "Paid in Full", the film which is being shown at the Empire. The story is based upon a play which was a big success in America. In such circumstances as are dealt with in the film it is usually the woman who pays, but in this case the toll of retribution was met by her husband. "Paid in Full" was written across the paper, and it cleared a husband from the chance of disgrace, but he had gone so far in forcing his wife to an awful extremity that he could not face the music. His own cowardice caused him to force his wife to get the paper that cleared him of his crime. He "Paid in Full" with his own worthless life. In the leading role in the film is Pauline Frederick, who has appeared in many Paramount pictures.

* * * *

THE EMPRESS: At the Empress there is now being shown "A Woman of Paris", which during the past week has been exhibited at the Excelsior. This is a notable film. It was directed by Charlie Chaplin, and is the first serious production by the famous film comedian. Chaplin himself takes no part in it, but throughout the film there is evidence of the most minute attention to detail, and it is a film which has been cordially welcomed because there is an interesting plot, the story of which is finely unfolded.

* * * *

GLOBE:—Three more episodes of the "Haunted Valley" featuring Ruth Roland will be shown at the Globe to-night. The current chapters are as full of thrills as the previous ones and one wonders how the "Outdoors Serial Queen" lives through them. Nothing seems to daunt Miss Ronald's courage who rides, swims, flies, and does everything which only a well trained athlete could do. "Snub" Pollard provides the "Comic" relief in the programme this week. The two part Comedy entitled "Sold at Auction" is the funniest thing ever seen in Bombay. The cast includes Jack Ackroyd, the famous English Comedian. A last edition of Pathe Gazette concludes this excellent programme which is well worth seeing.

* * * *

WEST END:— A Superb Paramount Photo-drama "The Great Moment" (7 reels) featuring the most popular screen's stars Gloria Swanson and Milton Sills, with an all-star cast it will be rightly regarded as the sensation of the day in the motion picture world. It is the tremendous story of a girl whose gipsy heart led her away from society conventions into strange and surprising adventures. The drama from the beginning to the end blazes with romance and luxury. Life in the official Washington, barbaric revels in Russia, social intrigues in England thrilling escapades in the mountains of the West all are bound together with the golden thread of gipsy love. The programme includes a one reel Nervy Ned comedy.

THE NOVELTY CINEMA.

The Novelty presents this week a picture of absorbing interest—Sati Padmini—a production of the Maharashtra Film Co. of Kolhapur. The picture deals with some of the well-known episodes in the life of Padmini—the Beauty of Rajasthan—for whose hand many a lance was broken and the knights swore considered no price too high to win the love of this Queen of Beauty. The picture takes us to the stirring and glorious times in the history of Rajasthan and the producers have spared no pains to stick to historic details as regards dress and setting. Mr. Baliaheb Yadav as Rana Bhimsingh once more lives up to his part and is supported by an admirable group of actors. The acting scenario and photography are good. The one outstanding feature of the picture is the absence of any historical incongruities and inaccuracies which mar the productions of Indian companies. In a word the picture is a successful achievement of the Maharashtra Film Co., which has up to now to its credit such historical pictures as "Sinhagad", and "Treasures of Kalyan."

THE SOUTH INDIAN DRAMATIC SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the above society 'Puthuka Pattabhishekam" in Tamil will be enacted by boys under 16 years at Baliwalla Grand Theatre to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-3 p.m. (S.T.).

CONCERT OF INDIAN MUSIC.

The concerts of Indian music organised by the Municipality which are usually given at the Victoria Gardens and which are withheld during the rains will now be given occasionally in the hall of the Working Men's Institute situated in Bachubai Building, Elphinstone Road, near the Parel Tram Terminus. The Committee of the Social Service League has consented to place this hall at the disposal of the Municipality. The first of these concerts, which are open to the public free of charge, will be held to-morrow (Sunday) from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. (S. T.) by Prof. G. V. Manerikar.

CITY MORTALITY

Statement showing the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 26th June 1924 to 6 a.m. of 27th June 1924.

Small-pox attacks 8 deaths 4; Cholera attacks nil deaths nil; Plague attacks nil deaths nil; Influenza attacks nil deaths nil; Total mortality exclusive of stillborn 88. Total mortality this year last year 88.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT.

The Commissioner appointed under the Workmen's Compensation Act of Bombay, Bombay Suburban Division and the Districts of Ahmedabad, Broach, Surat, Khandesh and Sholapur writes to say that his office will open on the 1st July 1924 in the old Customs House, Bombay.

THE "ADVOCATE OF INDIA."

With reference to the report which appeared in our issue of Thursday regarding the auction sale of the "Advocate of India" that the paper was purchased by a syndicate including Mr. R. F. Munshi, we are asked to state that Mr. R. F. Munshi, bar-at-law has nothing to do with the syndicate.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

The s. s. "Delta" with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Dr. Arundale's public lecture on "Adyar and its Workers, Blavatsky Lodge T. S. Hall Apollo Street, 7-30 p.m. (Admission tickets Re. 1, and As. 8 and 4).

The Harwood League: Y. M. C. C. vs. Staff, Cooperage, 3-45 p.m.

Harwood League, (2nd Division) West Yorks 'B' v. G. I. P. All Blacks, Colaba.

Cricket:—Parsi Gymkhana v. Persian C. C. (2) Islam Gymkhana v. Young Hindu Jolly C. C.

SUNDAY, June 29.

Cricket matches: Islam Gymkhana v. Prabhu Jolly C. C.; (2) Young Muslim Sporting Club v. Elphinstone C. C.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

June 28 (Sat.) Sunrise 6h. 4m. Sunset 7h. 20m.
June 29 Sun.) Sunrise 6h. 4m. Sunset 7h. 20m.
June 30 (Mon.) Sunrise 6h. 5m. Sunset 7h. 20m.
July 1 (Tues) Sunrise 6h. 5m; Sunset 7h. 20m.
July 2 (Wed) Sunrise 6h. 5m. Sunset 7h. 20m.
July 3 (Thu) Sunrise 6h. 6m; Sunset 7h. 20m.
July 4 (Fri) Sunrise 6h. 6m; Sunset 7h. 20m.

Domestic Occurrence.

UTHAMNAS

NARANDAS THACKERSEY MOOLJI.—The third day ceremony of Seth Narandas Thackersey Mooljee of Messrs. Thackersey Mooljee and Co., who died at Kaukhal (Hardwar) on Thursday, the 26th June, will take place on Sunday, the 29th instant, at 3 p.m. (B. T.) at his residence, "Anand Bhuvan", Girgaum Back Road.

R10699

SHETH ROOGNATHDAS GOPALDAS, aged 80, died at his residence on Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, on Friday, 27th June, at 7 a.m. Deeply regretted by a large circle of relatives and friends. Oothamna ceremony will be performed at the above place on Saturday, the 28th instant, at 4 p.m. (B. T.).

R10694

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The N. Y. K. steamer "Tamba Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 26th instant and is due to arrive here on Monday afternoon, the 30th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed mails for Singapore, China and Japan per s. s. "Wakasa Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

CHANDA RAMJI GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

Miss Vimla Khimchand Broker is the first Jain lady of the Dasa Oswal community to matriculate this year from the Chanda Ramji Girls' High School. For the last two years the Matriculation results of the Gujarati girls in this school has been cent. per cent., and passed candidates have all joined colleges.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Council of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee which was to be held to-day (Saturday) as announced before, will be held on Wednesday, the 2nd July, at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at the Congress Office, Krishna Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

VADANAGARA NAGAR CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The Vadanagara Nagar Conference Committee will meet to-morrow (Sunday) at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at Pramodal Terraces, Grant Road, to consider the draft of the report prepared by one of the Secretaries.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. V. G. Bhandarkar will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.). The morning Divine Service will be conducted by Prof. V. S. Fadnis at 7-30 a.m. (S. T.).

MADRASEE CO-OPERATIVE HOSTEL SOCIETY, LTD.

The sixth general meeting of the Madrasee Co-operative Hostel Society, Ltd., will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at Bengal Building, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar.

YOUNG MEN'S MUSLIM ASSOCIATION.

There will be a weekly meeting of the Elocution and General Instruction Class of the Young Men's Muslim Association to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. in the office of the Association, when Maulana Kutturrahuras will resume his address on "How to prepare and deliver a speech."

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

There will be a musical entertainment by Mr. Tekade of Nagpur at the next conversational meeting of the Brotherhood to be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Brotherhood Headquarters, "Arya Bhawan", Sandhurst Road.

YOUNG BHANDARI VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Under the auspices of the above Corps, a conversational meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-30 a.m. at the residence of Mr. Dattatraya Kashinath Moorkar at Umarkhadi, when all the members are requested to attend.

GITA CLASS.

Swami Vishwananda of the Ramakrishna Mission will conduct the Gita Class in (English) from 6 to 7 p.m. to-day in the Saraswat Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi. The Swami will conduct the weekly Vedanta Class from 8-30 to 9-30 a.m. on Sunday at the Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar Road, near Santa Cruz. Both the classes are open to the public.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association a magic lantern lecture will be delivered by Mr. M. H. Shaha, M.B.B.S. on "Malaria" on the 28th June 1924 in the Municipal Chawls at Dadar at 8 p.m. (S.T.) Lecture will be delivered in Gujarati.

All are requested to attend.

"THREE YEARS IN AMERICA."

Under the auspices of the Ghatkopar Praja Mandal, a public gathering will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 a.m. (S. T.), in Sheth Ramji Assar Vidyalaya Hall to welcome Mr. Jeysingrao P. Mehta, M. C. S., (New York University), who has recently returned to India after a stay of more than three years in America, when Mr. Jeysingrao will narrate his recollections of "Three Years in America."

FOR INDIAN ART.

A meeting of the Art Society of India will be held to-morrow (Sunday) in the Society's Rooms at Girgaum Tram Terminus, to mark the Society's appreciation of and record its thanks for the resolution urging practical encouragement to Indian art passed at the Conference on Indian Art held under the auspices of the India Society in London. Mr. Pickthall will preside.

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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1924.

"THE MISUSE OF THE JUDICIARY."

"It is essential to the well-being of a State that the administration of the law should not only be proper but be so recognised by the people; and if the judiciary of a State is used for purposes other than the interpretation of the law from the seat of justice, or is allowed to misuse its powers, there cannot be a proper administration of the law." So writes Mr. Ernest Bowen-Rowlands in the course of an article under the above heading in the April number of the "Quarterly Review." Though the article was, of course, written without any reference to the O'Dwyer-Nair trial, it expresses forcibly the thoughts which have arisen in the minds of many of us as the result of that trial. He asks what are the essential qualities of a good judge, and answers that chief among the requisite qualities "are high personal character, skill in the Law, and impartiality, or, at all events, a reputation for being impartial. The last quality is of such imperative importance that if a judge has it not, he cannot be a good judge." With regard to the first two qualities enumerated there is no doubt but that they are "prevalent in our (i.e. English) judiciary." "As to impartiality, whatever may have been the case in past times, it is now-a-days certain that our judges endeavour to be impartial, and almost invariably succeed, in fact, if not in appearance." The failure of a judge or judges to be impartial, or at least to appear so, tends to destroy public reverence for the law and, as the writer insists: "a popular belief in the impartiality of the judiciary is the main support of the fabric of the State. Once that belief is shaken, the support is *pro tanto* weakened. When it no longer obtains, the Rule of Force supplants the Rule of Law."

Mr. Bowen-Rowlands' object is to point out the danger of interference with the smooth administration of the Law, and the risk of loss of public confidence in the judges' impartiality, when the political executive employs them (the judges) on commissions, or when they themselves indulge in party politics. He instances Mr. Justice Day in 1886 being sent to Ireland to enquire in the West Belfast riots; three judges in 1888 being made members of a commission to enquire into the Parnell-"Times" libel case—this took them away from their work for over a year. Then, he says: "Another instance is that of the Earl of Reading. In 1910, Sir Rufus Isaacs, who had made his life's success in the calling of the Bar, became Attorney-General, and in 1912 was made a Cabinet Minister—in defiance of constitutional rule and custom .....In 1913, Sir Rufus Isaacs, with the cordial approval of the Bar, was made Lord Chief Justice of England and from that year until a date in 1915 he admirably fulfilled the duties of his high office.....In 1915, the Political Executive interposed itself between him and his duty and, while still holding his judicial office, he was despatched to America as President of the Anglo-French Loan Mission." He returned to his duties in 1916, was again sent to America in 1918 and in 1921 was made Viceroy of India. Of this appointment Mr. Bowen-Rowlands writes: "It soon appeared that the Prime Minister had grown tired of merely spasmodic interference with the course of Justice, and was determined on one final assertion of the over-riding right of the Political Executive to make justice the hand-maid of any service that such Executive might select. Accordingly, in that year, the Prime Minister annexed the Lord Chief Justice to an office which was not less incompatible with his Chief Justiceship than his other temporary employments. Lord Reading became Viceroy of India, and finally surrendered to a novel diplomacy the legal learning and training of a lifetime. It is difficult to comment on this instance of misuse of our judiciary with calmness and without prejudice. In this case we had the dignity of the Law as represented by the Chief of the Permanent Judiciary turned to the base uses of Finance and Diplomacy."

This view of an appointment which was welcomed at the time in India will be new to Indian readers, but from the standpoint of the author it is quite irrefutable. Mr. Bowen-Rowlands holds that the judiciary must be altogether aloof from politics and divorced from the machine of party or even national politics if it is to maintain its reputation for impartiality on which the very "fabric" of the State depends. He therefore with this object strongly advocates the reforms which are being suggested in England. In conclusion he observes:—"Whatever may be thought of the quality of the suggested reforms, there can be little if any doubt that the misuse of the judiciary threatens the existence and the vigour of the Rule of Law. If that is rightly said, some reform is necessary, for it is not to the 'Shining Sword' that the national greatness of our country is attributable, but to the operation of that Rule. Equality before the Law is the sure shield of British progress, and in the true interests of the Empire, naught should be suffered to interfere with the effectuation of that Principle."

THE FIGHT FOR INDIAN ART.

The proposals of Sir George Lloyd at the India Society's Conference on Indian Art at Wembley, and their acceptance by the Conference have naturally given pleasure to the artists of Bombay. In order to give expression to their satisfaction and to further the translation of the said proposals into terms of fact, the Bombay artists and their sympathisers will meet to-morrow afternoon to pass a resolution of thanks to the Wembley Conference and to elaborate a scheme of future work in India calculated to further the realisation of the hope held out to them. There has been talk of Indian Art in influential English circles in the past; there have ever been ideas and schemes for patronising it; but these have never been based upon the actual conditions of artistic life in India. The present proposals are based upon the actual needs of Indian artists; therefore, they mark a great advance in practicality. While the ideas and schemes remained remote from actual conditions, it was impossible for Indian artists to collaborate in any way with their promoters or to feel for them any enthusiasm. Now that a practicable scheme has been suggested, which seeks to meet the crying needs of Indian Art and Artists of to-day, the Indian artists and their sympathisers can help effectually to realise it, and we are sure that they will do so with enthusiasm. It has been almost a custom with the patrons of the Indian people to bestow upon them something which is of no use to them, and then to blame them for their apathy towards the gift. We venture to say that Indians are as keen as any other nation, and as practical, in the pursuit of any project which appeals to them and which they can call their own. Here is a project which is the Indian artist's own, since it expresses his desire and meets his need. It is for Indian artists and their sympathisers to provide the support *in India* without which any project framed for India must inevitably fail. We lay some stress on the assistance of their sympathisers because the Indian artists, being generally very poor, are not in a position to succeed without such patronage. The object of the present proposals is to improve their lot and raise their status, as the best means of restoring Art in India to the throne from which she has too long been banished, to the detriment of the whole character of Indian life. We call on all who care for beauty to assist them in their struggle, which is India's own.

NOT REUTER'S BUT SOME OTHER.

We have reason to believe that we inadvertently wronged Reuter's Bombay Agency when we laid to their charge a certain message of a misleading nature with regard to the opinions of Mahatma Gandhi. The message in question was published in the Kenya newspaper from which we quoted it, along with other messages, under the general heading: "Reuter's Cables." We must say that we were very much surprised to come upon a Reuter's telegram of such a character. From information we have since received it seems much more likely that it had its origin in the inventive brain of the Bombay correspondent of some English daily, and was taken by the Kenya journal from the English Press. More than once lately we have come across, in English daily papers telegrams from their Bombay correspondent giving "information" with regard to the Indian Nationalist movement which was far from true. Such messages have begun to wear the look of a deliberate campaign of falsehood. One could make allowance for their fallacious nature had they been written in London, but there is no excuse for them when written in Bombay where accurate information on the subject can be had for the asking. The following letter which we have received from Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, Editor of "The Khilafat Daily", will give the reader some idea of the extent of the mischief which is being caused by this Bombay lie factory:

"In the "Chronicle" of the 25th June you have drawn attention to a telegram published in some Kenya papers in which Mahatma Gandhi's views on the boycott of English goods are misrepresented. I wish to add that I have been seeing such perverted and misrepresented views of Mahatmaji in Arabic papers as well. The other day I saw in a paper of Baghdad that "Mahatma Gandhi has forbidden boycott of English goods" that "Mahatma Gandhi has permitted the people to enter the Councils" and so on. All such news have been published in the Arabic papers through one or other of the English news agencies."

Is Bombay going to rival Athens, Helsingfors and Riga in the false news industry? For its own reputation the European community in the city—which alone can be suspected in this case—should seek out the shady "industrials" and suppress them.

Notes of the Day.

'M. N. Roy: A Critical Inquiry."

On Monday next we hope to publish the first instalment of "M. N. Roy: A Critical Inquiry" by Mr. Arthur Field. Our readers will no doubt remember the sensation caused by Reuter's Agency when it telegraphed out to India at great length Mr. M. N. Roy's programme for the liberation of his fellow-countrymen. Among the editorial comments on the subject which appeared in "The Chronicle" at that time was one which roused the honest ire of Mr. Field who is a member of the Communist party of Great Britain. It was in the form of a suggestion that Mr. Roy had in a famous trial turned informer. When the present writer was in England last, he was assured that the suggestion was a calumny; that Mr. Roy, though he had incurred and even courted the wrath of almost every Government had never in his life betrayed his comrades in rebellion. To make some amends, the present writer promised that he would publish the true facts of Mr. Roy's history if they were sent to him. The present publication is the late fulfilment of that promise. The story of Mr. Roy's career, full as it is of desperate adventures and hair-breadth escapes, can hardly fail to interest the general reader.

More "Sympathy."

The Conventionists under Mrs. Besant are busy in England with their favourite pastime of sending memorials, conducting deputations and organising demonstrations in support of what is described as a movement in favour of Dominion Status for India. One such demonstration was held at Queen's Hall, London, on Wednesday evening and if one is to judge from the speeches made by Labour speakers, the British people are merely waiting for India to demand freedom to give it to her. Mr. Robert Simille, who presided, at the meeting, declared his belief that a vast majority of the British people were of the opinion that they were not entitled to withhold self-government from the people of India and the rank and file of Government's followers sympathised with that opinion. The Indian people are beholden to the veteran Labour leader for this assurance but it will not be unreasonable on their part to ask why, if the vast majority of the British people are in favour of India's claim and the rank and file of Labour Party support them, they permit the Labour Government, which evidently represents their view, to repudiate the Party's pledge to India and to add insult to injury by promising self-government in the distant future by Fabian methods. India has had enough of "sympathy" even of the Labour Party. It has not helped her cause a bit so far and will not help it in the future until it is followed by suitable action.

The Only Security.

It is well that Mr. MacDonald has emphatically contradicted the reports that have been circulated by certain newspapers that during his recent conversation with the French Premier he had given an undertaking that, in the event of a premeditated German attack, Britain would be on the side of France and Belgium. There could be nothing more disastrous to the peace of Europe than the revival of pacts of the character suggested. France and Belgium must have security. But the security must depend on the joint guarantee of a thoroughly representative League of Nations, not on the dangerous device of balance of power which led to the last war. The Conference of the Allies which is to be held in the middle of next month, and to which America has been invited, has a splendid opportunity for laying the foundation of such a body by inviting, in the task of preserving peace and promoting international concord, the cooperation of Russia, Germany, Turkey and other countries now excluded from what is misnamed the League of Nations.

A Discrepancy.

An anonymous correspondent has forwarded to us the following extract from a letter dated 3rd December, 1923, addressed by the Managing Editor of a local daily newspaper to the local Government:—

"No newspaper published in Western India issues an auditor's certificate of its circulation, and it is notorious that the circulation claims of all newspapers are largely fictitious. It has been publicly announced by us that the circulation of 'The I—D—M' will be certified by a well-known firm of Chartered Accountants and we have further undertaken to publish and issue not less than 8,000 copies a day. We make bold to say that there is no newspaper published in this territory (*sic*) which will be willing to publish an auditor's certificate of its circulation and we claim that a newspaper with a circulation of 8,000 copies a day is entitled to receive all publications issued by the local Government to the Press."

The above accords so much with the literary style and journalistic enterprise of our most junior local evening contemporary, that we gladly make a present of it to our contemporary with a view to enable it to see if the cap fits its abnormally developed cranium. It will be noticed that in the letter there is the same stunt about "certified sales" and the same mystical reference to "its territory" that the "Mail" has familiarised us with during the past few days. But there is one small discrepancy. Whereas the guaranteed daily circulation of our contemporary six months ago was 8,000, now it is "over 5,000 copies." And, according to our contemporary itself, "during the past three months the net sales of the paper have very nearly trebled." Eight thousand six months ago, less than two thousand three months ago and "over five thousand" now—does this not constitute a remarkable record of "progress" within seven months? We do not know if our contemporary succeeded in getting gratis all the Government publications. We hope it did.

European "Goondas."

According to the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" the Dacca journal, "The Herald", has published a report containing allegations of an extraordinary character against certain members of the European community living at Narayanganj. "The Herald" learns that no less than three attempts have been made by these Europeans recently to outrage the modesty of respectable Indian ladies of the town. In the first case, a European coming out of the local club house, is reported to have pounced upon a helpless Indian girl and outraged her modesty. When an attempt was made to lodge a complaint, the local Sub-divisional officer is alleged to have refused to entertain the complaint on the plea that so many Europeans came to the Club that it would be difficult to identify the man who had committed the offence! But was it for him to say whether the victim of the assault could or could not identify the miscreant? In the second case, which occurred last month, an Indian girl of 17 or 18 was passing with her mother along the road, when the assistant engineer of Messrs. David and Co., is reported to have tried to snatch her away from her mother and put her into a hackney carriage. Had it not been for the arrival on the scene at the moment of an Indian gentleman by name Indra Mohan Gope, no one can say what would have happened to the girl. When a complaint was lodged the Magistrate is stated to have issued a summons against the European under Section 352 I. P. C. (ordinary assault) instead of under Section 354 which deals with use of criminal force to a woman with **intent to outrage her modesty.** As under the former section the offence is a compoundable one, the accused was enabled to get-off by payment of money to the complainant. Would the Magistrate have acted as he did if the girl in the case had been a European and the miscreant an Indian? Moreover, Section 354 distinctly relates to offences against women whereas under Section 352 the offence need not be against women.

European Association's Attitude.

The third incident, which is of a more extraordinary character still, is thus referred to by "The Herald":

"There is a persistent rumour in the town that not very long ago when the wife of a local Government official of high rank was one night passing a street by carriage with an orderly of her husband, a European stopped the carriage, mounted the foot-board and attempted to carry away the lady. **A hue and cry** was at once raised and some people appeared on the scene when the 'badmash' ran away."

Lest it should be thought that "The Herald" or its informants have been drawing upon their imagination, we reproduce below the letter addressed to the Editor of the journal by the President of the European Association, East Bengal Branch, which shows that the committee of the Association is not disposed to regard the incidents as altogether mythical:

Sir,—With reference to the leading article of the "Herald" of the 12th inst. The Committee of the East Bengal Branch of the European Association at a meeting specially convened on the 13th, passed unanimously a resolution deploring the behaviour of one of our community which led to the criminal proceedings described under para 1 of the article above mentioned.

Regarding the allegations made in paras 2 and 3 the Committee have taken upon themselves to form a private Court of Enquiry to fully investigate the serious allegations made therein.

You are at liberty to publish this letter in the "Herald."

J. E. ORDISH.
President.

Narayanganj.
14th June, 1924.

While the Association may be congratulated on dissociating itself from the disgraceful conduct of some of the local Europeans surely a somewhat more emphatic term than mere "deploring" is required to express their feelings! Or does the Association view the offences in the light-hearted fashion which the term would signify? It is to be hoped that the enquiry which the Association is conducting will not be a perfunctory one but one calculated to remove the blot from the reputation of the community.

ALLIED CONFERENCE.

U. S. ACCEPTS INVITATION.

OBSERVER TO BE SENT.

LONDON, June 26.

Paris.—M. Herriot announced in the Chamber that the United States had accepted the invitation to be represented at the London Conference officially on the questions concerning the United States and semi-officially as observes on the questions interesting to other Allies.—Reuter.

CONFERENCE OF PREMIERS.

TO BE RESTRICTED TO DISCUSSIONS ON DAWES' PLAN.

LONDON, June 27.

Washington.—Government has given a definite assurance that the Conference of Premiers to be held on July 16th will be restricted to discussions on the Dawes' plan and will not include the question of inter-Allied debts.—Reuter.

U. S. PRESIDENCY.

RIVAL DEMONSTRATIONS.

LONDON, June 26.

New York.—Successive proposals to nominate Mcadoo and Governor Smith as candidate for the Presidency led to protracted demonstrations of their respective supporters at to-day's sitting of the Democratic Convention with cheering, shouting, blowing of horns and marches round the hall.—Reuter.

COTTON GROWING IN INDIA.

PROSPECT IN PUNJAB AND SIND.

LONDON, June 27.

Messrs. Burt, Conville, Mann and Roberts, Members of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, by invitation attended a meeting of the Administrative Council of the Empire Cotton Growing Association to-day. Mr. Burt briefly outlined the Indian Central Cotton Committee's programme of work and said that in their efforts to improve marketing of Indian cotton they first drew attention to reduction of abuses which made Indian cotton unpopular. The Committee particularly desired assistance in marketing new types of Indian cottons. The Committee was appointing a special botanist in the Punjab and also had promised substantial grants towards experimental work in Sind.

Doctor Mann explained in detail the future prospects of cottongrowing in Sind under the Lloyd barrage canal system which would irrigate eight million acres of which two million would ultimately come under cotton. The Committee promised sufficient supervision of the scheme for experimental work.—Reuter.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL SCHEME.

COMMITTEE OF IMPERIAL DEFENCE TO CONSIDER.

LONDON, June 26.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to-day informed a deputation of members of the House of Commons that in view of the changed circumstances including strategy and air power and the necessity for promoting harmonious Anglo-French relations he was summoning a special meeting of the Committee of Imperial Defence at which he himself would preside to consider and report on the Channel Tunnel scheme.—Reuter.

AUDIENCE WITH KING.

LONDON, June 27.

The King received Sir James Brunyate who is relinquishing the membership of the India Council and Sir Frederick Whyte prior to court to-night.

The King and Queen received Raja Jogindarsen and Raja and Rani of Mandi.—Reuter.

THE BURMA COUNCIL.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, June 27.

The next session of the Burma Legislative Council will commence on 25th August and conclude on 30th. It is understood that one day will be devoted to official business.

CHOLERA IN TUTICORIN.

(Associated Press.)

TUTICORIN, June 27.

Cholera is getting a stronger hold on this town and it has spread to all the wards. Yesterday there were thirty attacks and fourteen deaths. Total up to date is 175 attacks and 107 deaths.

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety impossible with solid fuel.

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DEFENSIVE ALLIANCE?

QUESTION IN COMMONS.

PREMIER'S INDIGNANT DENIAL.

LONDON, June 26.

Mr. MacDonald was cross-examined at question time in the Commons with reference to a statement attributed to M. Herriot in an interview to "Independence Belge" which had aroused furious controversy in the French and British Press that in the event of premeditated German attack he had received a firm promise from Britain as in 1914 that Britain would be on the side of France and Belgium and had an assurance of a firm pact binding on the three countries. Mr. MacDonald complained that his conversations with M. Herriot were grossly misrepresented and falsified by certain newspapers. The communique of June 22nd and his statement on June 23rd covered the whole ground of conversation. The reports mentioned in the question were based either on confusion or imagination. There was absolutely no kind of undertaking as regards the defensive and military alliance so far as the conversations with M. Herriot were concerned.—Reuter.

GERMANY AND ALLIES.

RESULTS OF INTER-ALLIED CONVERSATIONS.

LONDON, June 26.

Paris.—Submitting an account of the Chequers and Brussels conversations to the Senate and the Chamber M. Herriot said that Mr. Macdonald told him that in the event of German default in the execution of Dawes Plan, Britain would solemnly undertake to stand by the allies. Britain desired that Germany should give a written undertaking to carry out necessary measures the execution of which, he insisted to Mr. Macdonald, was a necessity to a settlement of the Inter-Allied Debts question which the British Premier urges should be taken up without delay.—Reuter.

EXPELLED GERMANS.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO OCCUPIED TERRITORY.

LONDON, June 27.

Berlin.—Following upon M. Herriot's declaration in the Chamber with regard to the expelled Germans, permission has already been given to 30,000 persons to return to the French Occupied Territory. The return of a majority of the expelled persons will be rendered possible shortly, and a majority of those imprisoned at the time of the Ruhr conflict will be freed.—Reuter.

QUEEN'S HALL DEMONSTRATION.

LABOUR PARTY & INDIA.

Special to "The Chronicle."

LONDON, June 26.

At a great demonstration in the Queen's Hall Wednesday organised by Mrs. Besant, Mr. Sastri and others of the so-called Convention Deputation. Mr. Robert Smillie M.P., said, "We have given self-government to all but one of our Dominions. Surely we cannot refuse India." He knew that majority of the un-official Labour members desired to confer that right upon India. He even believed that the majority of the Cabinet agreed with them.

HOW TO SECURE PEACE WITH IRELAND,

MR. THOMAS' BELIEF.

LONDON, June 26.

In the Commons Mr. Thomas dealing with Irish representation at Washington said that there seemed to be an impression that if the Irish Republic asked for it, it would be conceded. It should be understood that any such demand would receive the same reply as he believed it would have received from either of the two previous Governments. Government believed that peace and friendship could be maintained in Ireland by the establishment of the Free State as a self-governing Dominion in the British Commonwealth and in no other way.—Reuter.

EASTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY

LONDON, June 27.

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Eastern Extension of Australia and China Telegraph Company Sir John Denison Pender said that the Company had applied for wireless license but had to wait and see Britain's declared policy before anything could be done. They had received terms for license as regards India but it was absolutely impossible for the Company to carry out the terms of Negotiations as regards China which had fallen through after prolonged negotiations.—Reuter.

POLAR EXPEDITION POSTPONED.

LONDON, June 26.

Christiania.—Amundsen has postponed his polar expedition owing to economic difficulties.—Reuter.

HISTORIC MEETING AT AHMEDABAD.

A. I. C. C.'S DECISION.

MAHATMA'S RESOLUTION DECLARED NOT ULTRA VIRES.

COMPROMISE IN SIGHT?

SWARAJIST ATTITUDE.

The Working Committee of the Indian National Congress that met at 2 p. m. on Thursday at Ahmedabad transacted business for over 4 hours and adjourned till to-day (Saturday). The most important business transacted by the Working Committee was the disposal of Mahatma's resolution containing 4 clauses. Out of these 4 clauses, the 1st, 2nd, and 4th clauses, viz. (1) calling upon every Congress member to spin at least ½ an hour daily, (2) laying down disciplinary measures, and (4) condemning the murder of Gopinath Saha, were accepted 'in toto'. In the third clause, viz. for the exclusion of those not accepting the five boycotts from Congress Councils, a slight change was made.

Instead of the A. I. C. C. meeting at 3 p.m., as previously announced, an informal meeting of Pro-changers and No-changers was arranged and the informal meeting was held at 3 p.m. in the new Municipal Hall, Maulana Mahomed Ali presiding, where Mr. Das pleaded for arriving at a reasonable understanding and let the Swarajists remain inside the Congress as one of its wings. The President appealed to the members to put their heads together and arrive at some workable solution in the interests of unity. At the formal meeting which began in the evening Mahatma Gandhi, who was not present at the informal meeting, was given a rousing welcome by the crowds outside. He was received with great honour in the House.

At the time of going to press, an A. P. message stated that the A.I.C.C., by 82 to 68 votes have decided that the Mahatma's resolution is 'not' ultra vires.

No further news was received up to the time of going to press. An earlier A. P. message stated that "from what one can gather in the Congress Camp it seems that a real compromise is in sight."

Our special representative, however, in a short message, states that "it seems almost certain that if Mahatma declines to entertain compromise proposals the Swarajists are determined to try obstructive methods.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

By 82 to 68 votes the All-India Congress Committee had decided that Mr. Gandhi's resolution is not ultra vires after Mr. Mahomed Ali had decided to put the question to the meeting.

FORMAL MEETING OF A. I. C. C.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

The All-India Congress Committee met at about 6-15 p.m. in the new Municipal Hall, Maulana Mahomed Ali presiding. There were about 180 members present, including the President, Mr. C. R. Das, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Mr. Gandhi and others. The President in his introductory remarks opening the proceedings of the meeting said that whatever view the meeting might take on Mr. Gandhi's resolution they were all unanimous in offering him their homage and in expressing their rejoicings at his release.

"Every political movement", said Mr. Mahomed Ali, was bound to have strong differences, but whatever differences they of the Indian National Congress had they were all agreed that they of the Congress were all agreed that they must pay their homage to the greatest of their leaders, and in fact the greatest personality in the modern world. The President said that there was no doubt that Mr. Gandhi never intended to influence anybody's political opinion, but on the other hand welcomed independent opinion discouraging slavery, but welcoming intellectual surrender.

ROUSING RECEPTION TO MAHATMA.

After calling upon the House to help him in the conduct of the proceedings, Mr. Mahomed Ali asked the permission of the meeting to extend on their behalf a hearty welcome to Mr. Gandhi on his arrival. The permission being granted by a chorus of voice from all parties in the committee. The President was about to continue his speech but was disturbed by the cries of "Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai," coming from the crowds outside the municipal gates. Clad in his loin cloth, and with a smile on his lips, Mr. Gandhi made his appearance at the meeting and was received by Maulana Mahomed Ali, who conducted him to the dais. The whole House stood to a man and responded to the President's call to shout "Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai."

Telegrams from various members unable to attend the meeting were then read by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, General Secretary. That over, Moulana Mahomed Ali extended a welcome to Mr. Gandhi in a short speech, appealing to him to lead the nation to its appointed goal through the Indian National Congress (cheers.)

Mr. Gandhi acknowledged the welcome with a graceful bow.

Business of the House was then restored. The first item on the agenda was the announcement by the Working Committee of the decision of the arbitrator in respect of the Maharashtra elections to the All-India Congress Committee. It might be remembered that the Working Committee on the recommendation of Mr. Venkatappaiyya, who had originally decided the matter against the present incumbent re-appointed him as arbitrator in view of some fresh facts which had come to his knowledge. Mr. J. Nehru then announced that Mr. Ayya had reversed his own decision.

INFORMAL MEETING.

NO DECISION ARRIVED AT.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

The informal meeting of the All-India Congress Committee is being held in the new Municipal Hall which has been tastefully decorated for the occasion. The meeting has been arranged by the President in conformity with the desire expressed by a number of members.

If 50 per cent or above of those attending the meeting are found to support Mr. Gandhi's motion it is understood there will be no prospect of any compromise. But if a large body of the delegates are found to voice their opposition to the proposal to exclude the Swarajists and others who do not believe in any or all of the five-fold boycott as enunciated by Mr. Gandhi a workable compromise which it is said will be accepted by Mr. Gandhi will be brought about on the initiative of the advocates of unity. There seems every prospect of an understanding being arrived at. Delegates are understood to have been heatedly advocating a prevention of the Congress being divided into so many factions. Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mr. C. R. Das as also Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar are said to have stated their position before the meeting. A number of speakers on both sides took part in the debate. The meeting is not yet over. Though the formal meeting of the All-India Congress Committee meeting is timed to take place at 3 p.m., it looks unlikely if the meeting will take place at any time before 8 p.m. In any case the Swarajists will meet for consultation between this informal and the forthcoming formal meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. Mr. Gandhi was not present at the meeting which was was attended by a large number of his followers. The informal meeting was not open to the Press. Huge crowds are waiting in the compound of the Hall and in the roadside having been refused admission into the meeting place.

LATER.

Instead of the All-India Congress Committee meeting at 3 p.m. as previously announced an eleventh hour arrangement led to an informal meeting of the members at the new Municipal Hall. Maulana Mahomed Ali presided. Mr. Das opened the discussion by stating that they would be playing into the hands of the country's enemies if they did not arrive at a reasonable understanding and let the Swarajists remain inside the Congress as one of its wings. He repeated Maulana Mahomed Ali's statement that the informal meeting had been called at Mr. Gandhi's desire. Babu Rajendra Prasad (Behar) and some other members asked that Mr. Gandhi should be requested to attend the meeting, but with no avail. Some further discussion took place and the President appealed to the members to put their heads together and arrive at some workable solution in the interests of unity based on differences, apparently referring to Mr. C. R. Das's earlier remark that they should agree to differ. Speaking after Maulana Mahomed Ali Messrs. Pattabi Sitaramayya (Andhra) and C. Rajagopalachar (Tamil Nadu) strongly objected to the Swarajist idea as adumbrated by Mr. Das that Council entry should be treated if necessary as separate departments of the Congress. Mr. Rajagopalachar specially urged the point that now that Mr. Gandhi had come back and was once again free to lead the movement they should give him a free and unrestricted opportunity to work out his programme. If they thought that his programme was not workable they could give it up and adopt a new one. But he did not think it possible that a compromise could be arrived at on the lines suggested. After Mr. Achari's speech the meeting terminated and the President announced that the A.I.C.C. would meet at 6.30 p.m. when Mr. Gandhi will be present and that questions

(Continued on next page.)

BRITISH POLICY IN EGYPT.

LORD PARMOOR'S STATEMENT.

EGYPTIAN PRESS PROTEST.

LONDON, June 27.

Cairo.—The vernacular Press here publishes columns of protests against Lord Parmoor's statement from places throughout Egypt. A huge demonstration of sympathy with the "Sudan Brothers" has been planned. The Cairo "Wafd" has appointed a committee to collect subscriptions to assist the "Sudanese victims of the resent demonstrations of sympathy with Egypt."

ZAGLUL PASHA INTERVIEWED.

Zaglul Pasha interviewed by Reuter to-day said that friends of England in Egypt were ashamed of Lord Parmoor's declaration which had increased the anger of the Anglophobes and made agreement difficult.—Reuter.

BRITISH PRESS APPROVAL.

LONDON, June 27.

Lord Parmoor's statement as regards the Sudan has been practically unanimously approved by the British Press. While some writers express the opinion that Zaglul Pasha in view of his uncompromising attitude, should abandon his visit to London, others admit that there is room for adjustment in the administration which can be conveniently discussed with Zaglul Pasha.—Reuter.

"CENTRE OF GRAVITY."

BRITISH EMPIRE AND CAPITALISM.

LONDON, June 27.

Moscow.—Beinkop, a member of the Dutch Communist Party, speaking at the Congress of the Third International said that the British Empire was the centre of gravity of the world's capitalism. The United States were also a stronghold of the same creed. They must concentrate their efforts on the British Empire because there lay the shortest route to world revolution.—Reuter.

TOTAL ATTENDANCE AT WEMBLEY.

LONDON, June 27.

To-day's attendance at Wembley has brought the total to over 5,000,000 since the opening of the Exhibition.—Reuter.

H. H. AGA KHAN'S ILLNESS.

LONDON, June 27.

Doctors have diagnosed H. H. the Aga Khan's illness as nothing serious and due not to heart trouble but to temporary exhaustion and complete recovery can be expected in a few weeks.—Reuter.

SENATE'S CONFIDENCE IN ITALIAN GOVT.

LONDON, June 27.

Rome.—The Senate has passed a vote of confidence in the Government practically unanimously.—Reuter.

A SPANISH GENERAL PUNISHED.

LONDON, June 27.

Madrid.—General Berenguer, ex-Commander-in-Chief of the Spanish Forces and High Commissioner in Morocco, who was court martialled in connection with the Melilla Disaster of 1921 has been sentenced to be removed from the active list and placed on the Reserve List.

General Navarro who was also court-martialled on the same charge has been acquitted.—Reuter.

LAHORE JOURNALISTS SENTENCED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, June 27.

Jiwan Singh, the Editor, and Sewa Singh, the Publisher of "Kirpan Bahadur", published at Amritsar were convicted under Section 124-A Indian Penal Code and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 150 each.

Mr. Puri representing Jiwan Singh and Dr. Nand Lal representing Sewa Singh appellants argued at the High Court Lahore before Justice Motisagar that the article was not seditious, that there was nothing on record to show that on a persual of this article any feelings of hatred or contempt were excited amongst its readers towards the British Government and that the element of intentions which was necessary to bring the charge home to the appellants was not established. His Lordship upheld the conviction but quashed the sentence of imprisonment by reducing the punishment to a fine of Rs. 150 each.

EUROPEANS ON BOARD "MACMILLAN"

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, June 26.

The following Europeans were on board the S. S. Clan Macmillan:—Captain D. Mackinnon, Chief Officer. J. T. Woolridge. Second Officer, S. M. W. Easterbrook. Third Officer, R. F. Buckley, Fourth Officer, A. O. Gethers, Chief Engineer, F. F. Potts, Second Engineer, W. W. Clark. Third Engineer, R. P. Houston, Fourth Engineer. A. M. Warnock, Fifth Engineer. J. T. Macgraw. Chief Steward. A McKenzie, Wireless Operator H. F. Finner, Carpenter, L. Wilson, Apprentices L. Colin and J. C. Hunter.

POLL TAX IN KENYA.

SIKH LEADER SENTENCED.

The Secretary, East African Indian Congress, cables from Nairobi under date the 26th instant:—

Sirdar Gyansingh, Vice-Chairman of the Congress and leader of the Sikh Community, and eleven others have been imprisoned for six weeks for refusing to pay poll-tax.

VIOLENT EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

REPORTS FROM SEVERAL CENTRES.

LONDON, June 27.

Most violent earthquake shocks are reported from several world centres.

A Cape Town message reports that a record of shock at the Beudandis Observatory began at three in the morning and lasted four hours. The shock appeared to have occurred 7,000 miles away and quivering of the apparatus carried off the quills from the instrument.

A Cap eTown message reports that a shock registered in the Royal Observatory lasted 2½ hours beginning at 3-50 in the morning. The earthquake apparently occured 5600 miles off.

A Sydney message states that shocks were still roaring through the instrumen in the Riverview Observatory at four in the afternoon after over five hours duration.—Reuter.

VAIKOM STRUGGLE.

PROHIBITION ORDER ON MR. GOUNDER.

(From our Correspondent.)

COCHIN, June 27.

Mr. C. A. Aiyamuthu Gounder member Vaikom Satyagrah Deputation, lately released from the central jail after the month's rigorous imprisonment has been served again with an order by the District Magistrate, Quilon, prohibiting him from delivering speeches in Quilon district—this being the third order served on him in Travancore State. He was touring in the district addressing public meetings and collecting funds in aid of the movement. Mr. T. R. Krishnasami Aiyer another Satyagrah prisoner undergoing imprisonment in the central jail, was released and he was given a grand reception by local citizens. Mr. Aiyer, after mentioningo the objects of Satyagrah and duties of Hindus ridiculed the illegal nature of the series of prohibition orders issued and said it was the duty of the public to convince His Highness the Maharajah of their sincerity of purpose. He said unless funds were freely forthcoming the movement would collapse and that the object of the present campaign was neither temple entry nor destruction of caste.

Vaikom caste Hindus have declined to accept the proposal for a referendum in view of practical difficulties of conducting same. They hold that fifty per cent of caste Hindu population being composed of ladies who are most orthodox it will not be possible to get correct representation of their views. They also anticipate similar difficulty in recording opinions of senior caste Hindus who are unaccustomed to modern methods of vote.

AMERICAN AVIATORS.

ARRIVAL IN CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, June 26.

Interviewed by the Associated Press of India Lieutenant Lovell Smith the Officer commanding the three American aeroplanes was enthusiastic about the latest stage of their flight.

The aviators left Akyab early this morning in extremely unfavourable weather conditions. There was thick mist hanging over the town and there was heavy rain falling for some miles out to sea. By taking a direct seaward course the seaplanes ran out of this and experienced clean good weather arriving at Chittagong soon after 9-30. They remained in Chittagong till the close of the noon to the admiration of an interested and inquisitive crowd. Owing to lack of good mooring facilities they were unable to come right into the harbour. Shortly after noon a start was made for Calcutta. Bright sunshine and general weather conditions favoured the trip. Between half past two and a quarter to three the planes were sighted flying over Calcutta and many interested groups of people were to be seen gazing skyward. At three o'clock the three planes came down the river in a triangular formation and gently alighted at the moorings which had been prepared for them at Nawabgunge. All the aviators are in good health and look forward to their journey across India. The aviators will stay in Calcutta for a few days.

To-morrow will be spent in transporting the machines from the river to the maidan where their pontoons will be replaced by wheels for the overland journey. On Saturday a reception will be given by the American Consul-General in their behalf and at night along with the Wanderwells they will be given a dinner by the Calcutta members of the American Legion. Arrangements have also been made to entertain officers and men of the Destroyers which are attending the flight. Lieutenant Lovell Smith hopes that a start will be made for Allahabad early next week.

MACLAREN LEAVES FOR BANGKOK

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, June 27.

Squadron Leader MacLaren accompanied by Flying-Officer Penderleith and Sergeant Andrews left for Bangkok this morning. After taxiing about one thousand yards the aeroplane got off the water at ten minutes to eight.

THE EVEREST TRAGEDY.

DETAILS OF THE ADVENTURE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 26.

Writing on June 8th from East Rongbuk Glacier, Colonel Norton recorded the failure of assaults of the mountain, and under postscript dated June 11th he briefly announced the loss of Messrs. Mallory and Irvine. First Mr. Bruce and Mr. Mallory in bitter cold wind without oxygen reached a height of twenty-five thousand feet but were forced to return owing to the exhaustion of porters. Then Messrs. Norton and Somervell made a climb of over twenty-eight thousand feet but were beaten as Mr. Somervell put it: "in fair fight by sheer shortness of breath." Mr. Somervell was exhausted at twenty-eight thousand feet but Mr. Norton in frayed condition managed after an hour to rise eighty feet above Mr. Somervell who was remarkable. Meanwhile, Mr. Mallory with Mr. Irvine prepared to height was wonderful, gigantic peaks lying at climbers' feet.

Mr. Norton on his return journey was smitten with snow blindness and was escorted down the perilous passage to camp number three by Mr. Higston assisted by two porters. Mr. Higston's performance was remarkable. Meanwhile, Mr. Mallory with Malloyr with Mr. Irvine prepared to make a third attempt. Mr. Irvine being selected as Mr. Bruce's heart was slightly strained. The pair were seen going strong with the help of oxygen. On June 7th they sent a message for Mr. Noel with kinema outfit to be ready. On lookout at eight o'clock on the 8th about six hundred and fifty feet from the top. Nothing was heard from them again. Mr. Norton intimates they reached twenty-eight thousand feet on the morning of the 8th. By noon of the 9th anxiety was aroused and Mr. O'dell went out with porters but there were no signs of the missing men. All that was humanly possible was done but the conclusion is they perished owing to some mountaineering accident unconnected with the weather or oxygen.

JAMIAT-UL-ULEMA.

RESOLUTION RE BHARATPORE MOSQUES.

The Secretary, Jamiat-ul-Ulema Hind, Delhi, wires:—

The Working Committee of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Hind began its sittings at 2 p.m. on the 23rd June and concluded its fourth sitting on the evening of the 25th. These sittings were almost continuous. Owing to the importance of the problem of the Bhartpore mosques some prominent gentlemen were invited to attend in addition to the members. Dr. Kitchlew, Moulana Daud Ghaznavi, Ghazi Abdur Rehman, Syed Jalib editor, the "Hamdam," Moulana Husain Ahmad, Moulana Abdulwali Qutbuddin, Mian Hachi Abdurrehman, Peshawari Kunar Abdulwahab were present. All the sittings were presided over by Hazarat Moulana Mufti Kifayatullah. In addition to some management matters and the six monthly budget the following resolutions were unanimously passed.

According to the resolution number twelve passed at the Genera Session at Cocanada a Special Session of the Jamiat-Ulema Hind should have been held in March but owing to certain unavoidable circumstances it could not be held till now the last week of June, neither can it be expected that under the present circumstances it would be possible to hold the session owing to the difficulties still now confronting the possibility of a session. Therefore, this meeting of the Working Committee thinks it necessary to postpone the session till the end of November next and so much preparations must be made that this session may acquire the importance of an annual session. The preliminary proceedings of selecting the venue and electing a president should begin according to the rules.

This meeting of the working committee decides that a deputation be appointed on behalf of the Jamiat-Ulema Hind which together with the Khilafat Deputation may convey to the Angora Government the wish of the Indian Moslems to reinstal and preserve the central organisation of the Khilafat in accordance with the Shariat in Turkey. The President of the Jamiat is elected on behalf of the Jamiat but if some other gentleman wants to go on behalf of the Jamiat and incur his own expenses the president is allowed, after consultation with the local members of the Jamiat, to select two persons. This resolution must first be put before the Managing Committee for approval.

This meeting of the Working Committee proposes that in connection with the Bharatpore Mosques the decrees of the remaining Ulema be soon acquired for which full endeavours be made and keeping in view the importance of the matter it is decided that a session of the Managing Committee be held till the twentieth Zilhajja 42 A. H. so that all decrees and matters be put before it and a final decision be obtained and that other Ulema and prominent gentlemen be invited for consultation.

NEXT C. P. GOVERNOR.

IS IT TO BE SIR M. SHAFI?

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, June 26.

The "Hitavada" understands that His Excellency Sir Frank Sly, Governor of the Central Provinces will vacate office by the end of this year and that Sir Mian Muhammad Shafi will succeed him.

The "Pioneer" understands that Sir William Vincent is the Chairman of the Committee of the India Council which is considering the Report of the Lee Commission.—(A. P.)

HISTORIC MEETING AT AHMEDABAD.

(Continued from previous page.)

would be discussed on their merits and decided.

The Swaraj Party then met to decide their attitude.

ATTEMPTS AT COMPROMISE.

INFORMAL MEETING AMONG LEADERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

The meeting of the All India Congress Committee will not come off at 3 p.m. as originally arranged, because with a view to arrive at an understanding, if possible, both the no-changers and the pro-changers are meeting at 3 in the Municipal Hall. Mr. Gandhi will not be present at the informal meeting. If some compromise is arrived at there is every likelihood of Mr. Gandhi accepting it on his own responsibility. If however no compromise between the contending parties is arrived at then the Swarajya Party will hold its meeting to consider its attitude at the meeting of the All India Congress Committee, which will not come off in any case before 3 p.m. From what one can gather in the Congress camp it seems that a real compromise is in sight. Babu Rajendra Prasad, lately General Secretary to the National Congress, who is jointly with his colleagues making attempts to avoid a fratricidal war between Congressmen told an Associated Press representative that Mr. Gandhi's resolution as framed by him was not altogether in order. This indeed seems to be the opinion of even prominent no-changer leaders. What form the compromise will take is more than one can say at present.

UNCERTAIN SITUATION.

SWARAJISTS TO TRY OBSTRUCTIVE METHODS?

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

There has been a good influx of members if the All-India Congress Committee and also of visitors from various places in connection with to-day's meeting of the Committee. Private conversations are taking place since yesterday and Mr. Das' arrival this morning has infused fresh enthusiasm among the Swarajist contingent, but the No-changers appear to be strong in numbers as well as in their conviction. I believe, some verbal changes have been effected in the Mahatma's draft resolutions. Everybody is anxiously looking forward to to-day's meeting. As things stand at present it is difficult to predict the outcome. It seems almost certain that if Mahatma declines to entertain compromise proposals the Swarajists are determined to try obstructive methods.

MAHATMA'S RESOLUTIONS.

SPECULATION RE. RULING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

The Congress camp is again full of speculation whether or not Moulana Mahomed Ali will give a definite ruling on the points of order which are certain to be raised on the admissibility from the constitutional point of view of Mr. Gandhi's proposed motion to exclude the Swarajists and other non-believers in the five-fold boycotts from the Congress Executive. Some people say that Moulana Mahomed Ali will himself decide the point while others say he will leave the question to be decided by the house as he is said to have done yesterday at the meeting of the Working Committee.

The All-India Congress Committee meets this afternoon at the Municipal Hall at 3 p.m.

ARRIVAL OF MEMBERS.

EXCITEMENT AT AHMEDABAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

Mr. C. R. Das accompanied by a number of delegates from Bengal arrived to-day for the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee and is staying with Pandit Motilal Nehru. Maulana Shaukat Ali and Mr. Shwaib Qureshi arrived by the Gujarat Mail and received a warm welcome. They are staying with Maulana Mahomed Ali. Messrs. Pattabhi Sitaramayaa, Harisarvottama Rao (Andhra) K. C. Nath (Kerala), S. Srinivasa Iyengar (Tamil Nadu), Mr. R. Venkatram of the "Bombay Chronicle, Mr. Prakasam, Editor of the "Swarajya" and many other prominent members of the All-India Congress Committee were among to-day's arrivals. Mr. N. H. Belgaumwalla has also arrived. The All-India Congress Committee meets this afternoon at the Municipal Hall at 3 p.m.

CONGRESS CAMP EXCITED.

Very probably Mr. Gandhi's resolutions will be among the first subjects to be discussed. The Congress camp is all excited over the forthcoming debate. Speculation is rife whether Maulana Mahomed Ali will give a definite ruling or not on the point of order to be raised at the meeting of the A. I. C. C. on the admissibility or otherwise of Mr. Gandhi's resolution under the existing constitution of the National Congress. It is rumoured here that at yesterday's meeting of the Working Committee, though he was of opinion that Mr. Gandhi's motion was out of order, he left the decision to the Committee which is said to have decided by a majority that it was *intravires*. Now the delegates are speculating whether the president will leave the point of order to the sense of the House or whether he will exercise the presidential discretion. In any case it is certain that a long and heated debate will ensue before Mr. Gandhi's resolution is taken up for discussion on its merits.

MEETING OF WORKING COMMITTEE.

MAHATMA'S RESOLUTIONS ACCEPTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, June 26.

The Working Committee of the Indian National Congress met at 2 p.m. to-day at the Satyagraha Ashram, Sabarmati, under the presidentship of Maulana Mahomed Ali and transacted business for over four hours and eventually adjourned till the day after to-morrow.

The first subject before the Committee was the Maharashtra elections which had been declared void by the arbitrator Mr. Konda Venkatappaiyya. Mr. Venkatappaiyya himself moved that in view of certain fresh facts before him the matter should again be referred to arbitration. The Committee accepted the suggestion and reappointed Mr. Venkatappaiyya himself as the arbitrator. The next subject was about the admission of the press into the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee to-morrow. On the recommendation of the majority of members of the Working Committee the President has decided to allow the members of the press to attend the sittings. The third and the last subject disposed of by the Committee was Mr. Gandhi's resolutions. Mr. Gandhi's resolution consists of four parts, the first calling upon every Congress member to spin at least for half an hour every day; the second laying down some disciplinary measures for the adoption of Provincial Congress Committees and their officers in respect of carrying out the instructions of the All-India Committee which is authorised to deem disobedient officials as having resigned; the third excluding those not accepting five-fold boycotts from Congress Councils; and the fourth condemning the murder of the late Mr. Day by Gopinath Saha. The Working Committee accepted in *toto* clauses one, two and four of the resolution without any change and made slight changes in the third. According to the amended clause, title-holders and dealers in foreign cloth will be excluded from the A.I.C.C., as also those who do not believe in the boycott of the Councils. On the question of excluding lawyers and those who do not subscribe in action to the boycott of law courts, the Committee decided that litigants who resort to court not of their own choice may be exempted. The exclusion of those not believing in boycott of controlled schools will also be accepted with a slight change which will be made to-night by Maulana Mahomed Ali in consultation with Mr. Gandhi. The fourth clause relating to the Day murder has been accepted in full.

The A.I.C.C. meets to-morrow for discussing the resolutions.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

JULY AGENDA RESOLUTIONS.

In the July agenda of the Corporation, Mrs. Ayantikabai Gokhalay has given notice of the following resolution: That the Corporation hereby reminds Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia of the following proceedings and resolutions of the Corporation, dated 12th January and 15th October 1903, and of the Standing Committee, dated the 21st December 1914: and regrets that Dr. Sukhia has been often found, for some time past, to be indulging in personal attacks on his colleagues, not sparing even the lady members of the Corporation in a manner and in a language violating the best traditions of this House and warns him against the repetition of such conduct. (2). That the Corporation is further of opinion that the President has on all such occasions treated Dr. Sukhia with the utmost consideration, forbearance and courtesy befitting the dignity of the chair and assures the President that the Corporation will be prepared to support him in any action that he may be called upon to take to check the undesirable proclivities of Dr. Sukhia with a view to safeguarding and preserving the position of individual councillors, maintaining the traditions and reputation of the House and also ensuring the dignity of the Presidential Chair.

The first reference was to the proposition moved by Sir P. M. Mehta, seconded by Sir Bhalchandra Krishna: That items 61, 62, 63 and 64 of the agenda (being notices of motions from Dr. N. H. Sukhia) be not entered in the minutes of the proceedings. 2 That the Corporation is of the opinion that the conduct of Dr. Sukhia in attempting repeatedly to bring forward such motions couched in language disrespectful to the President and containing unwarrantable aspersions on his fairness and that of the Municipal Secretary, is highly reprehensible.

Dr. Sukhia's amendment was lost and the original motion was carried.

The other references were to similar motions the one moved by Mr. H. S. Dikshit, seconded by Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, and withdrawn only after regret had been expressed by Dr. Sukhia and the other moved by Mr. D. M. Inglis, seconded by Mr. F. M. Chinoy, and carried with one dissentient.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee has given notice anent the resolution of Mr. Pai passed by the Corporation about the exclusion of politics from the Schools' Committee's affairs: That a Committee be appointed to draw up, for purposes of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, definition of the word *politics*.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has given notice to move: That the Commissioner be requested, with a view to the promotion of public health, to induce the inhabitants of F and G Wards and particularly the Millhands and other workmen there to desist from the evil of drink and to that end organise the peaceful picketing of liquor shops in that area and the Commissioner be authorised to spend a sum such not exceeding Rs. 10,000 for that purpose.

The Commissioner informs the Corporation that he has altogether spent Rs. 28,121 as legal charges for the Love Lane Stable case. No appeal to the Privy Council is now intended.

"THE SHOW BOY OF THE YEAR."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In your issue of 27th June and in some previous issues too you had expressed your disapproval of the appointment of Dr. R. P. Paranjpye as a member of the Taxation Committee. You have also blamed the Government of India for not appointing Mr. Subedar. It is somewhat difficult to discuss the merits of individuals, especially when they happen to be one's friends. But as the question has been discussed in several newspapers it is worthwhile to undertake even that odious duty. At the outset let me make it clear that I thoroughly disapprove of the way in which the Government of India had treated Mr. Subedar. They had no business to inform Mr. Subedar of their intention to appoint him on the Committee before they had finally decided to take him on. This was the blunder committed by the Government of India and Mr. Subedar may claim reparations. But I do not now blame the Government of India for not appointing him after they had found that he was not the suitable person. For, it is never too late to mend. But while discussing the merits of Dr. Paranjpye and Mr. Subedar to be appointed as members of this Committee I want your readers to keep out of their mind this unhappy incident. In order to be able to judge impartially this question it is necessary to clearly understand the nature of the subject-matter for enquiry. The main function of this Committee is to examine how the burden of present taxation is distributed among the different classes and, if the distribution is found to be not equitable, to suggest how the distribution of the burden should be made equitable. This being the main point before the Taxation Committee, it will be obvious to any one that the chief qualification necessary for a member of this Committee is that he should have an impartial mind. A man with one-sided bent of mind, either capitalistic or otherwise, is thoroughly unfitted for a membership of this Committee. The second necessary qualification for a member of a taxation committee is that he will agree to judge of the fairness of a tax only by one principal test, namely, that its burden falls upon people according to their ability to bear that burden after meeting their minimum human needs. People who have advocated imposition of taxes which fall upon people irrespective of the fact whether they have any surplus over the minimum needs are also thoroughly unfitted for this duty. Thirdly, a member of this committee should be able to calculate the incidence of each piece of taxation upon the different classes.

Applying these tests to Dr Paranjpye I feel that his selection is very good. Dr. Paranjpye has not a capitalistic bent of mind; neither is he amongst those who are considered to be anti-capitalists. Secondly, from what I know of him I feel that while deciding the suitability or otherwise of a piece of taxation he will not fail to take account of the ability of the people to pay that tax. He is not known to be one of those people who will not mind imposing a heavy tax upon common people without regard to their ability to bear that burden in order to benefit the most powerful class of capitalists. Neither is he one of those people who will recommend an imposition of a particular tax on the ground that those upon whom its burden will comparatively be greater, will not or cannot revolt on account of their ignorance and poverty. Dr. Paranjpye can be trusted to judge of the fairness of a tax from an ordinary citizen's point of view. Thirdly, as an eminent mathematician he can be credited with an ability to calculate the incidence of a tax upon different classes of people.

If the same tests are applied to Mr. Subedar it will be clear that he is the last man fit to be appointed a member of the Taxation Committee. Mr. Subedar is a well-known propagandist for capitalistic principles, measures and methods. I admire his industry and zeal in that behalf. But this qualification of his is a disqualification for a membership of the Taxation Committee. Moreover, he is known to have advocated the imposition of taxes that fall upon people irrespective of their ability to bear their burden. I feel sure Mr. Subedar will not frankly accept the basic principle of taxation as mentioned by me. In my opinion, therefore, Mr. Subedar is not well-qualified to be a member of this Committee. Moreover, Mr. Subedar's appointment would have, from ordinary people's point of view, been fraught with mischief. Although the Committee ought to have been a body of impartial men, Government of India have already appointed Maharaja of Burdwan who is a representative of the capitalistic landlord class. Mr. Subedar's appointment in the place of Dr. Paranjpye would have simply made the case for the common people hopeless. I, therefore, feel that although Government have done a wrong to Mr. Subedar personally, it has spared the common people from a disaster.

You have suggested in your editorial note that the businessmen in Bombay should boycott this Committee as they are not represented on it. I hope they will do so. Latterly, these business people have too much influenced the public policy in the country and let at least this question be decided without their intervention. I have great admiration for the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau. But it is unfair to the common people to represent that this organisation of businessmen represents the interests of the country. The presence of the Maharaja of Burdwan on the Committee is an evil sufficient unto the day.

Before concluding, I again express my regret for being under the painful necessity of discussing the merits of individual public men as it is generally against my practice to do so.—Yours, etc.,

N. M. JOSHI.

June 27.

A Secunderabad message of June 27th says:—Outbreak of cholera is reported from the Nizamsagor Camp where a vast reservoir is under construction. The epidemic which is subsiding has caused 95 deaths out of a population of ten thousand.

TAXATION COMMITTEE SCANDAL.

RESULT OF "A SORDID AGITATION."

With reference to our comments regarding the manoeuvres which led to the appointment of Dr. Paranjpye in place of Mr. Manu Subedar on the Taxation Enquiry Committee a correspondent sends us the following cuttings from "Capital" which will be read with interest:—

The sordid agitation to expel Mr. Manu Subedar from the Indian Taxation Committee, to which he had been appointed by the Government of India as the representative of Bombay, has gained its end to the eternal disgrace of the Higher Bureaucracy. Sir Basil Blackett, the Finance Member in the Viceroy's Council, went all the way to Bombay to break the news to the unfortunate young man so gratuitously injured, for be it noted that Mr. Subedar did not solicit the office. He was chosen for his high capacity as a business-man, and his authority as a statistician without, seemingly, any consultation with the Government of Bombay. When the announcement appeared first in "Capital," of all papers in India, the Bombay Government "got its goat," to use the nervous argot of the base-ball field; and promptly remonstrated with Delhi, for it has no use for a public man of Mr. Subedar's independence and ability. The demi-semi-official organ at Allahabad, mad to lose a scoop to which it believed it had a rightful title, joined in the hunt, and soon there was a howling pack of wolves in full chase of the intrepid quarry. The Reading Cabinet, which since the departure of Sir Malcolm Hailey seems to have lost all backbone, weakened; the intimidation of Bombay was too much for its nerves; it sacrificed Mr. Subedar at the altar of cowardly expediency. Now if such a flagrant breach of contract were committed in the business world there would be a heavy claim for damages and a sure judgment for the plaintiff; but the Government of India is a licensed lawbreaker, yet it is surprised that it is daily becoming more and more unpopular with the Indian intelligensia.

Not satisfied with ousting the only businessman from a committee of vast importance to the general tax-payer, the Government of India at the dictation of the Government of Bombay have appointed in his place an amiable pedant, who since he was Senior Wrangler at Cambridge has fed himself on the vegetarian diet of abstract theory. I mean Professor Pranjpye, Principal of Fergusson College, who attempted to wear the mantle of Gokhale and was nearly smothered in its folds. He was lately Minister for Education in the Government of Bombay, and his easy compliance with bureaucratic ideals clamoured for reward. We have therefore a committee composed of two ex-Members of Council, one ex-Minister, and one Revenue official from England. Is it to be supposed for a moment that the business world will find acceptable its findings on such intricate subjects as income tax; super tax and corporation tax; stamp duties; the classification of luxuries in the tariff schedule; Port Trust and Municipal rates; town duties and terminal charges; *et hoc genus*. I hardly think so. The general taxpayer will decide that the committee is intended merely to register the views of the Bureaucracy which is not too well pleased with Mr. Pheroze Sethna for forcing the enquiry. And the general tax-payer will not be far out in his reckoning.

DR. TAGORE'S MOVEMENTS.

Copyright.

LONDON, June 27.

Shanghai.—Dr. Rabindranath Tagore is leaving for Hongkong to-morrow. After touring China and Japan, he intends continuing his Asiatic tour with the object of visiting all countries in which there are Buddhist communities.

CABLE ITEMS.

The Open Golf Championship has been won by Hagen.—Reuter.

New York.—In fifteen rounds boxing contest for the World's Middleweight Championship, Harry Greb (Holder) decisively outpointed Ted Moore of Plymouth. —Reuter.

The following are the results of the Open Lawn Tennis Championship contests at Wimbledon:—

Men's Singles.—In Third Round Lacoste beat Hadi 7—5, 6—3, 6—3.

Men's Doubles.—In second round Okamoto and Hoohyo beat American J. Van Alen and South African J. Lezard, 3—6, 6—1, 6—0, 7—5.—Reuter.

At Reigate on Friday, Leweson Gower's XI beat South Africans by three wickets, scoring 196 for 7, Leyland made 53.—Reuter.

Rheims.—The Olympic Team Rifle Shooting contest resulted in America scoring 676 points, Haiti 645 and France 644. Eighteen nations competed.—Reuter.

AN INCIDENT AT SUKKUR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SUKKUR, June 26.

Last night on a wordy dispute in a market between a policeman and Mr. Amanullah a congress and Khilafat worker, Mr. Amanullah was it is alleged roughly treated by a police party, resulting in the injury of his eye and other parts of his body. Amanullah was taken to the police station and it is alleged, threatened to be held under Section 109 as a vagabond. There were crowds of people witnessing the maltreatment towards Amanullah. The police has not been able to file a case for the whole day while Amanullah and his Hindu companions, who have been released on bail, have filed complaints in the Court of the City Magistrate, Sukkur. The incident has created a great stir and anxiety amongst the public of Sukkur. The D. S. P. is conducting inquiries.

ALLIANCE BANK OF INDIA.

INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE'S PEPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 27.

The investigation report of the Liquidators of the Alliance Bank of India together with the Council's opinion on their report and also on the report of the Creditors' Committee is now being printed and is expected to be in the hands of the creditors and shareholders at the end of the next week. This will allow ample time for the consideration of the two reports and the opinion before the meeting of the creditors and the shareholders takes place.

The Liquidators' notice calling the meeting says that the meeting of the creditors and the shareholders of the Alliance Bank of India, Limited, (in Liquidation) to be held pursuant to the order of the High Court, Calcutta, dated 25th day of February 1924, will be held at the Dalhousie Intitute, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 13th day of August 1924. The Court has ordered that voting on any resolutions which may be brought forward at the meeting shall be by poll, creditors and shareholders voting separately.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 27.

Jutes in sympathy with a stronger gunny market rates firmed up on the opening for Howrah and Clive which were done at Rs. 44 and Rs. 38/8 respectively. On sellers coming out prices gave way to some extent. Empire, Hukumchand and Presidency were also mentioned. The higher priced stocks in the majority of instances fully maintained their values. Towards the afternoon rates of Howrah and Clive rallied. Coals prices on the whole kept steady though support was lacking. Transactions in Bansjorah, North Damuda, Baraboni, Jaintiy Central and Lakurka showed no change. Gopalichuck had sellers and East Indian increased their quotation. Borrea was better. Teas revealed a firm undertone though the existing demand showed no signs of broadening out. Miscellaneous remained dull and featureless. Government securities were steadier. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—5 per cent loan 1945-55-99/4, 5½ per cent war bonds 1925 102/12. 6 per cent bonds 1926 101/2.

Railways:—Barasat Basirhat Light Railway 68/12.

Cottons:—Agra United 1/9.

Jutes:—Alliance 532, Anglo India 365, Angus land 228/8, Baily 216/8, Barnagore 156, Birla ord 9, Budge Budge 435, Champdany 176, Cheviot 273/8, Clive 38/12, Craig 7, Dalhousie 395, Empire 35/4, Fort Gloster 855, Fort William 520, Gondalpara 885, Hooghly ord 71/8, Howrah 64/2, Hukumchand ord 11/2, Kanarhatty 552, Kankinarrah 426.

Jutes:—Lansdowne 313, Lawrence 550, National 281/8, New Central 550, Northbrook 55/8 Orient 204, Presidency 8/7, Reliance 55/12, Scoran 214, Standard 408, Union 520, Waverley 9/2.

Coals:—Bansjorah 25/6, Baraboni 14/12, Borrea 18/12, East Indian 34/8, Gopalichuck 19/12, Jaintiy Central 7/8 Lakurka 19/4, Nazira 15/4, North Damuda 7/10.

Miscellaneous:—Kalyanpur Lime 12/4, Lever Brothers pref 8/4, British India Corporation ord 4/8, Madan Theatre 2/9.

Tea Companies:—Bishnauth 28, Central Cachar 101/8, Doolaha 29/4, Durrang 53, Eastern Cachar 14/4, East India 17/10, Hattikhira 21/8, Loobah 12/4, Rotema 16, Seasuli 38/12, Singelf 82, Tezpore 11/12.

Official And Personal.

His Excellency the Governor and Viscountess Goschen with the Governor's personal staff left Ootacamund on 26th evening on tour to Ananthapur, Bellary and Kurnool Districts. The Governor will return to Ootacamund on 4th July.

Mr. Conran Smith, Private Secretary, who accompanies His Excellency will leave for England on six months' leave. He will hand over charge to Mr. O. E. C. Wood, I.C.S., at Bellary on the 30th instant.

Lady Wilson received H. H. The Rani Saheb of Sawantwadi at Government House Ganeshkhind on Thursday the 26th.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson gave a dinner party at Government House Ganeshkhind on Thursday the 26th. The following had the honour of being invited. The Hon. Sir Maurice and Lady Hayward, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hatch, Mr. S. J. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Turner, Colonel and Mrs. N. H. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wild, Lt.-Colonel and Mrs. R. H. Quaripel, Lt.-Colonel and Mrs. T. G. Lawrenson, Dr. and Mrs. R. P. Paranjpye, Mr. I. C. Boyd, Dr. W. Burns, Major and Mrs. H. H. Blake, Major and Mrs. R. S. Scott, Mr. H. J. M. Cousens, Mr. A. P. Maddocks, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Wodehouse and Revd. P. Alborghetti.

TENANT CO-PARTNERSHIP HOUSING.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It is not to flatter your good-self that I write these few lines, but to bring to your kind notice the wonderful effect, that was noticed within a short period, since the extract of my lectures, delivered at Saraswat Colony, at Santa Cruz, was duly published in your widely circulated paper. The truth is brought to light now, that the tenant co-partnership housing movement will never solve the problem of the Bombay tenants, who are not migrating from time to time; but the housing problem of permanent residents can only be solved by starting the tenant ownership home societies in order to enable the tenant members to own the tenements and thus to make provision of free residence for their family members. In order to promote the starting of "Tenant-ownership Societies" hereafter, it has been proposed to convene a general meeting at Santa Cruz Saraswat Colony, on Sunday at 4-30 p.m. (29th instant), when Messrs. S. N. Karnad, B.A., LL.B., B. R. Kagal, L. C. E., Laxman Rao Adur, Narsing Rao Kogikal, Gopal Rao Kundaji and Amrit Rao Bailur will devise means and ways for bettering the lot of tenants of Tenant Co-partnership Housing Societies by introducing "one-fourth" and "one-fifth" system; and also monthly dividend and rebate system, while paying monthly rent to the Tenant Co-partnership Housing Society. The meeting will be open to all Saraswats residing at Santa Cruz.—Yours, etc.,

NARAYEN RAO KULKERNY.

The Commissioner of the Rangoon Division has conveyed the following message to Squadron-Leader Maclaren:—His Excellency the Governor of Burma asks me to convey his welcome to you on your arrival in Rangoon and wishes you 'bon voyage' on your further flight.

"GANDHI AND ANARCHY."

WHY WAS THE BOOK WRITTEN?

SIR S. NAIR'S EVIDENCE.

Sir Sankaran Nair, in Mail week, gave evidence, when Mr. Justice McCardie and a special jury continued the hearing of the libal action brought against him by Sir Michael O'Dwyer, formerly Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab.

The statements complained of are contained in a book by Sir Sankaran Nair, called "Gandhi and Anarchy." The defendant pleaded fair comment and justification.

This was the twenty-second day of the trial.

Sir Sankaran Nair stated that he became a member of the Legislative Council of Madras in 1899, and later became Public Prosecutor, and then a High Court Judge. In 1915 he was appointed a member of the Executive council of the Viceroy of India. He resigned from the Government in 1919. During the time of the recuritment in the Punjab, and the time of the martial law proceedings, he was in Simla and Delhi. In 1920 he was appointed a member of the Council of the Secretary of State for India in London and he resigned that position about the middle of 1921.

Sir Walter Schwabe: What were your relations, if any, with Sir Michael O'Dwyer?—On all points which referred to the steps to be taken to meet the political aspirations of Indians we differed very widely, and on all other matters we had no relations at all.

As to the Chelmsford-Montagu Reforms, said Sir Sankaran, they were favourably received by those who took an interest in the matter. Sir Michael O'Dwyer opposed the suggested changes, and drew up a minute of his objections, and witness drew up a minute to the effect that the scheme of the Government of India was unsatisfactory.

THE ROWLATT ACT.

Soon after the Chelmsford report, the Rowlatt Committee was appointed, and this resulted in the Rowlatt Act being passed, though it was strongly opposed. One of the causes of dissatisfaction, said the defendant, was that the report on which the Bill was based was never published. It was also presented in a form which precluded discussion of it, and made it impossible for Indians to criticise it, which was what they desired to do. The main objection was that life, liberty and property were placed in the hands of infomers and spies, and with those objections he entirely agreed.

His Lordship: Was not the foundation of the Rowlatt Bill the widespread anarchy?—Yes, but that anarchy did not exist when the Bill was introduced. I should have suggested other methods of dealing with the situation.

When Gandhi's non-cooperation manifesto was issued, the witness spoke against it, and took the view that it would be suicidal to India.

Mr. Ernest Charles, K.C., during his address on behalf of Sir Michael O'Dwyer. He submitted that the defendant's attack was not on an administration, but upon a man. Sir Michael had not only disapproved of coercive methods of recruiting, but he had asked that any instances of it should be brought to his notice, and he forbade the use of the police in recruiting. To say that the libel was fair comment was a prostitution of the words.

Dealing with the events that occurred under martial law, counsel pointed out that martial law was imposed by the Government of India, of which the defendant was then a member, in direct opposition to the wishes of the plaintiff, who was refused any control while martial law was in operation. He had no more power to stop what occurred while martial law was in operation than the members of the jury themselves. He submitted that for everything that took place under martial law the plaintiff had no responsibility, moral, legal, or otherwise.

SERIOUS ISSUES.

Mr. Justice McCardie, in his summing up to the jury, observed that the case raised serious issues, which touched not only India but the other Dominions and this country as well. The plaintiff, having spent his life in India, desired to clear his character here. The case raised more vital questions than any case with which he had been concerned for many years, as it touched on Imperial and Indian policy and martial law, the repression of rebellion, and the infliction of punishment.

His Lordship said that he did not regret the length of the hearing of the case. As soon as he knew the nature of the case he decided that it was best for all parties that every party should have the fullest opportunity of presenting their case.

Whatever criticism was made on the conduct of the plaintiff and other officials in India, his Lordship observed that throughout the whole case no one had challenged in the slightest measure the incorruptibility and absolute honestly and the efficiency of the military and civil officers who had been called before them. He regarded politics as a somewhat clamourous branch of sociological science. In this case he appealed to the jury, in considering the issues, to put aside every party instinct.

THE CHARGE OF TERRORISM.

His Lordship said he had carefully observed the witnesses in the witness-box when they gave evidence, and he came to the conclusion that the witnesses in the case were of exceedingly good quality. They were intellectual people and a responsible body of men. Not one single witness had been called to say: "I told Sir Michael there was terrorism in recruiting." There were upwards of two hundred native newspapers in the Punjab and there was not a single word in them suggesting that this system of terrorism prevailed. Neither was there a single letter of complaint on the matter to Sir Michael. Was not the explanation, this: that in fact there was no oppression, except here and there an isolated case of wrongdoing?

The charge made by the defendant against the plaintiff was terrorism. In his Lordship's view the evidence of the defendant had failed to prove that Sir Michael ever instigated or authorised a single act of terrorism. He did not want there to be any question of race or colour. The jury should give their verdict on the point of the evidence before them.

GENERAL DYER'S PUNISHMENT.

With regard to atrocities, his Lordship asked: Was General Dyer guilty of the atrocities alleged? His Lordship said he could not help feeling that the word "atrocity" ought not lightly to be applied to a man who might have been guilty of an error of judgment, but who admittedly acted with the most absolute honesty of purpose. No one had challenged the integrity and honour of General Dyer.

His Lordship said that one could not help feeling that the time and method of punishment of General Dyer, if he were wrong, was most unfortunate. It might be said that the full facts were not known to the authorities at home, but it was shown by the evidence that after the events at Amritsar on April 13, 1919, General Dyer's action was approved by his superior officers. He was given command and conducted operations with distinction and ability. It was a year and three months after Amritsar that he was told that his services were no longer required in India. One might feel that he was punished with severity; that could only be realised by those who were cognisant of the high pride of military officers under the British Crown.

His Lordship: What was the explanation of the power of Gandhi?—He was supposed to have done a lot of work in South Africa on behalf of Indians there, and that secured him a great deal of influence.

His Lordship: He was looked on as a righteous man?—Yes, he lived a very simple life, and was accessible to all people.

Witness added that he saw Gandhi, but owing to his unyielding attitude felt that a conference would be useless. The book written by witness containg the alleged libel was written in opposition to Gandhi, and had been found very useful by the Government of India in debates which had taken place.

THE BOOK.

Sir Walter Schwabe: Were you asked to write a reply to Gandhi's non-co-operation pamphlet?—Not quite a reply, but dealing with the situation. There was some apprehension that the disturbances which occurred at Bombay upon the Prince of Wales's visit might be repeated upon his departure from Karachi.

His book, said Sir Sankaran, was published on March 10, the day on which Gandhi was arrested. The materials for the book were supplied to him by the Government of India, the Government of Bengal, and other Provincial Governments out there, and a large number of copies were purchased by them. He made no profit out of the book, and got not one penny out of the proceeds of the sale.

In the second edition of the book which was published witness left out the name of Sir Michael. The book had served its purpose, the Prince had left, Gandhi had been arrested, and he had no wish to leave names in the book which might cause unpleasantness to anyone.

Replying to other questions, witness said he did not agree with Sir Michael's methods of administration in the Punjab, and men from different parts were often complaining to him about it.

MARTIAL LAW.

Witness said he was consulted with regard to the proclamation of martial law in Lahore and Amritsar and agreed to it. He was not consulted about, and had nothing to do with, the proclamation of martial law in Lyalpur, Gujrat, and Gujranwala, and while that was in operation he was in Simla as a member of the Government. While there he received complaints of floggings, the use of aeroplanes, and things of that sort. Another complaint was that newspapers were not allowed to report events that were passing. Six newspapers combined to send a representative to the Punjab to report events, but he was arrested and sent back.

Witness's view with regard to the work of the courts martial was that they were unsatisfactory as to procedure, and unsatisfactory as to their decisions on the merits of the cases before them. His duty was to review those decisions.

Subsequently he wrote his opinion to the Viceroy, but failing to get justice for many whom he considered had been wrongfully convicted he resigned from the Government.

When he wrote the book in question he had no ill-feeling towards Sir Michael. He felt that Sir Michael O'Dwyer was responsible for the situation, and occupying the position he did, witness felt that he must say so. There was no alternative.

THE USE OF AEROPLANES.

Dealing with the use of aeroplanes in connection with the disturbances at Gujranwala and other districts, witness said that innocent men, women, and children were killed by bombs. He regarded that as absolutely unjustifiable. It was an atrocity, and in saying that he spoke from his ethical convictions. In no circumstances was the taking of innocent life justifiable by those who were responsible. He strongly objected to flogging sentences for minor breaches of martial law. Such a punishment, he said, should be reserved for brutes.

So far as he was aware no one, according to the Indian papers, had spoken a word in favour of the plaintiff's administration. That was, he believed, also the opinion of the British in India now.

23RD DAY.

Sir Sankaran Nair, the defendant, was cross-examined by Mr. Ernest Charles, K.C., for Sir Michael O'Dwyer. He said there was no justification for the firing at Lahore and in coming to that conclusion he had taken the attitude of the mob into consideration.

His Lordship—At what point do you think it is permissible to fire?—If the mob will not go back and danger is apprehended, that would be a different thing.

Questioned with regard to his statement that Sir Michael O'Dwyer was opposed to Indian reforms, Sir Sankaran said that in 1916, when discussing the matter with Sir Michael, he said: "The Irish want Hom Rule; why should not the Indians have it?" Sir Michael replied, "The Irish are different from the Indians." Witness agreed that that was so, and said, "The Irish have always been disloyal, but the Indians have always been loyal."

His Lordship—Do you accept the view of Mr. Montagu—progressive realisation of responsible government?—Yes.

THE CASTE BARRIER.

His Lordship—Is not the Indian caste system the essential feature of the Indian Creed, an insuperable difficulty to a democratic Government?—Yes. I was President of the Social Conference at Madras started in order to get rid of the caste system.

His Lordship—Is an effort being made by those responsible to break down the caste system?—Yes, batches and batches of men are being arrested in the native States because they insist on the lowest castes being allowed to enter the sacred temples. This struggle has resulted in some of the temples being set on fire.

His Lordship—In your view there cannot be a democratic Government in India until the caste system is broken down?—Until the religious element is taken away.

His Lordship—In your view when will the caste system be destroyed?—I used to think not for two or three generations, but I do no think it will take so long now.

A MATTER FOR LAWYERS.

Dealing with the particulars in the alleged libel, Mr. Charles asked: Do you suggest that Sir Michael instigated the brutalities alleged? I have no opinion on the matter. It is a question on the evidence for counsel to argue.

You also allege that recruiting went up by means of terrorism, and say: "The plaintiff was at all material times aware of the methods employed to obtain recruits and of the illegal and aggressive character of such methods.' Do you say now that Sir Michael was aware of the methods?—He should have been.

Does that mean in your opinion, as a lawyer and for eleven years as a judge, that he was aware?—I gave the whole evidence to my solicitors.

Did you see your particulars which you allege?—I did, but I never interfere with my lawyers.

Do you wish to withdraw the particulars put down in your defence and say that Sir Michael was not aware?—That is for my lawyers.

You also say: "NotwithStanding his knowledge of the matter, the plaintiff took no steps to bring such matters to an end or to show to the public that he discountenanced or declined to recognise the methods of recruitment." Did you read any of the plaintiff's war speeches?—Yes.

SIR M. O'DWYER AND COERCION.

Were you not aware that he constantly spoke against anything like coercion?—Will you draw my attention to such speeches?

Did he not issue memoranda saying that no coercion was to be used?—Only those which have been filed in this case, and I only knew of them when so filed.

Having ascertained that there were those documents filed, have you ever, up to this moment, taken the trouble, either verbally or in writing, to say that what is in your particulars is untrue?—Firstly, my answer is that it is for my lawyers to decide what is to be done, and secondly, they are not the warnings usually given to stop that sort of thing, which are in a very different form.

Counsel referred to a letter which the plaintiff had written to an official who had suggested that a village which had not produced its quota of recruits should have its irrigation water cut off. The plaintiff in his letters said that that was an unjustifiable suggestion to make.

The witness said he was not aware of that letter when he formed his opinion on the plaintiff's evidence in the Hunter Commission, and wrote his book.

BOMBS FOR MOBS.

Questioned with regard to the use of aeroplanes on mobs of people who were out of hand, the witness said he was of opinion that they should never be used unless the innocent people were given a chance to escape. He agreed that that might be a difficult thing to do, but it was not impossible.

His Lordship—Do you mean you would allow the minority to be murdered out of hand without dropping a single bomb in order to stop the massacre?—I do not think you can murder innocent people in order to protect other innocent people. If you run the risk of killing innocent people you must not use bombs. In my view you should not kill ten women and children, even if thereby you are going to save a thousand or ten thousand.

His Lordship—Do you say that it is a matter one ethics or of practical government?—It is a matter of practical government, because it was by the misuse of bombs in that way that Mesopotamia was lost to England.

Witness went on to say that notices should be dropped in the area which was intended to be bombed in order to give the innocent an opportunity to escape.

THE SQUARE AT AMRITSAR.

Questioning witness with regard to General Dyer's action in the square at Amritsar, counsel asked: If General Dyer had honest reason to believe that he and his little force were in danger of being surrounded, do you say he was not justified in firing,—He should have given them notice, so that the crowd could have dispersed.

With a crowd like that, do you say he could have given an effective notice?—There was ample time, and I cannot account for the failure to take steps to prevent the meeting being held, or if it were going to be held to givt them notice long before General Dyer reached the place, as the authorities were aware that a meeting was likely to be held early on the morning of that day.

DELETED SENTENCES.

Mr. Charles hen referred to the second edition of "Gandhi and Anarchy," which had been published, and said: You eliminated the libellous matter from the second edition?—I said that I eliminated many names from it.

Counsel mentioned that the first edition referred to alleged terrorism by Sir Michael O'Dwyer with reference to the obtaining of recruits, but the second edition merely read: "The fact is the recruitment of non-Mahommedans went up, and was due to Sir Michael O'Dwyer."

Asked whether that was not different, the defendant said: Yes, but it takes away the force of the argument.

Counsel—That I agree, it takes away the libel. Now, were you not well aware that it was altered in that way by yourself?—I must have done it myself.

If you did it yourself, why did you cut out the observation with reference to terrorism by Sir Michael?—Because the object was obtained, and I did not want to give pain to anyone.

Counsel put other instances of certain words being cut out of the second edition, and witness said that was so. There were omissions made in the second edition which had nothing whatever to do with any libel. —The "Morning Post."

TARIFF BOARD.

FAILURE OF FIRMS TO GIVE EVIDENCE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 26.

In the course of a lengthy communique, the Tariff Board comment on the failure of certain paper and cement manufacouring firms to comply with the dates fixed for oral examination in Simla and state that if the firms who have applied for protection are disinclined to tender oral evidence the only inference the Board can draw is that either they are doubtful of their ability to make good their case or are not deeply interested in the grant of protection. Inability on the part of firms to present their case with promptitude or to co-operate with the Board in the conduct of its enquiries may be of grave prejudice to the interests of the industry concerned.

INFLAMING COMMUNAL FEELINGS.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST NEWSPAPERS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 27.

The following communique has been issued:—

The Punjab Government has for some time under notice the fact that certain newspapers, both Hindu and Mahomedan, published in the Province, have been issuing abusive and inflammatory matter regarding each other and the religions which their rivals represent. Government has anxiously watched the course of this campaign in the hope that scurrility, and in some cases unfortunately the obscenity, with which it has been conducted would disgust all respectable members of both the communities and that the papers in question would find that their articles held no appeal for any section of the puble. This hope was, however, unfortunately not been realized and Government has now been compelled to start criminal proceedings against two of the offending newspapers. Government relies on the good sense of the leaders of both the communities to assist it by all means in their power to suppressing these most objectionable expressions of religious animosity which constitute a grave menace to the existence of good relations between the two great communities.

EUROPEAN FOUND DEAD IN A ROOM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 26.

This afternoon Mr. Swinhoe, City Coroner and a jury viewed the body of D. Green, who had been found dead with gun shot wound last evening. On receipt of information the Police went to 20, McLeod Street and found there Mrs. Lane lying unconscious in a pool of blood with a revolver shot wound in the head. In an adjoining room Green, a lodger in the house, was found dead on his bed with a revolver by his side. In Mrs. Lane's room were found spent and live catridges on the floor. Green who was shot through the mouth is stated to have been out of work for some times. Mrs. Lane was removed to the Medical College Hospital where she is still lying in a precarious condition.

Simla, June 27.—Brigadier General Abbott who died in Simla yesterday, was buried this morning with full military honours. A large number of officers of the Army Headquarters attended the funeral.—A.P.

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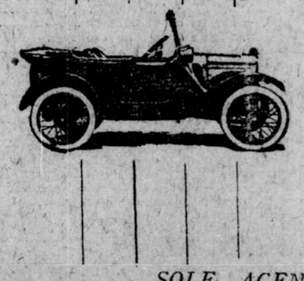

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TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MONEY.

Conditions in the money market continued easy throughout the week. The rate for call money is about 2½ per cent. and that for fixed deposits for two and three months is about 4 per cent. The last statement issued by the Imperial Bank shows an increase of about Rs. 1½ lakhs after repayment of Rs. 2 crores in respect of the loan from the Paper Currency. The trade demand as evidenced from the figures of the statement has again substantially declined; in view of the present flow of funds into the Imperial Bank as well as in the market, it is generally believed that the bank will be able to repay the balance of Rs. 2 crores of the Currency loan, thus enabling the lowering of the bank rate in the near future.

From the weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of India, Government deposits show an increase of Rs. 42.71 lakhs and the other deposits of Rs. 70.44 lakhs. The cash balance has increased by Rs. 178.56 lakhs and now stands at Rs. 18,34,30,000, the percentage being 19.15 as compared with 17.15 of last week.

In the gilt-edged market, the prices of Government securities declined mainly due to selling by weak holders. 3½ per cent Government Paper has declined to Rs. 67/10. 5 per cent Loans due 1933 and 1945-55 are quoted at Rs. 98 and 98/15 respectively. 5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 and 1928 were put through at Rs. 103 and Rs. 104.8. 6 per cent Bonds due 1926 and 1927 changed hands at Rs. 101.5 and Rs. 101/14; 1930 at Rs. 103/12 and 1932 at Rs. 104/14. 6½ per cent Bombay Development loan is quoted at Rs. 108/12.

EXCHANGE.

The Exhange market has been steady throughout the week with business passing as high as 1s. 5-1/16d. the lowest rate being 1s. 4-31/32d. Fluctuations were due to the end-of-the-month position rather than to any other influence. The money position still dominates, to some extent, the near quotation. The one month forward rate is about 1/16d. lower than the rate for ready T.T., while the rate for August/September is about 1s. 4-29/32d. while October is 1/32d. better. The enquiry for bullion imports was again on a limited scale.

The steadiness reported last week in the dollar quotation was short-lived, the rates declining from dol. 4.34 to dol. 4.32-1/8 and closed at dol. 4.33½. Among the principal Continental exchanges, French francs closed at 84.70, Belgian francs at 93.60 and the Italian lira at 109.

The following are the figures of the over-sea's trade of India for the month of May 1924. Total imports of private merchandise 2060 lakhs. Total exports of private merchandise 2995 lakhs. Net movement of treasure import 499 lakhs. Balance of trade including enfaced rupee paper in favour of India 250 lakhs.

GOLD.

In the gold market rates were steady throughout the period under review with a rise of about 1 anna per tola, the volume of business passing being moderate. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 85s. 6d and 85s. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 25/8/9 and Rs. 25/7/3 for ready, Rs. 25.9/6 and Rs. 25/7/9 for 17th July settlement and Rs. 25/10/6 and Rs. 25/8/9 for 15th August settlement. The rate for Sovereigns was steady round Rs. 16/2/3 for ready and Rs. 16/2/6 for forward. The off-take has declined and averages some 15,000 tolas a day and the stock is estimated at about 3 lakhs tolas excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £1,77,500 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment, the total visible supply from London to India is about £4,48,360. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 28,09,640 in bar and coin. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £160,000.

SILVER.

Sharp fluctuations have again characterised the silver market during the week but with a tendency to a lower level of rates, the market being mainly influenced by weak advices from London and by selling by China both in the London and the local market. It is reported from London that the Continent still continues buying. The Shanghai rate declined from 3s 3-3/4d to 3s 3-1/8d and closed at 3s 3¼d. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 34-13/16d. and 34-5/16d. for ready and 34-3/4d. 34-5/16d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 82/8 and Rs. 81/10 for ready, Rs. 82/15 and Rs. 81/15 for 21st July settlement and Rs. 83 and Rs. 82/3 for 19th August settlement. The off-take has improved and averages about 120 bars a day, this being the settlement week, and the stock is estimated at about 8,000 bars excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £2,13,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £2,78,800. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 1458 bars and Rs. 40,836 in coin. There is no shipment of silver this week from London.

SHARES.

The stock exchange was open throughout the period under review. Prices of cotton mill shares have been steady to firm with a rise in the principal shares, Swadeshis being the only exception and showing a decline from Rs. 635 to Rs. 585. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal cotton Mill shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 720—690; Century Rs. 377/4—357/8—360—357/8; Central India Rs. 511/4—492/8—495—488/12; Crescent Rs. 235—220—231/4; Kohinoor Rs. 1050—1015; New Great Rs. 340—307/8—317/8—315; Pearls Rs. 522/8—515—520—515; Shapurji Rs. 192/8—195—190—220; Simplex Rs. 220—208/12—241/4—208/12 and Swadeshi Rs. 626/4—616/4—617/8—585.

The miscellaneous section was steady but uninteresting. Alcocks are quoted at Rs. 177/8; Bombay Burma Rs. 312/8; Bt Burma Petrol Rs. 5/3 and Bombay Tram Rs. 93/12. In Cement and Manganese shares, Bundis have declined to Rs. 10/8, Katni ord is quoted at Rs. 76/4 with deferreds at Rs. 200 and Shivrajpura at Rs. 57. Railway shares continue steady, Ahmedabad Prantij quoting Rs. 845, Gujerat Rs. 84, Central Provinces Rs. 100, Sindh Light Rs. 160 and Tapti Valley Rs. 615.

Bank shares also continue steady, Imperial Bank shares quoting Rs. 1425 with Contributaries at Rs. 362/8. Bank of India shares have dropped to Rs. 79/8, while Central Bank shares are quoted at Rs. 24/12.

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 27.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 25th June, 1924.

Cotton	2326	Bales.
Wheat	15188	owt.
Linseed	15,050	„
Rapeseed etc	583	„
Gingellyseed	603	„
Poppyseed	Nil	
Groundnuts	3758	„
Castorseed	2846	„
Rice	1383	„
Myrabollams	471	„
Cottonseed	3783	„
Mowrasced	283	
Gram	1590	„
Juwar	2120	„
Masur	Nil	„
Barley	3435	„
Bajri	216	„
Coal	1158	Tons

COTTON.

WEEKLY REPORT.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole display a moderate decline in new crop positions both in New York and Liverpool, whilst there has been a sharp advance reported in old crop position Viz:—July American. Early the market declined on local selling on better crop reports, but later improved on local shorts covering and buying of July position in New York, and scarcity of contracts inspite of favourable weather reports.

The American market during the week has on the whole run on much quieter lines, with restricted business passing and on majority of the days under review the fluctuations have kept within a comparatively narrow campass. The last two sessions have proved featureless with a rather easier undertone.

Since the date of the publication of the last Bureau Report, the weather has almost upto the present day, continued to be favourable with the result that the crop is now doing well and has made up for the previous bad beginning. However, we must not calculate upon the prevailing satisfactory weather conditions, especially as it is said that the current month is looked upon as a month when the crop definitely improves, whereas the months of July and August are considered dangerous as the crop in these months has to pass through several critical stages. Private authorities estimate the present condition of the crop as about 68 per cent, indicating 11,250,000 bales, and it does not seem to us that any setback of importance is likely before the issuance of the next Government Bureau Report, for which document all those interested are waiting with anxiety.

Trade conditions from Manchester show little change, the chief enquiry has been centred upon the raw cotton situation. There has been only a limited turnover of American spot cotton during the week with no new feature of importance to report.

Broadly speaking, whilst we do not look for any runaway markets in the near future we consider that the situation points to continued steadiness and a gradual appreciation on its merits, even though the prospects for new crop may show some furture improvement. Until the publication of the next Bureau Report we are inclined to anticipate featureless markets, with perhaps a declining tendency.

In conclusion we fully realise that this is not the time to hold too strong a view on the future course of prices and the safest policy to adopt at the moment is to watch developments for the time being with a view to taking advantage of any depression that may take place under the influences of the recurrence of unsatisfactory weather news, to effect conservative purchases.

As regards the position of the local market, the tone throughout the week was dull and featureless and with othe future course of prices entirely dependent for the next month or two on prevailing weather conditions, both here and in America, we think it useless to try to form an opinion either one way or the other. For the immediate future, however, we do not look for any material change.

In the ready market, the demand this week has rather fallen off, both shippers and Exporters showing little or no inclination to buy.

The following were the changes in the the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	Last week	This week.
New York July	28.65	29.47 plus 82
New York October	25.93	25.38 — 55
New York January	24.95	24.44 — 51
New York March	25.16	24.60 — 56
New York May	25.17	25.65 — 52
Liverpool July	16.90	16.93 plus 3
Liverpool October	15.32	15.04 — 28
Liverpool January	14.85	14.55 — 30
Liverpool March	14.73	14.43 — 30
Liverpool May	14.58	14.30 — 28

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M. G. Broach April/May opened on the 20th instant at Rs. 525 and advanced to Rs. 527 on prominent Shroffs and jobbers buying. On selling by Commission Houses the prices declined to Rs. 525½. On the 21st instant the Bazar opened at Rs. 525½ and fluctuated within a small range. On the 23rd instant the market opened at Rs. 526½ and improved to Rs. 527¼ on buying by Commission Houses Shroffs and jobbers. On the 24th instant the market opened at Rs. 524 easier in sympathy with lower advices reported from Home. Round about this level Commission and Japanese Houses were sellers which caused a setback and the prices dropped to Rs. 521½ but the market recovered again to Rs. 523/- on Bazar operators buying. On the 25th instnant the market opened at Rs. 524 owing to a small recovery in New York futures, and going up to Rs. 525/- gave way to Rs. 521/- on Commission Houses and prominent Shroffs selling. On the 26th instant the Bazar opened at Rs. 522¼ and gradually declining to Rs. 519¼ on selling by Commission Houses closed at Rs. 520/- on the same day.

Fine M.G. Oomra July opened at Rs. 567/- on the 20th instant and improved to Rs. 569 on Shroffs buying. Around this level Shroffs and Commission and Exporting Houses were free sellers and the values dropped to Rs. 560 but again improved to Rs. 563 and closed at Rs. 561/- on the 26th instant. Whilst Oomra December/January opened at Rs. 492 on the 24th instant, and advanced to Rs. 496½ on buying by Shroffs, Commission Houses and Exporters. On selling by Bazar operators the market gave way to Rs. 488½ and after small fluctuations closed at Rs. 487½ on the 26th instant. F.G. Bengal July opened at Rs. 542 on the 20th instant and closed at Rs. 534 on the 26th instant the highest being Rs. 546½ and the lowest 531. Whilst Bengal December/January opened at Rs. 444 and closed at Rs. 439 the highest being Rs. 447 and the lowest Rs. 439/-.

PIECE-GOODS.

The tone of the cloth market during the past week has been rather unsettled, owing to the anxiety regarding the course of the monsoon, which has been rather erratic so far. Further developments are being awaited with interest and in the meantime buyers seem to be adopting a waiting policy, and are restricting their purchases as much as possible. The retail demand has also not been satisfactory, but this is not unusual during this part of the season. The factors that are at present favourable to the merchants are:—(1) the light stocks held here, (2) the favourable rate of exchange, (3) the easiness in the money market as indicated by the rate of interest at 6 per cent quoted by the Imperial Bank of India and (4) the generally steady tone of the Manchester market. If favourable news of the monsoon are received from the cultivating districts, a brisk demand is expected to set in, as stocks are said to be scarce in the consuming centres. During the next month merchants are anticipating fair inquiries for Grey shirtings from the buyers in Malabar.

There has not been any life in the enquiry for Grey shirtings at the moment and current rupee rates have not shown any change. Drills and Grey Jaconets have remained steady with very little doing. A dull feeling has continued to prevail in white shirtings mulls and nainsooks. Values have shown only slight alterations here and there.

The Manchester market has been steady. The manufacturers, after securing a fair amount of business during the last two months, have been quoting prices out of the reach of buyers. Dealers have been slow in raising limits, which are usually on a low basis. In some cases the distant delivery time extending upto the end of the year, required by the shippers has been a hitch in the way of business. It is reported that an importing firm has sold fair lots of its own account purchases of white shirtings and mulls to dealers in the bazaar at prices about four to six annas per piece less than the current market rates and for forward shipments against to October.

Japanese cloths have been steady, 36 inches by 40 yards Grey shirtings worth about Rs. 21-8-0 per piece have been scarce.

Local mill cloths have been in better request for Calcutta and several sales have been effected especially for that market. Stocks are light in the consuming districts and if the monsoon turns out to be favourable, further inquiries from other centres may be expected. The following sales are reported to have been made by the respective mills:—

1,500 Bales of E. D. Sassoon United Mills on the basis of Rs. 1-7 for Longcloth shirting.
1,000 Bales of century mills on the basis of Rs. 1-7 for Longcloth shirtings.
3,000 Bales of Swan and Finlay Mills chaddars and dhuties at Rs. 1-5-6 and Rs. 1-10-6 respectively.
250 Bales of Hindustan Mills Longcloths at Rs. 1-7-9 per lb.

The cloth markets will be closed on Wednesday next the 2nd July owing to "Amavas" holiday.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under —

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	P.
Ralli's Fari No.2000	39	×37 1/2/8	14	0	0
„ 100,000	45	× „	16	0	0
„ No. 33,000	45	× „	15	8	0
„ No. 2800	37	× „	13	0	0
„ No. 4545	38	×38	13	4	0
„ No. 15000	44	×38	15	8	0
„ No. 16000	..	„	16	0	0
„ No. 17000	..	„	16	8	0
Graham's No. 2730	39	× „	13	12	0
„ No. 2750	45	× „	15	12	0
„ Yellow Horse	43	×39	..	..	
„ No. 2310	44	×38 1/2	..	..	
Dewhursts BBB	38	×38 1/2	21	0	0
„ BB	38	×38 1/2	18	0	0
„ Rupee No. 5	38	×38 1/2	16	8	0
Ritchie's No. 510	39	×37 1/2/38	13	12	0
„ No. 4462	41	× „	14	0	0
Lyon's Shunker	39	× „	14	0	0
Fleming's 1904/1906	45,48,51	×38 Avg.	..	..	

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	29	×40 Net	29	0	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	26	×40	16	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	45	×22	8	12	0
„ No. 138	40	×22	7	0	0
„ No. 636	44	×22	7	11	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS— ....

Liepman's No. 1500	32	×42	27	8	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	36	×40	29	12	0
Ralli's No. 9889	33	×40	18	12	0
Forbes' K. B. 100	33	×40	..	..	

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	41	×19	8	4	0
„ No. 60	46	×19	9	4	0
„ No. 600	51	×19	10	4	0
„ No. 6000	56	×19	11	4	0
„ No. 88	58	×20	7	11	0
„ No. 1270	27	×18	3	15	0
„ No. 166	39	×20	7	12	0
„ No. 818	39	×20	7	14	0
„ No. 1440	36	×20	6	4	0
„ No. 5352	42	×20 Net	10	8	0
„ No. 2755	42	×20 Net	11	8	0
„ No. 1703	52	×20 Net	14	8	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27	×18	3	15	0
„ No. 119	37	×18	5	2	0
„ No. 229	42	×18	5	10	0
„ No. 339	47	×18	6	2	0
„ 1K/4K38",43"48"53	18	Avg.	6	4	0
„ No. 95	58	×20	7	11	0
„ No. 66999	40	×18	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	40	×18	6	0	0
„ No. 775	40	×18	6	4	0
„ No. 875	45	×18	6	12	0
„ No. 975	50	×18	7	4	0
„ No. 615	50	×18	7	2	0
Graham's Baloon	58	×20	7	11	0
Greaves' No. 5060	27	×18	..	..	

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27	×18	4	12	0
„ No. 61/81	..	„	..	..	
„ No. 1850	..	„	3	14	0
„ No. 1900	..	„	4	0	0
„ No. 2600	..	„	4	2	0
„ No. 21021	..	..	4	4	0
„ No. 39620 T.B.	38	×22	7	2	0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	28	×18	5	6	0
„ No. 95950/97970					
Saraswati	33	×18	..	..	
„ Tipoo W/WW	34	×18	6	6	0
„ No. 50000	..	„	6	14	0
„ No. 33340/33350/ 33360			7	6	0
Lyon's No. 4545/5656			..		
6767	26	×18	..	..	
Greaves' No. 30000/50000	„		..	..	
„ No. 8000 T.B.	38	×22	8	0	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510					
5520	26	×18	4	10	0
S. W. Co's. Nos. 5800/					
5820 "Motor Car"	..	..	4	10	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE CLOTHS—

No. 666 Grey Shirtings	Net	..	13	4	0
„ 2500 „	„	„	21	8	0
„ 55000 „	„	„	17	0	0
„ 5151 „	„	„	17	0	0
„ 3800 „	„	„	22	8	0
"C" Grey Sheetings		„	11	0	0
"9" Dragons		„	11	0	0
"Elephant" Drills		„	20	0	0
"Duck" Drills		„	16	1	0

YARN MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay, June 27.

Our market has ruled very quiet and featureless throughout the whole week and although prices in many cases remain more or less the same. Sales are very much restricted and the whole appearance seems to be very dull and encouraging. Monsoon though made a good start in the beginning, has been causing anxiety and consuming districts also report very irregular rains. It is of course too—premature to give any opinion about the course of monsoon at this stage but the progress has not been satisfactory, so far. All consuming districts report dullness and nobody is inclined to buy at present.

Irregular advices regarding cotton from New York and Liverpool do not give any signs for tendiness in Yarns and Cloths and it appears at present that everything has become unsteady and disgusting. China has remained very quiet and no business has taken place at all for that country during the week.

Manchester Yarns do not find ready sales and our dealers are losing in all their forward purchases. Forward business is quite negligible as prices in Manchester are unworkable.

Japanese Yarns are selling slowly and ready rates have further gone down. In a depressed market demand as usual has been checked further and this again weakness the prices. Forward position is also weak and Import Houses are eager sellers at some reductions but the capacity of dealers is now much exhausted. The sales for forward delivery are therefore not large. Indian mills experience much difficulty in finding out buyers for their goods at a workable limit. Cotton position cannot allow them to reduce their prices at present without further loss, and dealers are not able to pay higher prices in the absence of demand. Hence the difficulty in sales. There are only some small lots done during the week.

The general outlook is still weak and we do not expect any material improvement in the near future.

LOCAL YORN MARKET.

Bombay June 27.

		Rs.	a.	p.
6 1/2s SECOND QUALITY.	..			
Finlay	.. .. ..	13	12	0
Apollo	.. .. ..	13	12	0
Simplex	.. .. ..	13	4	0
Shapoorji	.. .. ..	13	4	0
Currimbhoy	.. .. ..	13	10	0
6 1/2s. FIRST QUALITY.	..			
Edward Sassoon	.. ..	..		
Apollo	.. .. ..	..		
David	.. .. ..	..		
8 1/2. FIRST QUALITY.	..			
Jacob (Seven stars)	.. ..	14	12	0
Edward Sassoon	.. ..	14	12	0
Apollo	.. .. ..	14	12	0
Bradbury	.. .. ..	14	10	0
10 1/2s.				
Shapoorji	.. .. ..	14	12	0
Apollo	.. .. ..	15	0	0
Swadeshi	.. .. ..	..		
Bradbury	.. .. ..	15	4	0
Asur Virji	.. .. ..	..		
David (Flowerman)	.. ..	15	0	0
(David (ockatoo)	.. ..	15	2	0
Indo China	.. ..	..		
12 1/2s.				
Elphinstone	.. .. ..	15	13	0
Currimbhoy	.. .. ..	15	4	0
China	.. .. ..	..		
Moon	.. .. ..	15	4	0
Apollo	.. .. ..	15	12	0
Dawn	.. .. ..	..		
14 1/2				
Kilachand	.. .. ..	16	10	0
Apollo	.. .. ..	16	12	0
City	.. .. ..	17	4	0
Colaba Land	.. .. ..	16	12	0
Fazalbhai	.. .. ..	16	6	0
20's.				
Kilachand	.. .. ..	18	4	0
Edward Sassoon	.. ..	17	14	0
Elphinstone	.. .. ..	17	14	0
Phoenix	.. .. ..	..		
Dawn union	.. .. ..	..		
Japan	.. .. ..	..		

CHEMICALS.

June 27

The market ruled easy with a moderate demand. There has been an influx of arrivals of various parcels of chemicals, which go at very cheap prices owing to keen competition among stock holders. Zinc chloride, Sodium Sulphide, Bichromate soda, potash, Brown sugar lead, etc., kept easy, and there was a small decline in values. Zinc chloride changed hands at Rs. 23/-, while potash at Rs. 42/8/0 per cwt. Potash chlorate at Rs. 0/3/6 per lb.

There was some scarcity in Magnesium chloride, and Magnesium sulphate which have advanced in values both local and home. Magnesium sulphate very rapidly advanced to Rs. 6/ or so, owing to scarcity. Caustic soda 98 per cent. kept in demand at Rs. 22/8/0 per cwt.

Bleaching powder rapidly changed hands at Rs. 14/8/0, though there is a small decline in values. Aniline salt is maintained with usual spot demand at Rs. 0/10/6. Antimony salt saw little demand. Hydrosulphide soda and other finer chemicals are very quiet. Prices of other chemicals are almost unaltered.

Quotations are:—
Epsom salt Rs. 6/4/0
Antimony salt Rs. 0/9/0.
Acetate lead-white Rs. 35/0/0
Bleaching powder Rs. 14/8/0.
Potassium Chlorate Rs. 0/3/3.
Caustic soda Rs. 22/8/0
Magnesium Chloride Rs. 4/8/0
Aniline salt Rs. 0/10/6
Glauber salt Rs. 4/0/0
Acetate lead Brown Rs. 39/0/0
Bichromate potash Rs. 43/0/0/0
Hydrosulphide soda Rs. 1/6/0
Farina Rs. 15/12/0
Bichromate soda Rs. 37/0/0
Oxalic acid Rs. 34/0/0

MILL STORES.

June 27.

Mill stores market continued very quiet with quite an insignificant demand in most of the important commodities. Egyptian cotton Heads have been ruling rather easy and there has been a decline of a quarter anna per 800 eyes. Home quotations have been firm at 21d. CIF Bombay. Steel reeds changed hands at Rs. 0/3/4, while home offers have steadied at 3d. less 5 per cent CIF Bombay. Local mills have been buyers, but the prices offered to stock holders have been cut prices.

Roller cloth, sizing flannels, card cans, filleds, and leather goods have practically undergone no changes in prices, demand too, is very small, and there is a tendency to unload, even at cut prices. There is a severe financial stringency, and money does not freely rotate, consequently, stock holders, especially weak holders have been greatly inclined to make cash transactions.

Japanese Bobbins saw some animated demand more especially in Ring twist and conical pirns. Weft pirns too, kept in demand from Ahmedabad centre. Slubbings and Rovings changed hands at Rs. 24/- and Rs. 23/- per gross. English Bobbins have nothing important to notice.

Quotations are:—
Heads—15/40s Rs. 1/12/3
Reeds Rs. 0/3/3
Scroll Badnings Rs. 1/6/0
Sizing flannel-twill-62 Rs. 3/14/0
Slubbings tubes Rs. 24/0/0
Pirns Conical 5 in. Rs. 8/0/0
Pirns Weft Rs. 6/4/0
Ring Rabbeth 5 in. Enamel Rs. 10/4/0
Dobby Harness Rs. 22/8/0
Card cans Fibre Rs. 3/12/0

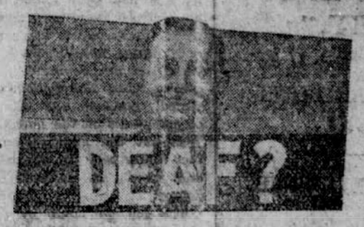
COLOURS.

June 27.

We have to report dull market. No significant fluctuations are reported and business done is less than normal. Alizarines do meet with business at varying rates. Directs have no life in demand. Sulphers have same good business at Re. 1 in Black and Rs. 1/2/0 in Sulpher Brown. Miscellaneous section is quiet.

Quotations are:—
Alizarine 20 per cent paste Lunger Rs. 50/0/0
Alizarine 20 per cent paste Cow Rs. 90/0/0
Alizarine 20 per cent paste I. P. Rs. 84/0/0.
Congo red Rs. 1/12/0
Nigrosense Xls Rs. 1/12/0
Methyl Violet Rs. 3/6/0
Victrio Blue Rs. 3/8/0
Sulphuric Black Re. 1/0/0
Perpurine Benzo Rs. 2/0/0
Perpurine Delta Rs. 2/12/0
Malachite Green Rs. 2/6/0
Magenta Xls Rs. 5/8/0
Clementine Xls Rs. 1/10/0
Indenthrene Blue Rs. 4/4/0
Soluble Blue Rs. 7/0/0
Fast red Rs. 5/0/0

The Deaf Now Hear



Amazing Invention Aids Thousands

Thousands who were deaf or hard of hearing can now hear the slightest sound through the aid of the Globe Ear Phone. No longer is it necessary to shout in order to make them hear. With this marvellous invention they can now join in an ordinary conversation and hear all sounds as clearly as those whose hearing is normal. Think what this means to one who is deaf.

Gives Universal Satisfaction

Enthusiastic users everywhere praise the Globe Ear Phone. Lawyers, Bankers, Governors, Doctors, Labouring Men, Farmers and Mechanics: Men and Women alike all say the Globe Ear Phone is the greatest aid to hearing ever invented. You will say the same after you have given it a trial.

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Unless your hearing is entirely gone—if you can hear loud noises or on the telephone—the Globe Ear Phone will enable you to hear the slightest sound as clearly as anyone whose hearing is natural. Don't doubt—don't hesitate. Just send name and address for descriptive literature, prices and positive proof. Write-to-day.

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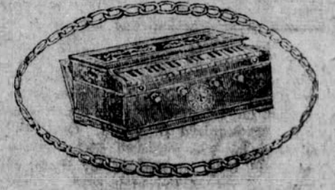
173, Hornby Road, Fort.
P. O. Box 459. Telephone: No. 24963.
Telegrams:—"CHIPHONE." .. .. .. BOMBAY.



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AT
compa.atively cheap rates

Please consult with our illustrated catalogue.

Telegrams: "Musicians"
National Harmonium Co.,
10-3x Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay June 27.

During the week under review our market fluctuated to the extent of one rupee per cwt. in ready sugars the highest price was Rs. 24/12/0 and lowest is Rs. 23/8/0 owing to very small demand and holders being anxious to clear old stocks. The first steamer is expected on 2nd prox. with 4,000 tons and is offered at two rupees lower than ready sugars. Forward positions ruled steadier with very small change and fair quantity changed amongst dealers. A small business has been done in our market in Mauritius crystals August/September Shipment at 21s. 2½d. C.I.F. Bombay this had a quieter effect on the market and stopped prices to advance further in Javas. Karachi and Calcutta markets ruled steadier with good business doing. Java reported a steadier market. Trust having sold large quantities at 13½ gilders. America and Cuba remain firm with good business doing.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 23-10 eq. 25s. F. B. Harbour stocks 18,000 Bags.

T M O June 22/2s F. B. Harbour stocks 18,000 Bags.

T M O July/Sept. 20/10s. F. B. Harbour stocks 18,000 Bags.

T M O Oct./Dec. 21/2s. F. B. Harbour stocks 18,000 Bags.

TWO MUSLIM ADDRESSES TO THE GOVERNOR.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—There is a rumour afloat that two addresses of welcome will be presented to H. E. the Governor of Bombay on the 19th of July in Poona. The Muslim public of Poona knows the place of manufacture of such addresses in Poona but may I ask the organisers whether these addresses will be presented with the consent of the Muslim public of the Presidency or is it the hobby of one or two persons only just for "Khushi ke waste"?

There is no disunity amongst the Mussalmans of Poona. The Mussalmans of Poona as well as the writer are not a bit against presenting an address of welcome to a Governor etc. if need arises and if these addresses of welcome are on behalf of the Mussalmans, they should be called in a public meeting and their consent should be taken otherwise the addresses would be considered 'private.'

The Mussalmans of the Presidency in particular and India in general are entirely absorbed in solving the problem of their internal affairs regarding their Khilafat and Swaraj and none of them has the slightest idea of such 'Khushi Ka' address at present. If the organisers would elucidate this question and show the importance or necessity of these addresses, it would be much better. I am not a bit against such enterprises but I ask the manufacturers of such addresses, what duty have they performed in favour of their nation and country in the Councils regarding preservation of the raw materials to revive their dead industry and national education?

Do these addresses contain the following urgent demands of the nation and country?

1. Government help in preserving the raw materials of the Presidency in order to revive our dead industry.

2. Abolishing the Races in Bombay and Poona in order to save the poor public from ruination.

3 Abolishing the Government distilleries from the Presidency in order to save the poor who spend all their daily wages for 'drink' and starve their families and themselves, too!

4 Education of the Mussalman boys in the Government schools should be through Urdu.

5 Government bills, proceedings of the Councils and postal money order forms etc. should be printed also in Urdu for the facility of the Mussalmans because they do not know Marathi or Gujarati or other languages used in the Presidency.

As the purport of these addresses is quite unknown to the public otherwise more light would have been thrown over them for Sir Leslie Wilson to see and study.—Yours, etc.,

KUTBUDDIN KHAN ROCKY.

Poona, June 25.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD.

WEEKLY REPORT

Bombay, 27th June. 1924.

Spot prices

Description	26-6-24	19-6-24
Bengals F. G.	540	545
S/Punjab F. G.	540	545
Broach F. G.	600	605
Oomras Fine	575	580
Muttia F.	560	570
Khandesh F.	570	575
Southerns, G.	..	5 5

Futures.	Settlement Rates.		
Hedge Contracts	26-6-24	19-6-24	25 6-24
Bengals Dec/Jany.	441	445	444
July	540	542	542
Broach, April/May	25 521	527	525
Oomras F. Dec./Jan.	489	495	493
July	562	570	565
Oomras F. G.	..	..	..
Southerns May/June.	.. 590		..
Aug/Sept.	595	595	595

Receipts for the week ending 26th June, 1924 and corresponding period last year.

	Bales. 1924	Bales. 1923
Bengals	2221	2651
Oomras	7549	5120
Dhulleras	1275	9817
Broach	401	1344
Southerns	7243	11860
Persians	484	85
Americans	..	..
Egyptians	..	589
East Africans	5932	2882
Other sorts	..	..
Total	25105	34348

Exports for the week ending 26th June, 1924.

Europe:—

	Bales
United Kingdom	1545
Continent	12294
China	16785
Japan.	18149
Coast Ports.	1387
Total	50160
Afloat in harbour—Europe	9398
China, Japan and Coast Ports	16122
Total	25520

Receipts from 1st September 1923 to 26th June 1924 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

1923-24	1922-23	1921-22	1920-21	1919-20
3209299	3478102	3209427	2537582	3181747

Exports from 1st September 1923 to 26th June 1924 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

	1923-24	1922-23	1921-22	1920-21	1919-20.
Europe U K.	148261	117848			
Continent.	533727	436833	525632		
„	809811	608911			
China	226802	366832	379428	236957	119970
Japan	1221125	1602725	1147618	861975	1463032
Coast Ports	49510*	45712	39196	20201	19232
Total	2545309,	2742028,	2099969,	1555966,	2627872

*Including 22973 Bales for U.S. of America.

Total exports by rail from 1st September 1923 to 26th June 1924 ..... 20,064 bales.

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and Mills in Bombay on 26th June 1924 ..... 7,35,269 bales.

THE CURE FOR "DIABETES."

DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR

"DIABETES SPECIALIST."

Over 23 years' experience and awarded Gold Medals. Of the numerous testimonials by patients as well as Chemical Analysers, the following are some certificates:—

RAO BAHADUR KESHAVLAL, G. TRIVEDY, late Chief Revenue Officer, Junagadh State, now Chief Revenue Commissioner, Bhavanagar, writes:—It gives me great pleasure to testify to the efficacy of the Medicines of Dr. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR, DIABETES SPECIALIST of Madras. I was under his treatment for six weeks—in course of which the specific gravity of Urine fell from 1028 to 1015 degrees, and sugar which was considerable in the beginning, became almost imperceptible—which means a wonderful cure of the obstinate disease which had baffled the treatment of many Doctors and Physicians before. I recommend him to all suffering from the bad disease for the rare quality of his drugs.

Consultation Hours:—8 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

Address:—"Ghia Buildings" Khetwad Main Road, opp. Girgaon Post Office, Bombay.

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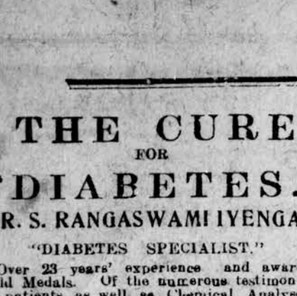
STEPNEY WHEEL
FOR *Ford* CARS
Most Popular with Motorists



Stepney Wheel suitable for use either in front or rear wheels of "Ford" Car. Can be placed in position and brought into use in a few minutes.

Size 30 x 3½ inches
No. 100: Wheel as illustrated complete with Black steel ring and bracket for carrying wheels.
Reduced Cost: Rs. 25-0 each.
(Tyre extra.)

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MANUFACTURERS OF:—

PIG LEAD —'B F M' Brand guaranteed 99.75% pure. Cookson's Superfine Metallic, guaranteed 99.99% pure.

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LEAD PIPES —guaranteed 99.99% pure. All sizes Manufactured.

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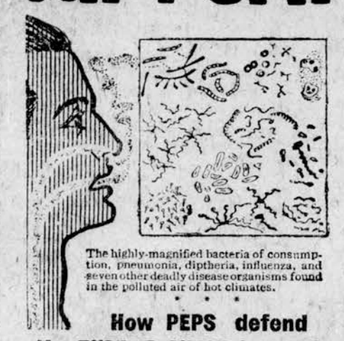
INDIA'S GREAT
Air Peril



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OF 26 YEARS' FAME ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE NATIONAL ECHO.

Calcutta—Saturday, July 28, 1920, Page 4.

from our own correspondent.

A useful remedy for Asthma has been discovered by a local philanthropist. The gentleman is one J.P. Ray who has cured a friend of mine from this fearful malady. His medicine is simple and as it is an improvement upon the existing systems of treatment which afford at least temporary relief it is well worth trying. And I am sure this information if properly utilised will be a blessing to many a desperate soul.

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TOKYO LETTER.

AMERICAN AFFRONT AND AFTER.

JAPANESE RESENTMENT.

MOVE FOR ASIATIC BROTHER-HOOD

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TOKYO, May 25.

That the American legislators went on record, by heavy majorities, in favour of the Immigration Bill, including the clause re the exclusion of Japanese, is now a matter of history. The sweeping majorities with which the American legislators endorsed a retrogressive measure that discriminates between man and man, simply because of skin-colour, helps to convince us once again the utter futility in expecting anything like justice or equality from the Anglo-Saxon race. It was once proclaimed with the beat of drums that a greater number of American Senators had been driven to vote against the Japanese owing merely to the use of "Grave Consequences" in the Japanese Ambassador, Mr. Hanihara's, note to the State Department at Washington, as the connotation of these words meant "veiled threats at war." The bottom has now been knocked out of all such pretences when a similar path is trodden upon by the same band of Senators even while things have been perfectly clarified by responsible parties and full assurances given that no such threats were meant by a phraseology that would have been perfectly innocuous in the Japanese language.

THE YOUNG BLOOD.

The Tokyo "Nichi-Nichi" portrays the Japanese view-point with perfect accuracy when it remarks:—"We deplore profoundly and permanently that the recent action of the Senate is going to imprint indelibly on the heart of this people that no true and everlasting friendship can grow between the races divided by blood and colours. Woe to the cause of Christianity!" There is no denying the fact that the immigration measures adopted by the United States stand to betray a great racial antipathy and are an insult to the honour and prestige of whole Asia. The Japanese, at least, feel that the 'amour propre' of their people has been wounded beyond measure. The virile and the patriotic has been awakened in their breasts, and everyone stands aghast at the badge of inferiority that has been forced upon him and his fellow countrymen by a multitude of people who consider themselves as superior to other human beings—creatures of God, living on the same Earth and under the same Heavens. The man in the street wonders, and not without reason, to learn that the same country which sent millions of dollars for the relief of quake-stricken Japanese now steps forward to dub them as inferior human-beings! The blood boils in the younger veins while the older ones have enough of philosophy to conceal their inner emotions, at what might be termed a gross affront from a friendly nation.

THE OFFENSIVE CLAUSE.

What deprives the Japanese from the hitherto enjoyed privilege, over all other Asiatic nations, of sending a hundred and odd immigrants to America, every year, is embodied in the exclusion provisions of the next version of which, as cabled by the Washington Correspondent of the "Japan Advertiser of Tokyo is as follows:—

"No alien ineligible to citizenship shall be admitted to the United States unless such an alien is (1) admissible as a nonquota emigrant under the provisions of Section Four, or (2) is a wife or unmarried child under 18 years of age of an immigrant admissible under such subdivision and is accompanying or following to join him, or (3) is not an immigrant as defined in Section Three.

Section Four, mentioned above, reads as follows:—

When used in this act, the term 'non quota' means (1) an immigrant who is an unmarried child under 18 years of age or the wife of a citizen of the United States who resides therein at the time of filing a petition under Section Nine, (2) or an immigrant previously lawfully admitted to the United States who is returning from a temporary visit abroad, (3) or an immigrant who was born in Canada, Newfoundland, Mexico, Cuba, Haiti, San Domingo, Panama or in an independent country in South or Central America, and his wife and unmarried children under 18 years old if accompanying him or following to join him, or (4) an immigrant who continuously for at least two years immediately preceding the time of his application for admission to the United States has been, and who seeks to enter the United States solely for the purpose of, carrying on the vocation of a minister in any religious denomination, a professor in a college, academy, seminary or university, and his wife and unmarried children under 18 years old if accompanying him or following to join him, or (5) an immigrant who is a bonafide student and at least 15 years of age who seeks to enter the United States solely for the purpose of study at an accredited school, college, academy, seminary or university particularly designated by him and approved by the Secretary of Labour at an institution which shall have agreed to report to the Secretary of Labor the termination of attendance of each immigrant student. If any such institutions fail to make such reports promptly the approval by the Secretary of Labor shall be withdrawn.

The one bright spot in the entire muddle is that President Coolidge and his Secretary of State, Mr. Hughes, made every possible effort to aver the calamity. The Japanese though burning with anger and indignation in their heart of hearts have not allowed themselves to be carried away by sentimental ideas. They are comporting themselves with dignity as behoves a nation of Samurais.

ON THE HORNS OF A DILEMMA.

Public sentiment in California and the other Pacific States the hot-beds of all anti Asiatic agitations—is reported to be overwhelmingly in favour of this discriminatory enactment. As President Coolidge is running for re-election at the end of this year, he can ill afford to lose the Pacific coast votes which are essentially necessary for his success. This eventuality places Mr. Coolidge on the horns of dilemma, and it is most probable that he shall have to sacrifice his principles on the altar of political manœuvres. Certain veiled utterances from the White House strongly suggest that an impending presidential veto were out of the question, as the powerful majorities in the Congress were absolutely bent upon overriding it, if exercised. Under the circumstances, nothing would prevent the measure being placed on the Statute-book, while the election prospects of the President will also be seriously prejudiced. The future lies in the lap of gods, but there is not the slightest ray of hope visible on the disturbed horizon that the fate of immigration law will be decided in a manner that will not be a grievous affront to the national honour and prestige of Japan.

IF THE INEVITABLE HAPPENS.

If the inevitable happens, the Gentlemen's Agreement after an honourable existence of 17 years, goes to the scrap-heap on the night of June 30th, and the new law becomes effective from July 1, 1924. The Japanese Government, it is presumed, will abrogate the Gentlemen's Agreement on its own initiative when its last efforts to effect a compromise would have proved futile. This will be followed by the lodging of a strong protest with the State Department against the enforcement of a law that accords discriminatory treatment to the Japanese subjects against all principles of humanity, is subversive of the acknowledged codes of international sincerity and violates the stipulations of the American-Japanese treaty of commerce and navigation still in force. The younger bloods among the high officials would like to have the last mentioned treaty abrogated, in one form or another, as a retaliatory measure against America's imperious attitude for offering slights to a nation of self-respecting people. Such revolutionary views are not yet shared by those in responsible positions, but it is a foregone conclusion that when the official silence is broken it would not be in vain. The non-existence of the Gentlemen's Agreement would result in giving a free hand to Japan to send a large number of its immigrants to Mexico and other countries in geographical propinquity with the United States. Mexico has already signified its consent to welcome the Japanese immigrants with open arms. The Department of Home Affairs, therefore, is seriously thinking of making use of a part of 5,000,000 Yen originally meant for the encouragement of Japanese immigration to Brazil, in the supplementary budget estimates for the current fiscal year, towards the sending to Mexico of those Japanese residents of America who might be driven from their hearths and homes after the enforcement of the new bill.

THE AMBASSADORS RESIGN.

Mr. Cyrus E. Woods, the American ambassador in Tokyo, tendered his resignation, a few days ago, ostensibly for private reasons but in reality as a protest against the Senate's stand of throwing off all chances to preserve the friendship and goodwill of Japan, a favourable atmosphere for which had been created by Mr. Woods, during his short sojourn in this land. His resignation has been accepted by the President, and the American Ambassador relinquishes his post to leave for the United States in the first week of next month. The Japanese are a people who know very well how to appreciate the kindness and good actions of their friends and sympathisers. The departure of Mr. Woods is highly regretted by the Foreign Office as well as the press and public, but everyone realises the force of circumstances and praises him for his courageous action in refusing to carry out a policy that was repugnant to his heart and mind. Every possible honour is being bestowed on the retiring Ambassador by the official as well as public bodies who feel grateful for his incessant efforts in espousing their cause to the last moment. Mr. Woods, too, has made a round of calls on all the newspaper offices in the Capital, and is, moreover, keeping himself busy meeting Japanese from all walks of life and explaining to them that there were millions of Americans still entertaining friendly notions towards Japan, and that a band of disgruntled Senators were not representing the opinions of the entire American nation. Mr. Hanihara, the Japanese Ambassador at Washington, too, has asked to be relieved of his post as, after the passage of the discriminatory law, he could not honourably carry on his duties in the American capital. The Tokyo Foreign Office denies all rumours of Mr. Hanihara's recall, and has also not yet found it advisable to accept his resignation while things are still hanging in the balance.

CALL OF ASIATIC BROTHERHOOD.

The one great beneficial result of the rebuff offered by the Americans has been that the Japanese have begun to realize seriously that they are Asiatics, and that their interests are more closely linked with Asia than the Occidental nations with whom they have been wheedling up till now. The light has dawned upon them, at least those sections of the people who have always been oblivious to the best interests of their own kith and kin on the Asiatic continent. It is not rare these days to come across newspaper articles advocating solidarity of the Oriental races with the ultimate object of making Asia for the Asiatics, in fact and in reality. The clarion call of Asiatic brotherhood is in the air. One comes across friends and acquaintances who would like to discuss Asiatic problems beyond all expectations. All those scores of public demonstrations and meetings whether held in the open or in the luxurious rooms of first-rate hotels, protesting against the ungentlemanly attitude of the American Senators, had an

(Continued on next page.)

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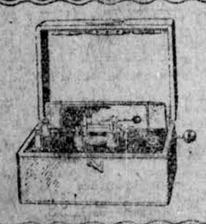

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CUSTOM LINE IN DHOLKA TALUKA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The road, two hundred miles long, which demarcates the Kathiawar States from the British territories is known as the customs line. It has two branches, the north extending from Kharaghoda to the Jodhpur State and the south reaching the Arabian Sea. This road line is nearly 40 feet long and is dotted at every mile with huts erected for Chowkidars. Government maintains four Chowkidars, one Naib Chowkidar and one Sub-Inspector in each of these huts and one Inspector keeps watch over such half a dozen chowkies. It costs Government nearly four lakhs of rupees to maintain this Excise Army.

People are forbidden to cross this road line except by the wooden gates erected for the purpose at the distance of nearly two miles, under pain of criminal trespass. This is to prevent smuggling of opium and salt from Malwa and Kathiawad States into the British territories.

Government seem to have taken special care of the comforts of its servants in marking this road line. It has created barriers between villages and made their contract with each other annoying and difficult by keeping the road line too close to them.

The wooden gates which are the only passages for the passers-by are closed at sunset and opened at sunrise, making it impossible for neighbouring farmers to till their land in the early morning or the late evening. If a little late in coming, the farmer and his bullocks have to wait at the wooden gate whole night during the piercing cold of winter or the stormy showers of monsoon without food and water. Their very life depends upon the chokidar who guards the gate, and it requires an uncommonly sweet tongue to make a passage through that gate at that late hour.

These chowkidars are also empowered to impound cattle straying along the line and this is a source of fruitful income, not to the Government but to the chowkidars who make people supply them with milk and vegetable, goats and sheep gratis, for favour of not annoying them.

They sometimes impress their bullocks and lord over them in thousand ways. The custom of issuing written orders to the Mukhi of a village by Government officers to supply conveyance gratis has ceased to exist in the whole District, but these Line Officers still make use of that Divine Right with impunity. Any one refusing to obey their commands are harassed in hundred ways, their cart-loads of grain emptied, their persons searched and their cattle kept without food or water for hours together.

Most of the chowkidars are recruited from the Bhil population of the Idar State and are provided with riffles which they make use of in hunting hares and deer.

They sometimes hit bullocks instead of deer and dogs instead of hares, such is their skill in marksmanship. They shot down a bullock of a Koli, Gundaram by name, of Bagodra only a few years ago and there were no disciplinary measures taken against the miscreant.

These myrmidons of law deprive the passing shepherds of their sheep without paying for them and during the season of migration they collect so many of them that they exceed their appetite and hence they convert them into gold by selling them to the slaughter houses.

Mahatma Gandhiji has written a note on this system of oppression calculated to starve the peasant and has asked the Gujarat P. C. C to take all steps necessary to end this system.

I hope, you also, Sir, will raise your voice to lessen the pain of the suffering but no longer dumb peasantry of Dholka Taluka which has expressed its determination, to end this system at the last Taluka Conference at any cost.—Yours etc.,

DAHYABHAI M. PATEL.

Dholka, June 20.

PROTECTION TO INDIAN INDUSTRIES,

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In the Legislative Assembly Mr. Wilson, representing 15 Chambers of Commerce in India, strongly opposed a direct duty of any kind on steel. His reasons were, "Once a duty was put on Steel the Government would be inundated with requests from other quarters." I say "why not?" Why should poor India be made any more a dumping ground of foreign goods? Has not India got her own worries and trials, her own post-war problems to attend to? I would go with Mr. Ranga Aiyar and say that Indian industries had failed because of the policy of free trade. Why should India be allowed to be economically exploited by other countries which are wholly backed by their own Governments by way of State subsidies, bounties, export rebates, low freights, over and above by their rotten exchanges? Are not Indian indigenous industries being killed by foreign exploitation? As an example look at the cement, textile and shipping industries. They thrived as long as the war lasted, as long as the foreign countries utilized their own, as well as Indian products. The close of the war brought us a severe competition in those industries with consequent fall in prices. No doubt some of the concerns were inefficiently managed. But all the same, if there is no foreign dumping they can give good account of themselves. Have not foreign countries prevented exploitation of their own indigenous industries? Look at America, look at Japan, look at France and other Western countries. Have they not crushed foreign competition in their own lands? It is now high time that India should be left alone to manage her own fiscal, currency and exchange policies. The talk of hardships to consumers and agriculturists is all rubbish. After all they are Indians. They are prepared to bear lesser evil for the greater good of their country. They will not grudge, if they see their own industries thriving on moderate lines. The ultimate salvation of India lies in the increased prosperity of her own industries. Government has only to see that consumers and agriculturists are not exploited by industrialists.—Yours etc.,

J. A. H. CHINOY.

Chinoy Mansion,
Colaba, June 25.

TOKYO LETTER.

(Continued from previous page.)

atmosphere surcharged with a spirit of friendship and amity for the non-white races. "We are in the same boat, now," said a Japanese friend of mine who had been educated and brought up in America and has always been known as a great lover of American institutions. "They despise us because God, in their opinion, had the hardihood of bestowing us with a colour of the skin which was not to their liking," continued my friend. He was sore and full of grief as the people in whom he had great confidence had not proved true to the ideals of justice and humanity so often advocated by them. It is a commonplace truth that the American Immigration Bill is a gross insult not only to Japan but all the colored races on the surface of the Earth. Japan alone feels the insult and is bent upon having the racial equality problem settled in her favour at some future date. If the contingencies of the situation demand, she will have no scruples in making use of the entire might and majesty of her army and navy as well as manhood to accomplish her objects; and also the national aspirations of her people.

A GOD-SENT OPPORTUNITY.

A certain Chinese statesman told the newspaper reporters who went to call upon him that it was not Japan but the whole of Asia that had received the slight accorded by the actions of the American Senators. He contends that it is a God-sent opportunity to rally our forces and then concentrate our efforts for the welfare and uplift of our Asiatic brethren. So deep and sincere are the sympathies aroused in Chinese minds that the yearly demonstrations held throughout the length and breadth of China on the anniversary of the 21 Demands, were totally dispensed with this year and instead resolutions of sympathy were passed and forwarded to this country. The average Japanese also now feels the injustice that has always been meted out to the Chinese neighbours by the Japanese Imperialists and Militarists. Even among the Japanese statesmen, the idea is gaining ground that the mistaken policies of the past should be disowned forever, and friendly relations cultivated with Chinese, Russians and other neighbouring peoples if the greatness of Japan were to be preserved and the Occidental nations prevented from making further encroachments upon the Far East. Friendly overtures emanating from both the sides will, let us hope, be crowned with success, and the excellent stimulus provided by the passage of Anti-Asiatic legislation in America will not be lost sight of. It is high time the people of India rise to the gravity of the situation. Passing resolutions and delivering speeches would break no bones. If the idea of an Asiatic Federation were ever to be realised, it would be by actions and not lip service only. Japan stands at the parting of ways, at the present juncture. It is the bounden duty of the Indian people to strengthen her hands by offering all the moral as well as material help in their power. If she comes out victorious from the great task she is going to undertake, all other Oriental nations will equally profit from her achievements.

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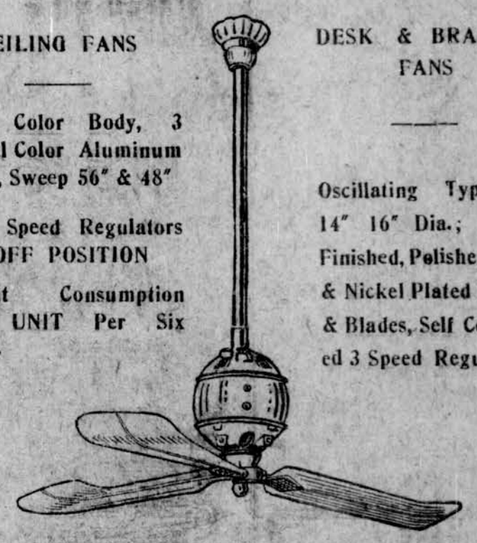

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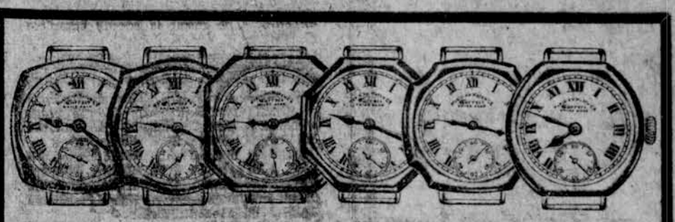

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"DEVELOPMENT" SCANDAL NO. V.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Mr. Nariman no doubt should be congratulated for his efforts in the interests of the general taxpayer by exposing the excesses committed by Government from time to time. His recent article under the above heading appearing in your issue of the 20th instant has no doubt tried to give the whole of the history of the cement contracts of the Development Department and the Bombay Municipality. After a careful perusal of Mr. Nariman's article on the subject, I am led to say that the conclusion he has arrived at, right as it is when taking the premises to be correct, must be taken to be wrong when the premises themselves are open to question.

Mr. Nariman, it appears, did not get at his disposal at the time of writing the article in question complete information in regard to the entering into this contract by the Development Department with the four cement companies. He evidently supposes that the prices fixed were a certain figure which as a matter of fact is not the truth. This wrong supposition alone is the main reason why the conclusion based on that has been falsified. The terms of the contract on which the Development Department and the other public bodies have agreed to purchase cement from these Companies are on a 15 per cent profit on the nett cost of each company. It is obvious from this that the price is not a fixed figure but a varying one according to the cost of production of each of the companies.

It will not be out of place here to go into the history of this contract. At the time when the contract was entered into the prices were as high as Rs. 200 to Rs. 225 per ton and the Development Department evidently not only after looking to these prices but also to the general average prices for more than a decade last came to the conclusion that it would be in the best interests of the taxpayer to have a contract entered into on the basis of a certain percentage of profit. A profit of 15 per cent on the nett cost of production will not be regarded by any fair-minded man as an extravagant figure neither can the Development Department be accused for entering into an unwise contract.

Under the circumstances anyone gifted with a fair business foresight could not have done anything better than what is done by the Development Department. It must be understood that I do not hold any brief for the Development Department in this connection and I shall be stronger than even Mr. Nariman in condemning many of the excesses which has landed the Department in extravagant expenditure and which had it not been for its being a Government Department would have been long ago forced to go into liquidation if managed by a private company.

The present prices that are paid to the companies are on the basis of a 15 per cent profit on the nett cost. Taking the total figure received by the companies to be Rs. 60 to Rs. 65 per ton as estimated by Mr. Nariman, it will be clearly seen that the companies do not as such make any very exorbitant profits from these transactions. The idea of the contract was that both the parties thereto should be reasonably benefitted. The manufacturer, it is admitted without hesitation should be ensured of a certain profit without which of course it is impossible for any concern to go on.

It is, however, necessary to trace the low prices at present prevailing in the market for cement. Almost all the concerns have been selling at prices much below the cost of production due to the very keen competition in the market and every company as a matter of course has made or are making losses to the extent of lacs of rupees. Anybody who will turn to the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Accounts of these companies at the end of the year 1924 will be easily convinced of this fact. By selling at a price much below the cost of production, it will not be possible for all the concerns to go on in this manner and the economic law will assert itself by wiping out sooner or later some concerns. It will thus be seen that only a few concerns which are able to withstand the competition even at a loss will survive these times and if they happen to survive they will dictate their terms to the consumers when there will be less competition and the prices must go up at that time. It is very likely that if this phenomenon happens to take place, people might applaud the Development Department for having entered into a long term contract in getting the cement at much cheaper prices than the market rate.

In any case the terms of the contract cannot be said to have been arrived at light-heartedly looking to their wise nature of fixing the price at a 15 per cent profit only.—Yours, etc.,

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765×105	101 4 0	17 12 0
815×105	109 4 0	18 12 0
820×120	144 12 0	21 10 0
875×105	118 12 0	20 0 0
880×120	157 0 0	23 0 0

STRAIGHT SIDE

31×4	116 0 0	17 12 0
32×3½	112 0 0	15 4 0
32×4	121 4 0	18 0 0
32×4½	165 4 0	21 10 0
33×4	127 4 0	19 4 0
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Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.

Authorised Capital — Rs. 1,00,00,000.

(with powers to increase)

Divided into 4,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 25/ each.

Authorised Issue — Rs. 62,00,000

Issued in 2,48,000 shares. Out of which 48,000 shares have already been subscribed by the public since the incorporation of the Company in 1920 and a further issue of 2,00,000 shares is offered at par to old shareholders who are on the list of our Register on 1st April 1924 in equal proportion to their former holding if they apply within six months from 1st May 1924 and to others at Rs. 2 per share as premium with power to the Directors to alter the rate of premium according to their discretion, but not before 50,000 shares have been allotted.

[Out of the original capital of 48,000 shares, 13,200 were credited as fully paid-up shares to Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers in consideration of their assets, good will etc.]

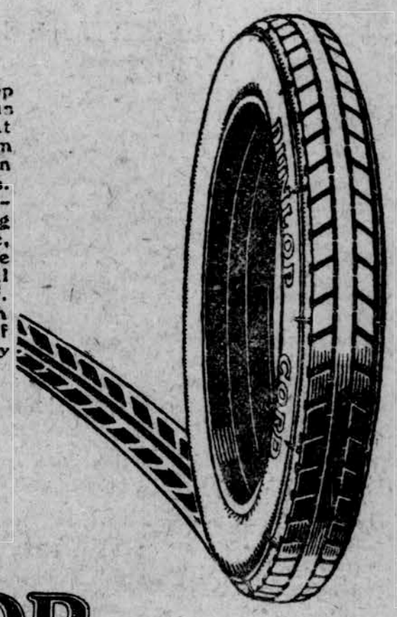
Payable—Rs. 2-8-0 on Application; Rs. 2-8-0 on Allotment.

And the balance in calls of Rs. 5 each payable at intervals of not less than three months.

Prospectus, Application forms etc., will be sent promptly on request.

KIRLOSKAR BROTHERS, LIMITED.
KIRLOSKARWADI, DISTRICT SATARA.

The Motorist



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